

166 Central Street.



THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of The Associated Press.
Per Year, \$3.00. Per Month, 25c.

NEVER REFUSE

to advertise in a paper with a large circulation because you do not agree with its views on public questions. It is not to the paper that you appeal for sale, but to its readers. If you solicit patronage from those only who think as you do, you had better go out of business before you lose every dollar you have.

You may not agree with THE SUN on all questions, but if you take the trouble to look into its circulation, you will agree that you cannot afford to be out of its columns if you advertise at all.

THE SUN has a larger circulation than any two other papers in Lowell, and it is the cheapest advertising medium in this city on the basis of actual circulation. It's

**LOWELL'S
GREATEST
NEWSPAPER.**

THE ONLY ONE.

Our neighbor, the Citizen, is candid enough to admit the truth in the following statement:

"The Citizen and the Mail have the night service of the Associated Press, so their war news is identical. The Sun has the full day report of the Associated Press, the Courier, News and Mail have what is called the 'pony service' that is bulletin of the news."

As the chief war news comes in the day service of the Associated Press, it is plain that The Sun is the only afternoon paper in Lowell that has arranged to get all the war news. Therefore to get the latest and best war news buy the various editions of The Sun.

THE LATE WILLIAM E. GLADSTONE.

In the death of Hon. William E. Gladstone of England, one of the most distinguished men of the age has passed away. A man of remarkable physical and intellectual power, he was continuously improving both. After his college training which gave him a theological or controversial bent, he engaged in religious controversy writing pamphlets and newspaper articles exploiting his views. But although these caused some discussion, they produced but slight effect, and young Gladstone turned to statesmanship. At first a Tory, he fought every liberal policy but finding eventually that the Tory party offered him little prospect of advancement, he abandoned it to become a liberal. By this step, he practically disavowed most of the political tenets for which he had stood and fought, in parliament and out, regardless of what might be said of his inconsistency. He was a man of great resources and when he desired to win a victory, he scrupled not to ponder to certain of his enemies in order to secure their assistance in securing victory. It was this he became the leader of the home rule movement because he wanted the support of the Irish members more than he wanted home rule. He got the support for a time—the Irish party, under Parnell having repeatedly enabled him to become premier of England, and as often forced him to resign.

He carried his home rule measure successfully through the house of commons and for that the Irish people should perhaps be grateful to him; but had he proved faithful to the cause or to his promises, he could have carried the home rule bill in spite of the opposition of the house of lords. Had he insisted upon the passage of the bill and appealed to the people on that issue, the lords would readily have yielded, but he acquiesced in the wishes of royalty that he should no further precipitate an agitation that would strike so near the foundation of the monarchy. He could not hold office and at the same time reverse his policy and disavow his pledges to the people. It was said that failing health caused him to retire, and when this was discredited by his exhibition of strength as a woodchopper, it was asserted that his eyesight was poor. He had some trouble with his eyes, but nothing to prevent his continuous reading of the newspapers, or to interfere with his prosecution of his Homeric or other studies. These things convinced the friends of Ireland that Gladstone deceived them in having yielded to the entreaties of royalty to abandon the Irish cause.

Yet Gladstone must get the credit of having effected many important reforms for Ireland. It was he who brought about the dis-establishment of the English church in Ireland, relieving the people from the obligation to sup-

port a church to which the vast bulk of them did not belong. And he it was who secured first a secret ballot and still later a household franchise which gave the Irish people the power to elect men to represent their sentiments rather than men who represented and supported their oppressors. It was thus he gave the Irish people the necessary members in parliament to make their influence felt and maintain this strength as has already been stated, was used against him, sometimes in his support.

As a statesman Mr. Gladstone was deficient in foresight. In this regard he was immeasurably the inferior of Disraeli and other men of less prominence in the British parliament; but as an orator, as a scholar, a student, a debater, a politician, and in some measure a philanthropist, Gladstone had no superior. He will take his place in history with the greatest statesmen of England and with the greatest men of his own day. In the greatness of his achievements he did not compare with Lincoln or Disraeli, but since Disraeli died, Gladstone has easily towered above every other statesman of England. Salisbury is a shrewd leader and a good exponent of Tory principles. Chamberlain is an astute and able politician, while Rosebery, Harcourt, and the rest fall far short of Gladstone's power as a statesman or even as a parliamentarian. Every age produces its share of great men, but just at present there seems to be no man among the liberals with the single exception of John Morley, who would be worthy to wear Gladstone's mantle.

Our neighbor, the Lawrence Sun, has the following in which we heartily concur:

"England claims to be so friendly with the United States in this hour of trouble that we are inclined to be doubtful as to her sincerity. Let her demonstrate her friendship by ordering ex-Minister Heriote, who is at the head of the Spanish spy service, with headquarters in Montreal, from Canada at once."

THE FIRST CIRCUS.

RINGLING BROTHERS WILL BE HERE IN THREE WEEKS.

Lowell people in the vicinity of the union depot yesterday morning, saw an unwelcome sight. It was a large, green advertising car, and the legend that illuminated its sides was "Ringling Bros' Greatest Shows." Taken a half way of billboards and billboards, the circus began to circulate about town. The most belated of the billboards and the billboards made a sorry sight on the town. In a little while, the show began to assume a circus aspect. Walls looked like rainbows and windows were garish with color. Ringling's Circus, it was declared, had given vastly in size and attractiveness since it was last seen in this vicinity. Three years ago, during its last tour in New England, it had 8000. Now it has 60. The number of the circus has been doubled, and in all departments of the show, it was declared, there has been a corresponding increase. The date of the show in Lowell is Thursday, June 2, and already considerable interest has been aroused in the coming of this popular big institution.

PATRIOTIC SOCIAL.

The young men of Mr. Larkin Trill's Sunday school class held a patriotic social in the First Baptist church yesterday night. The national colors tastefully arranged, formed the decorations. A musical and literary program was given and consisted of patriotic selections, also piano solos by John Noonan, songs solos by William Rice, piano duet by the woman brothers and vocal solo by Warren Bell, hymn, Rev. Smith T. Bond.

The concluding feature of the program was a tableau entitled "The Soldier's Farewell," by Messrs. George Plimines, J. P. Lechard, Miss Alice Hutchinson, and Miss Grace Lee. Light refreshments were served, the young men officiating as waiters.

FOR MEMORIAL DAY.

The Memorial Day committee of the C. A. R. posts met last night in Post 15 hall and voted to ask a delegation of the high school young ladies to participate in the parade on Memorial Day.

The high school girls, and the Daffodil Association, Naval Veterans, have accepted invitations to take part in the exercises.

Memorial services in honor of the departed dead will be held in the First Baptist church, Sunday afternoon, and evening, May 23, by Posts 12, 13 and 15.

LOWELL ART CLUB.

The Lowell Art club met last night to criticize the work of the members. Judgment was passed on about fifty pictures. The club's membership has been considerably increased of late, and great success is anticipated.

There will be a special meeting of the club next Thursday evening for the purpose of making arrangements for a suitable exhibition for the club. The monthly exhibition of the work is now open at Room 41, Hildreth Building.

the ghastly terror
of consumption
stares a
man in
the face who neglects a cold.
HALES' MONEY
OF
THE HOREHOUND
AND
TAR

It's so simple to get rid of a cough or throat trouble by Hales' Money of the Horehound and Tar. Acts like magic. Sold by druggists.
Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

WHERE MONEY PROFITS

Theory of the Gold Men That Won't Hold Good.

TWADDLE CONCERNING PRICES.

They Claim That the Producer Can Keep Even When Prices Fall by Purchasing More Cheaply—A Tale That Works One Way Only—Abundant Reasoning.

The gold men say that a fall in prices harms no one, because if the producer has to sell more cheaply he can also buy more cheaply and thus keep even. That sounds plausible, but in practice it doesn't work. If everything had the same amount of money, everything fell at the same rate and everything occurred precisely the same position in all respects, then the theory would hold good. But if a man's wealth be entirely in the form of money and prices fall one-half it makes him in effect just twice as rich, and when such a change of relation takes place, somebody must have sustained a loss. If one man gets more than his share, others must have less. It is a singular circumstance that the gold men will persistently claim that a fall of prices will do no harm because the losses on the sales are offset by the gains on the purchases, at the same time declaring that a rise of prices is going to work dire ruin.

They ought to be able to see that the rule which they invoke applies just the same to a case of rising prices as of falling. If a person sustains a loss by being compelled to pay more for what he buys, it would seem as if he would be able to keep even by getting higher prices for what he sells. In the last campaign they proclaimed through the columns of the press from every rostrum that free coinage would ruin the wage-worker. According to their philosophy, it was going to cut the dollar in two and leave it a silver dollar. The wage-worker would get no more dollars, and what he did get would only buy one-half as much, and of course he would be ruined. At the same time the factories were all going to close because they would have to sell their products for 50 cent dollars and get no more of them. And so with the farmers. Their crops would bring them no more dollars, perhaps not so many, and what they did get would only be worth 50 cents each. They would buy but half as much store goods.

According to this wonderful reasoning, everything that the producer had to buy would be doubled in price, while everything that he sold would be cut in two. They failed to explain who was going to get the difference, but of course it must have been the merchant, because he could buy from the factory at the same price as before and sell to the wage worker at double price, thus realizing 100 per cent profit on each deal. In short, he would buy an article for one 50 cent dollar and sell it for 50 of the same kind. And yet, strange to say, the merchant was also going to be ruined in the general financial chaos which would follow. It is simply marvellous that such twaddle should have deceived a single voter in all this broad land. And the absurdity of it becomes more glaring when we consider that they are now shouting that prosperity is here, and prove it by the circumstance that what has gone up, the very thing which they claimed was going to ruin the wage worker by increasing the price of his daily bread. H. P. BARNES.

WHO ENVIES HANNA?

What Honest Man Would Change Places With This Corrupt Politician?

From the standpoint of decency and manhood, what honest American citizen would today exchange places with Mark Hanna?

Officially he is in the company of a class of men drawn together by a process of selection which bespeaks their immorality and integrity. With these men he is found to associate daily during the sessions of congress, knowing that for him they entertain a contempt that passes expression.

Barred a few months ago as the maker of a president, he is now sneered at, even by those who fought that fight with him as one who would betray that president and place him in history along with the weakest of public characters. Standing out defiantly against the mandates of this great nation's conscience he sputtered out that all who wanted to go to war with Spain for humanity's sake were fools and thriftless fellows. He can now be found lurking behind the doors and cringing in the corners of the White House, endeavoring to influence the course of war so that speculators and corrupt politicians may reap the benefit.

From the legislature which commissioned him to save the people of a great state has gone a clanking, direct and specific, that with the use of money he secured his commission.

What honest man in America would today change places with Mark Hanna? What many men in America but pity him?

Not power nor riches make the man in this country. Not power nor riches bring him respect in America—St. Louis Republic.

Hanna and Cuba.

What we want to know is just what republic in Cuba is Mark Hanna and his administration in favor of recognizing. Are Gomez, Garcia, etc., refused recognition because they will not issue bonds as representatives of the Cuban government? Does Mark Hanna propose to organize a government in Cuba that will suit the money powers? We are inclined to believe that Hanna & Co. are conspiring to do something desperate. Is it not beyond possibility that before this war is over Hanna and a few of his ilk may run foul of military discipline?—National Democrat.

ON BEACON HILL

Money Set Apart for the Highways.

THE BAKERIES BILL REFUSED THIRD READING.

Six Embrozzlers Pleading Guilty.

Boston, May 20.—In the house the wages and money committee reported a bill for a \$500,000 appropriation for state highways, \$200,000 of which are to be spent this year and \$300,000 to be saved for the early work in 1899. The bill further provides that none but citizens of the commonwealth shall be employed on work. The bill to regulate the business of bakeries and the hours of labor of the persons employed therein came up for a third reading in the house. After several amendments had been adopted the bill was refused a third reading. Notice of a motion to reconsider was given.

Senator Briggs moved a reconsideration of the vote by which the senate passed to be engrossed the bill providing for the reduction of wages of women and laborers in manufacturing establishments, and then on his motion the whole matter was put over until Wednesday.

By a vote of 26 to 65 the house refused to substitute a bill for the taxation of property bequeathed to foreign trustees, and rejected the adverse report of the committee on taxation.

SIX PLEAD GUILTY.

Boston, May 20.—Six of the 14 men who obtained money from the New England Railroad company by false pretences pleaded guilty yesterday to the indictments against them.

Dr. James E. Prothingham surrendered to the police to answer to a charge involving him in the circumstances attending the death of a young woman who was known as Mary Ryan, but whose exact identity the police have been unable to learn.

BLOW KILLED HIM.
New Haven, May 20.—Irving Webster, 20 years of age, a semi-professional boxer, received a knockout blow in the third round of a friendly bout with James Egan and died three hours later. Egan is under arrest pending the investigation of the case.

Both men were employed by the New Haven Manufacturing company, and the bout occurred during the noon hour.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It is the only medicine that cures constipation forever.

Weak Men Made Vigorous
What PEPPER'S NERVIGON DOES

It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all other remedies fail. Cures nervousness, weakness, indigestion, loss of sleep, loss of appetite, loss of vitality, loss of energy, loss of power, loss of strength, loss of endurance, loss of courage, loss of confidence, loss of faith, loss of hope, loss of love, loss of life.

PEPPER'S NERVIGON
Solely sold by J. H. H. & Co., Boston, Mass.

General Agents,
Solely sold by J. H. H. & Co., Boston, Mass.

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SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS



Hair Grower and Scalp Cleaner

For Over 14 Years
these highly meritorious preparations have stood at the head of all hair restoratives. More than 3,000,000 bottles have been used by the American people, and thousands of testimonials bear witness to their excellence, while there were never any complaints when directions were followed.

Ask your druggist about it.

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY

And the latest novelties of the season, also a special and select line of Walking Hats at

Miss Ella Burkes' Millinery Parlors
In the Polished Block, Palmer street, up one flight. Call and inspect our goods. We guarantee satisfaction.

"Sawyer!"

SAWYER!" Shouted the traitor-men as the Missouri Pacific cars emerged from the tunnel at the Sawyer Mountain station.

"DON'T CARE IF YOU DID!"
Exclaimed the man who sat with the blushing lady with a hat askew;

"SHE'S MY WIFE!"

Lowell citizens when they hear anyone say "SAWYER," immediately think of the superior carriage repairing and first class vehicles put up and put out by the SAWYER CARRIAGE COMPANY.

HAVE YOUR REPAIRS
ATTENDED TO
This Week

At early prices, of the popular CENTRAL Supply Co., 117 Merrimack street, opp. Chick's. Ladies. OPEN EVENINGS.

Take My Advice and Call on the
Eagle Clothing Co.

We carry the largest stock of Ladies' and Gents' Garments in this city. Our prices are the lowest. THE EAGLE CREDIT HOUSE, 100-102 Middlesex street.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock
and deliver in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Coleridge Ale. We also keep on hand all the leading brands of Ales, Lagers and Porters, and a full line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.

GEORGE W. ENRIGHTS
117 Middlesex Street.

SAM SMITH'S
Is the place to bring your boots and shoes for repairing. Best work, best leather and lowest prices. 300-302 Middlesex street, opp. Chick's. Ladies. 25c. Children's, 5c. Call.

111 MARKET STREET.
(Opposite Carpet.)

OLD WASHINGTON TAVERN
This old hostelry has been refitted and furnished and is up-to-date in every particular. The best management of any hotel in the city. Special rates to theatrical and commercial men. Best wines and liquors, everything first class. Our 50c. course dinner a specialty.

Washington Tavern
CENTRAL & CHURCH STS.
JOHN J. REGAN, Proprietor.

Fly Time Coming
Now is the time to get your doors and window screens ready by using our

WINDOW SCREEN BLACK.
They will look like new. Now is the time to Paint your Piazza Furniture. Use our

Varnish Stains
Or Coach
Varnish Paints.

GATELY & PEARSON,
SOLICITORS
OF PATENTS

Patents of Invention. Patent law a specialty. 11 HILDRETH BUILDING.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED)

Golden Cream
India Pale Ale
And Porter.

OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE
JOHN LENNON & CO. AND
PETER H. DONOHUE & CO.
They keep a full line of our goods in kegs, barrels and half barrels. Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.

The following is a complete list of those who use the name "Jones' Ale" is used exclusively by:
JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHUE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM GUNNEY & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
JOEL TRAVERSARY.
J. H. MCGAFFNEY & CO.
PATRICK TRAFFIC.
GEO. W. ENRIGHTS & CO.
GARVEY & MEADE.
JOHN M. PEVEY.
P. BRADY & CO.
HOCKINGHAM.
O. M. DONOHUE & CO.
It can also be found at the following places:
J. H. BURKE.
JAS. GALEN & CO.
JOS. H. CLARK & CO.
DOUGAN & CONNORS.
H. F. DUGGAN & CO.
TURCOTTE & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
P. KEYS, JR.
JNO. DONOHUE & CO.
T. F. GARVEY & CO.
M. REGAN & CO.
A. F. HANCOCK & CO.
JNO. J. BARROWS & CO.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
WM. H. MERRITT & CO.
P. H. BROSNAN & CO.
W. H. BOODY & CO.
H. E. MELLER & CO.
SMITH & DENN.
F. H. CALLAHAN & CO.
DANIEL MURPHY.

DON'T STOP TO THINK BUT RUSH TO THE CENTRAL

CASH MARKET

Lower Prices on Beef.

Best Round, 2 lbs. 25c.
Best Top Round, 15c.
Best Mutton and Sirloin 18 to 22c.
Pork Beans, 6c. qt.
2 doz. Fresh Eggs, 25c.
100 Fresh Eggs, \$1.00
3 lbs. Pork Steak, 25c.

The Bargain Makers in the Beef Business, cor.

CENTRAL AND CHARLES STS.

Toothache!

It don't make any difference what shape your tooth is in, if it is aching, call at 177 Middlesex street, and have it stopped for five minutes with any aching tooth, stop the pain instantly and forever. Do not suffer with toothache but call and see him. He will treat patients without charge. If satisfied with his treatment, pay what you choose. Office hours from 5 a. m. to 10 p. m.

DRAWING AND PAINTING

MISS HELEN WRIGHT
Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 20th, at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck street. Instruction in Free Hand Drawing, calligraphy, pen and pencil, Water and Oil colors, and Chinese decorations.

You Have Struck the Right Place
When You Have Found

Peter Watson's

CELEBRATED BAKERIES
For if you are looking for the best quality of bakery supplies, you are always sure to get the best when trading at either of his stores, which are located at
62 to 66 CHARLES ST.
and 405 LAWRENCE ST.

If you desire he will supply your wants by calling at your home. Parties and weddings a specialty.

PETER H. SAVAGE,
Undertaker & Funeral Director
189 WORTHEN ST.
Telephone connection 611-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
448 GORHAM STREET.
Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices
TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

BUY YOUR
Men's, Boys', Ladies' Clothing
ON CREDIT.

At early prices, of the popular CENTRAL Supply Co., 117 Merrimack street, opp. Chick's. Ladies. OPEN EVENINGS.

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T. F. GARVEY & CO.
M. REGAN & CO.
A. F. HANCOCK & CO.
JNO. J. BARROWS & CO.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
WM. H. MERRITT & CO.
P. H. BROSNAN

VEXATIOUS DELAYS FOUND A FATAL CYCLONE

Weak Spots Being Discovered Daily and Promptly Remedied.

Three Hundred Killed at the Battle of Cienfuegos—The North Atlantic Coaling Station—A Hobo Caused Excitement at Camp Dewey—Some Interesting War Notes—The Strict Censorship at Tampa.

Madrid, May 20.—An official dispatch received here from Havana says that some American ships fired 80 shots during the reported recent bombardment of Santiago de Cuba, but that no damage was inflicted. The dispatch adds that the batteries replied to the fire of the ships, and that one of the latter was damaged.

In spite of the veto placed upon the publication of Spanish naval movements the newspapers have been allowed to announce that Admiral Cervera's squadron, consisting of the Pelayo, the Carlos V, the Patriota and Rápido, formerly the Hamburg-American line steamers Columbia and Normannia, the Alfonso XIII, the Antonio Lopez, three torpedo boat destroyers and the Giralda, will shortly sail from Cadiz, while the reserve squadron will be organized immediately.

WASHINGTON PICKINGS.

Vexatious Delays Encountered in Expediting the Work of Aggression.

Washington, May 20.—It is beginning to be realized that the shortcomings of our military service are so many that delays are inevitable and that much work will be necessary to put the nation in fighting shape. Every day brings forth a weak spot that has to be strengthened, or a hidden defect, such as the discovery at this late moment that every army officer who accepted a volunteer appointment would forfeit his commission in the regular army and so become liable to be left out of the service at the end of the war. Few officers cared to risk their future in that way, so a rush was made towards congress to secure corrective legislation. Again it has been found that the equipment of the army, small as it is in comparison with the great army of the rebellion, is sadly lacking. Nearly a month after the formal declaration of war, the war department has purchased a number of shelter tents, and it has just secured the hammocks that experts say are essential to existence in Cuba.

These preparations involve delay, so that it is not remarkable that in spite of the heroic efforts of the officers, no positive start has yet been made towards its goal by the army of occupation. Probably it is this fact, rather than any unreadiness on the part of the navy, that causes the campaign to drag in its inception, for the navy department has announced that it stood ready at any moment to furnish convoys for the troop transports, provided they were started from one point.

The bulletin board at the navy department failed utterly to produce an item of interest regarding the movements or whereabouts of the three great naval squadrons now believed to be in the Gulf of Mexico and the waters of the West Indies. As near as could be gathered there was sound reason for this in the fact that the department itself had received no cablegrams of importance, and the alert corps of consular officers scattered through the West India islands had nothing to report. This absence of positive incidents gave opportunity to the secretary of the navy for the transaction of a considerable quantity of business, and also enabled him to leave the department in the afternoon for the capital to give the naval committee of the house an exposition of his views on the naval personnel bill. The war conditions, in the opinion of the secretary, have afforded a most conclusive evidence of the necessity for the passage of some such measure as the personnel bill, and he is using every effort to secure congressional action upon it.

More than 50 regiments of the volunteer army either have started for or they were directed to proceed by the secretary of war. Fifteen or 20 other regiments have reported their readiness to start for such points. In order to prevent confusion at the camps and any congestion in the railroad traffic, the war department officials are deferring giving orders for a number of the volunteer regiments to start. The volunteer regiments which were directed to go to San Francisco, except those from North and South Dakota, have left their rendezvousing points for the golden gate. The greater proportion of the troops composing these organizations are destined for the Philippines.

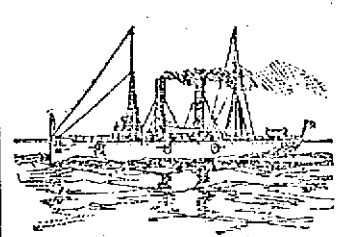
The prison-exchange efforts have succeeded, and Colonel Cortijo and Surgeon Julian, now at Fort McPherson, Ga., are to be exchanged for the newspaper man, Thrall and Jones, now in Morro castle, as is indicated by the following telegram to the state department from Alex. Guilan, British consul general at Havana: "Alharraned. You can send prisoners at once. Please give me day and hour departure from Key West and probable arrival off Havana. I immediately fax is discovered Spanish steamer with Thrall and Jones will be sent out to meet and exchange."

CENFUEGOS ENGAGEMENT.

Key West, May 20.—During the recent engagement at Cienfuegos 300 Spanish were killed and several hundred wounded. Great damage was done along the coast.

Soon after the engagement the Marblehead picked up several Cubans in an open boat some miles down the coast. They reported that the Spanish losses and the damage wrought by the shells from the warships were very heavy. The Marblehead at Cienfuegos, they said, was full of wounded, and fear prevailed everywhere that the American warships

would return to complete the work of destruction.



CRUISER NASHVILLE.

During the engagement the Marblehead threw 150 five-inch shells into the Spanish forces and 200 shots from her secondary battery. The Nashville, with many more shells and 150 shots from her secondary battery. Fifteen hundred Spaniards were stationed in an improvised fortress on a neck of land, and upon this the ships concentrated their fire, and it was here that the most terrible destruction was wrought. During the heavy fire of shells and just after the lighthouse was blown up, five Spaniards who were running together in an attempt to escape were picked off by a shell from the Marblehead, the gunner being ordered to fire upon them by Ensign Pratt. They were torn to pieces.

MAY COAL IN NORTH ATLANTIC.

Montreal, May 20.—A new feature of the Spanish-American war, one in which it is asserted by Berna and his associates are keenly interested, is the probable advance of the Cadiz squadron into the North Atlantic. Our border alone has been standing between the New England coast and the Cadiz fleet. It is the lack of coal for the warships when they get to this side of the ocean. It has been planned to secure a coal supply. Spanish ships now carrying it may be well on this side of the Atlantic; indeed, according to information received from a correspondent at North Sydney, C. B., it is possible that even at the present time Spanish coal depots are in the waters about New Brunswick. The advisers from Cape Breton point out that Pola has been in communication with an agent or correspondent on the island of St. Pierre, the coaling station of France in the North Atlantic. There is a constant exchange of trade between Cape Breton and St. Pierre, and the gossip of one port is more or less current in the other. For the past week look-out operators on the New Foundland coast have reported the appearance of strange vessels in those waters.

PROBABLY A HOBO.

South Framingham, Mass., May 20.—The intense excitement which to all appearances preceded the ending of the war, has subsided owing to the fact that the sensation was based on very questionable ground. The startling report that a Spanish spy had tried to reach the powder house, in the rear of the camp, during the night and had been overhauled by a sentry and driven off through the camp like flame to tinder, and the story was retailed to civilian visitors as a choice experience. The tale was that Private Tracy of company H, Ninth regiment, was on guard duty, had tried to hold up a man who was prowling around in the dark. The stranger grappled with the sentinel, and as he had closed in the latter could not use his bayonet. A burst ensued, and as the sentinel was getting the worst of the fight he called for help, and a sergeant of the guard responded. The stranger then disappeared in the darkness, and, although search was made, no trace of the individual was found. The incident became noted about, and in a couple of hours it was positively and definitely known that a Spanish spy had tried to run the lines in order to get the magazine and destroy the 100,000 rounds of rifle ammunition. Descriptions of the spy were numerous, all agreeing that he was of dark complexion and medium height. All descriptions accurately admitted that darkness prevented the guard from further details. In official quarters the midnight intruder is believed to have been a "hobo" who was headed for the mess house to try and get a lunch, and who had run into the guard, to both the latter's and his own surprise. The incident, however, served to keep the soldiers busy answering questions.

SEWELL'S SENSE OF DUTY.

Washington, May 20.—Senator Sewell has formally resigned his appointment as a major general in the army. He gave as his reason for the action the fact that legal authorities, including the attorney general of the United States, had expressed the opinion that to hold the office would be incompatible with his duties as a United States senator, and he said that he conceived it to be his duty to serve the state which had sent him to the senate rather than consult his own wishes, which would be to go to the war.

WAR NEWS IN BRIEF.

Washington, May 20.—Hempstead, L. I., has been definitely selected as a rendezvousing point for troops from the New England and middle states section, and it is expected that 15 regiments eventually will be quartered there. The torpedo boat destroyers provided for in the appropriation bill are to be of larger type than any vessel of that kind we now have in the service, about 400 tons, but the torpedo boats will be about

the size of the average boat now in use, namely, about 125 tons. Work on the three destroyers, Mahopac, Canonicus and Manhattan, at League Island has advanced so far that the department expects to have them in service within a week or two. They have been supplied with tubular boilers in place of the rusted out boilers they have carried since the war.

Naval authorities are relieved of a good deal of embarrassment by the consent of the French authorities at Martheville to allow the Harvard to remain in St. Pierre until her repairs are completed. It was at first supposed that she would be allowed only seven days' stay and at the end of that time would be forced out to risk attack at the hands of an unembellished Spanish cruiser or torpedo boat.

The regular troops which are to accompany the expedition to the Philippines have been determined upon, and orders for them to proceed promptly to the coast will be issued. These will include volunteers from California, Colorado, Kansas, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, Oregon, Utah, Wyoming, North and South Dakota and Idaho, will make up the sum total from which are to be taken the troops who are to be sent to reinforce Admiral Dewey and enable him to take Manila.

CENSORSHIP IN TAMPA.

Tampa, May 20.—The strictest kind of censorship has been established here, and absolutely nothing pertaining to military or naval movements from this port will be permitted to be sent out from this time on. An official bulletin of such news as the army officials consider advisable will be provided for at once. It is intimated that this censorship will continue until after the final movement of troops to Cuba has taken place. It being the purpose of the government to keep the Spanish government in ignorance so far as possible of our plans for the invasion of Cuba.

CITIZENS ADVISE A GOVERNOR.

Manchester, N. H., May 20.—By invitation, a number of Manchester's prominent citizens met Governor Ramsdell in the mayor's office yesterday and discussed the war situation as far as New Hampshire is concerned. While no decision was arrived at, the advice given the governor was that he should adopt a well-defined policy and stick to it; that the annual muster at Concord should be deferred until fall, instead of held in June; that busy action should not be taken in regard to naval reserves at Portsmouth, and that the two regiments left in this state should be left intact and not consolidated.

NAVAL PERSONNEL BILL.

Washington, May 20.—The house committee on naval affairs has reported to the house the substitute for the naval personnel bill. In reporting the measure, the result of a long agitation and a prolonged struggle between the line and staff, the committee points out that the substitute is identical with a former bill except that it abolishes relative rank in the staff, extends the provision as to retirement of line officers, who served in the civil war, to all naval officers who have so served; and sections have been added reorganizing the construction corps and the marine corps, and establishing a commissioned grade for deserving warrant officers.

The report says: "While this is not a war measure and was not devised to meet the present emergency, yet it is believed its immediate passage will do much to stimulate to heroic endeavor and to valiant achievement the brave officers and brave men of the American navy, all of whom will hail its passage as not only a remedy for existing troubles and defects in the organization of our naval personnel, but also as a true and substantial appreciation of the honor upon the sea." The bill will cause an increase of \$250,000 of expense under the head of pay of the navy.

AID FROM FRANCE

Being Received by Cervera's Fleet.

FRENCH STEAMSHIP REPORTED SAILING TO IT.

With Cargo of Arms and Ammunition.

New York, May 19.—A copyrighted special despatch from Colon, United States of Colombia, to the Evening World, says that the French steamship Fernand de Lesseps, which sailed from the port named yesterday, cleared for Port Limon and Costa Rican ports. It is reported that she has a big cargo of arms and ammunition for Admiral Cervera's fleet. The newspapers at Colon report that the Spanish squadron is in the vicinity of Port Limon.

A FATAL CYCLONE

Swept Over a Portion of Illinois.

LEVELLING HOUSES AND KILLING 11 PERSONS.

Extent of Damage Cannot be Estimated.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Rockford, Ill., May 19.—Eleven people are known to be dead and two more are badly injured as a result of a destructive cyclone which swept over Ogle county last evening. The storm came from the southwest and was from 300 to 100 feet wide. It levelled everything in its path, demolishing hundreds of farmhouses and barns, and was severest in Sullivan valley, where it wrecked 15 buildings, two churches and a depot.

Great damage was also done at Adairville, many buildings being razed. The railroad route many washouts. Telegraph and telephone wires were badly affected. The list of dead and injured so far as reported from this section is as follows:

Michael Nelson, Sullivan valley, instantly killed, crushed in the ruins of his house.

Mrs. M. N. Nelson, Sullivan valley, received injuries from which she died in an hour.

Julia Johnson, Sullivan valley, received injuries from which she died in an hour.

Nelson, Sullivan valley, eleven-month-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Nelson, killed.

William Reese, Marion township, a farm employe, received injuries from which he died in a short time.

Thomas Mullen, Adairville, Ill., instantly killed.

Three children of Mr. and Mrs. John Mess, Adairville, Ill., killed.

E. Chanter, Foreston, killed.

Mrs. Frank Chichester, instantly killed at Pawpaw.

The injured: Two-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Nelson, both legs broken and otherwise severely hurt.

Mrs. My and baby, Sullivan valley, both terribly injured; recovery doubtful.

G. S. Preston, Sullivan valley, slightly injured.

Mrs. Zinke's young son, Sullivan valley, slightly injured.

Peter Holquist, Sullivan valley, seriously injured.

E. Fisher, Sullivan valley, badly hurt by flying missiles.

Mrs. John Mead, Foreston, dangerously injured.

Everett Ludwig, Foreston, Ill., injured.

Mrs. Ellis Timmers, Foreston, injured.

Wired man of Ellen Timmers, slightly injured.

TORNADO IN WISCONSIN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Marshfield, Wis., May 19.—A severe tornado passed through Clark, Marathon and Langlade counties in this state last night, leveling houses and farm buildings. Anger seemed to have ruled most. The storm reported on fatalities. At Slinger a family of five is said to have perished. The passengers sent to Marathon for aid.

THE PHILIPPINES

Was the Scene of Great Disorder

BEFORE DEWEY TOOK CHARGE THERE.

Detailed Accounts Received From Manila.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Vancouver, B. C., May 19.—It appears from information brought by the Empress of India, that the Spanish did a little bombarding on their own account in the Philippine islands about a fortnight before Admiral Dewey silenced their fleet. About the middle of April, says a Manila report, Spanish warships went down to Cebu, where they bombarded the city. The troops met no opposition in landing, the rebels having abandoned before a shot was fired, taking with them it is stated over \$200,000 in cash. About thirty natives were killed in the bombardment. The foreigners in business in Cebu hoisted their national flags over their premises and these were respected by the Spanish admiral, who ranks third in the cities in the Philippines, was wrecked in the bombardment. A massed of rebels by the Spanish who preceded Admiral Dewey's arrival. An account from Manila says: "The other day, a panic was occasioned in the city by the report that suburbs of Iloilo had risen. All the doors and windows were closed and the civil guard paraded the streets. The real cause of the panic was afterwards discovered to be a surprise by the civil guards of a meeting of insurgents in Calle de Canada. The civil guards opened fire upon the rebels and at the same time burst open the doors of the houses. The rebels offered stout resistance with long knives and axes, but the volleys soon settled matters, seven natives being killed. Eight foreigners were wounded and later two died. Subsequently sixty or seventy persons were charged and shot without loss of time. It is estimated that 200 rebels escaped into the country. Two companies of third native regiment were sent in pursuit. Rebels in Bohol and Zamboanga have been captured, Spanish troops having killed thousands of insurgents and hundreds of women and children."

The Modern Sampson.

Oh, Mischampson, get de gun, En he about ten mile by rule, But he can't get his gun no fool, He'll stay den Spangars for en free, Wid de jawlone of a mule!

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BIG WARSHIP SHELLS

HOW THE TEN INCH PROJECTILES ARE MANUFACTURED.

Story of the Process Until They Are Ready For Their Work of Destruction—How the Shells Are Hardened—They Are Exactly 27 1-3 Inches Long.

The complete story of the manufacture of one of the big battleship projectiles has always been hard to obtain. The First-Sterling Projectile works at Denham, near Pittsburg, are barred to an outsider, only representatives of the government and officials of the company having access to all the departments. Even the workmen of one department are forbidden to enter another. Here is the history of the making of a 10 inch shell:

In the casting shop molten steel is cast in a solid piece about 12 1/2 inches in diameter. From the casting shop it goes to the forging room, where, after being reheated, it is hammered down to 10 1/2 inches, being equatorially elongated in the process. It is then conveyed to the machine shop and placed in a specially constructed lathe. The base of the projectile is inserted in the lathe chuck, and the content end is swung from the lathe center. A "roughing" cut is then run over the shell, the shell itself is pointed, and then receives a finishing cut.

The only parts of the shell that bear against the rifled surface of the gun is the large part of the conical end and the surface of a copper ring that underlies the projectile near its base. The copper is quite soft, so does not injure the rifling. After the finishing cut is given to the projectile the diameter of the largest part of the cone is 10 1/2 inches, and that of the cylinder, which is the body of the projectile extending back from the cone, is 9 1/2-10 inches.

The workmen now apply the "hard score," which is a groove cut for the reception of the soft copper band. For a 10 inch projectile the groove is 1 1/2 inches wide at the bottom and a quarter inch deep. The groove is wider at the bottom than at the top, so that the copper band remains in position after it has been placed in the groove and pounded down until the copper swells out and fills the groove, thus taking a flange hold on the underside.

Then the "extracting score" is cut. This presents a sectionally a view like the letter V, with the letter lying on one side and the converging lines pointing to the base of the shell. This groove is made to permit a tool to be fastened to the shell when it is desired to withdraw it from the gun. The shell is put in the cutting off machine, where the surplus length is taken off. The next move is the boring of a five inch hole in the base to a depth of 14 inches.

In the process of hardening the shell is suspended, point downward, in a receptacle filled with molten lead, and is allowed to settle until the hot metal rises above the cone base. At first the temperature of the lead is 500 degrees, but is increased gradually to 1,300 degrees. The work of heating requires four hours, when the shell is withdrawn from the bath and sprayed with water to give it a hard exterior. It is then plunged into a bath composed of secret ingredients, and when withdrawn it is cooled with a jet of water.

The projectile goes again to the machine shop, the hole in the base is widened half an inch and the depth is increased two inches. The hole is "threaded" a few inches and a screw plug is inserted. The grinding room is the next destination, and here the extreme diameter of the cone is ground down to ten inches exactly. After a soft steel cap has been fitted to the tip of the projectile, on the theory that when the shell strikes the armored side of a battleship the soft steel preserved the point of the projectile without interfering with its penetrating power, the shell is finished as far as the First-Sterling company is concerned. It is exactly 27 1-3 inches long. After it has been received at some United States arsenal it is filled with an explosive compound and is ready for its work of destruction.

All large projectiles, from the six inch size up, are made as described. The machinery at the Denham plant consists of 12 lathes, 4 boring mills, 2 cutting off machines, 2 tool lathes, 2 chasing machines, 1 grinding and 1 centering machine. This equipment is being re-enforced, as the company has enough work on hand for the government and foreign countries to keep the plant busy for two years.—New York Sun.

An Example.

The European squadron, scowling at each other all along the coast from Hongkong to Vladivostok, have received another object lesson from the war fleet of the United States. In spite of our peaceable reputation, the ships, officers and men of the American republic have done more hard sea fighting in the past 40 years than all the navies of the old world combined.—Boston Journal.

The Modern Sampson.

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ARE THEY SPANISH?

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HALIFAX, MAY 19.—A REPORT JUST RECEIVED FROM GETTISON'S COVE, WESTERN SHORE OF THIS PROVINCE, SAYS NINE WARSHIPS WERE SIGHTED OFF INDIAN ISLAND, NEAR CAPE LEHAVE, THIS MORNING, HEADING IN A SOUTHERLY DIRECTION.

TARGET PRACTICE

Caused the Firing Heard Off Cardenas

AND NOT A FIGHT AS WAS RUMORED.

Morro Light Still Burns at Night.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

On board the Associated Press dispatch boat Wanda, Key West, Fla., May 19. Morro Light is still burning at night and absolute quiet prevails along the Cuban coast. The rumor of heavy firing off Cardenas on Monday had their origin in the target practice of some of the gunboats on the hull of a sunken schooner between Cardenas and Matanzas.

CONCILIATING INSURRECTIONS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Hong Kong, May 19.—It is reported here that the Spanish governor of the Philippine Islands is conciliating many of the insurgent chiefs with high appointments while other chiefs are succeeding in federating the rival tribes.

RESIGNS STATE OFFICE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, May 19.—The resignation of Assistant Secretary of the Navy Chas. H. Allen of Lowell as person commissioner of this state has been presented to the governor. Mr. Allen's duties preclude him from attending to business at the State House.

The governor may nominate a suc-

cessor at the next meeting of the council.

PROVISIONAL MILITIA.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, May 19.—Under the general orders issued for the organization of the provisional militia, Gen. James I. Carter, inspector general on the staff of Governor Wolcott, will proceed to the organization at once. Only formal petitions to raise companies will be considered. Three of these now in are those of Rev. Charles E. Booth of Stoughton, Henry W. Thuman of Somerville and W. J. Howard of Dedham. Steps will be taken for the organization of companies in these states at once.

General Carter has already inspected two companies of naval militia which have been formed in Fall River and has recommended their acceptance to the governor.

CHARLESTON INJURED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NOW FOR THE FIGHT

It is Believed That Another Day Will See the Fleets of Sampson and Cervera Together in Battle.

ALL REJOICING AT MADRID

Over the Arrival of Admiral Cervera at Santiago De Cuba.

Report That U. S. Warships Fled on Sighting the Spanish Fleet—Account of the Bombardment—Great Enthusiasm at Madrid—The Cadiz Fleet Getting Ready to Sail.

MADRID, MAY 20 (A. M.)—THE SPANISH FLEET ON ARRIVING AT SANTIAGO DE CUBA FOUND THERE TWO AMERICAN WARSHIPS WHICH RETIRED WITH ALL SPEED. THE QUEEN REGENT HAS CABLED CONGRATULATIONS TO ADMIRAL CERVERA.

REJOICING AT MADRID

(Copyright, 1898, The Associated Press.)

MADRID, MAY 20.—AT TEN O'CLOCK YESTERDAY EVENING, THE MINISTER OF MARINE, CAPTAIN AUNON, RECEIVED A DESPATCH FROM ADMIRAL CERVERA, IN COMMAND OF THE CAPE VERDE SQUADRON OF THE SPANISH FLEET. IT READ:

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, MAY 19.

"THIS MORNING, I HAVE WITHOUT INCIDENT, ENTERED THIS PORT, ACCOMPANIED BY THE SQUADRON."

(SIGNED) CERVERA.

THE MINISTER OF MARINE IMMEDIATELY WENT TO THE RESIDENCE OF THE PREMIER, SENOR FAGANTA, AND COMMUNICATED THIS INFORMATION. HE THEN PROCEEDED TO THE PALACE FOR THE PURPOSE OF INFORMING THE QUEEN REGENT BUT HER MAJESTY HAD ALREADY RETIRED AND THE NEWS WAS CONVEYED TO HER BY THE INFANTA ISABEL. CAPTAIN AUNON THEN WENT TO THE ADMIRALTY AND CABLED HIS CONGRATULATIONS TO ADMIRAL CERVERA.

SPANISH TROOPS FOR MANILA

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BARCELONA, MAY 20.—BETWEEN 8000 AND 10,000 SPANISH TROOPS DRAWN FROM CATALONIA, ANDALUSIA, ARAGON AND VALENCIA, ARE EMBARKING HERE FOR THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS IN ORDER TO HEAD OFF THE TROOPS TO START FROM THE UNITED STATES. THEY CAN MAKE THE JOURNEY IN TEN OR ELEVEN DAYS.

THE CADIZ SQUADRON

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MADRID, MAY 20.—ADMIRAL CANAÑA, THE COMMANDER OF THE CADIZ SQUADRON, IS HERE AND RECEIVED INSTRUCTIONS RELATIVE TO THE DESTINATION OF HIS SHIP, WHICH, IT IS EXPLAINED, DEPENDS UPON THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE WAR.

THE NEW MINISTER OF MARINE HAS INJECTED THE GREATEST ACTIVITY IN HIS DEPARTMENT. IT IS SAID HE HAS BEEN OFFERED WAR MUNITIONS FROM MANY QUARTERS.

IT IS EVIDENT THAT THE NEW SPANISH CABINET INTENDS TO FIGHT THE CAMPAIGN VIGOROUSLY AND, IT IS ADDED, THE MINISTER WILL ALSO NEGOTIATE ACTIVELY WITH FOREIGN DIPLOMATS TO PROTECT SPAIN AGAINST A COMBINATION OF HER ENEMIES.

THE CHARLESTON DISABLED

By Associated Press to The Sun.

VALLEJO, CALIFORNIA, MAY 20.—A GANG OF MACHINISTS FROM THE MARE ISLAND NAVY YARD IS WORKING DAY AND NIGHT UPON THE CONDENSING TUBES OF THE CHARLESTON AND AS THE DEFECTS PROVED UPON INVESTIGATION TO BE MUCH LESS SERIOUS THAN WAS ANTICIPATED BEFORE HER RETURN TO THE YARD, IT IS VERY PROBABLE THAT SHE WILL START UPON HER LONG RUN TO THE PHILIPPINES WITHIN 36 HOURS.

THE SUN LATEST

5 O'CLOCK.

CERVERA CONGRATULATED

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MADRID, MAY 20.—THE MINISTER OF MARINE HAS CABLED CONGRATULATIONS TO ADMIRAL CERVERA ON HIS ARRIVAL AT SANTIAGO DE CUBA.

THE COMING BATTLE

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, MAY 20.—IT IS BELIEVED HERE THAT THE TWO GREAT NAVAL FORCES WILL COME TOGETHER FOR BATTLE ALMOST WITHIN 24 HOURS. THE RUMOR IS THAT SCHLEY WILL TAKE THE MONITORS AND SOME OF THE SMALLER CRUISERS TO KEEP THE SPANIARDS OUT OF HAVANA, WHILE SAMPSON TAKES THE BATTLESHIPS AND LARGER CRUISERS TO CHASE CERVERA AROUND THE ISLAND.

A JUVENILE SPY THE HAWAIIANS

Arrested at Tampa by Government Officials.

SAID TO HAVE CARRIED IMPORTANT PAPERS.

AN INVESTIGATION WILL BE MADE IMMEDIATELY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Tampa, Fla., May 20.—Under orders of General Shafter, officers of the Ninth Artillery, stationed at Port Tampa, have placed under arrest a boy who is suspected of being a spy in the service of the Spanish government.

The alleged spy, whose name is Garcia, is said to have had with him when arrested documents of a decidedly incriminating nature. He is but 15 years old and has lived in Tampa most of his life and strongly asserts his innocence. In this claim he is supported by prominent railroad and state officials, who are acquainted with the lad. General Shafter, it is said, is inclined to the belief that Garcia is guiltless but a rigid investigation will be held.

FOR MANILA.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, May 20.—Nebraska's contribution of men to the army which is to be sent to Manila, arrived here last night. They number 600 men and officers. Another draft had comprising 100 more soldiers from the same state is scheduled at Reno, Nev., owing to the wrecking of another train. None of the soldiers were hurt but three tramps were killed.

In a few days, if everything goes well, the first regiment of California volunteer infantry will be on its way to Manila.

Orders from Washington are to the effect that the troops must start by Saturday. The work of loading the City of Peking which is to transport the troops, is being rushed, but she cannot possibly sail before Saturday.

STRICT CENSORSHIPS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Tampa, Fla., May 20.—All the newspaper correspondents at Tampa have been notified that in future all dispatches must be placed in the hands of General Shafter's staff for approval. The censorship in future will be rigid and it is stated that it will be kept in force until after the invasion of Cuba takes place. It is the intention to keep the Spanish government in complete ignorance of the movements of the army and every means will be exerted in order to do so.

LICENSE ALL RIGHT.

This morning, Judge Hadley dismissed the petition of Samuel Tomkins for the revocation of the license of Dolan and Connors.

THE ASSIGNMENTS

Of Brigadier Generals of U. S. Volunteers.

WERE GIVEN OUT BY WAR DEPARTMENT TODAY

Under the Direction of the President.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 20.—By direction of the President the following assignments of Brigadier Generals of volunteers to duty with the several army corps, departments, divisions, etc., were made today: Brigadier-General Francis L. Gormley, to the Second Corps, Falls Church, Va.; Brigadier-General Alexander C. M. Pennington to command of camp at Hempstead, N. Y.; Brigadier-General A. M. Arnold to the cavalry division, Tampa; Brigadier-General John Spauld to the first corps, Chickamauga Park; Brigadier-General Simon Snyder to the first corps, Chickamauga Park; Brigadier-General Jacob R. Kent to the fifth corps, Tampa; Brigadier-General Guy V. Henry, to the cavalry division, Tampa; Brigadier-General Thomas Anderson to the department of the Pacific; Brigadier-General Samuel B. Sumner to the cavalry division, Tampa; Brigadier-General Hamilton W. Hawkins, to the seventh corps, Tampa; Brigadier-General John C. Bates, to the fourth corps, Mobile, Ala.; Brigadier-General Andrews Burt, to the seventh corps, Tampa, Fla.; Brigadier-General Edward B. Williston, to the first corps and to the command of the light artillery brigade, Chickamauga Park; Brigadier-General Chas. B. Compton to the third corps, Chickamauga Park; Brigadier-General Henry W. Lawton, to the fifth corps, Tampa; Brigadier-General George W. Davis, to the fourth corps, Mobile; Brigadier-General Adam R. Chaffee, to the fifth corps, Tampa.

COL. WELCH'S APPLICATION.

Col. Welch yesterday made formal application through Mayor Bennett to Adjutant General Dalton for the use of the armory in which to drill his 60 volunteers. The permission will not be given until after the troops leave Camp Dewey.

Henry Lavigne of Quebec, brother of Emil Lavigne and a former resident of this city, is visiting his brother who is dangerously ill.

BABY CARRIAGES at A. E. O'Hair & Co's, 16 Merrimack street.

THIS MORNING'S FIRE.

A small fire in a house occupied by a family named Capron on Throck street called the firemen out this morning. Damages slight.

TOWNSBURY GUARDS.

The Townsbury Guards held a well attended meeting last evening, adopted a constitution and elected officers. The officers are as follows: President, Henry Lillinger vice president, Wilbur Letourneau secretary and treasurer, A. G. Marshall.

STEAMER MERRIMAC.

Will leave Liverpool for Camp Plummer, Black Rocks, Newburyport, and Salisbury Beach Saturdays at 5.50 a. m. until further notice. Electric cars will leave Lowell at 7.50 a. m. to connect with Steamer. This season the Steamer will leave on her return trip at 4.30 p. m. cars leaving the beach at 4 to bring passengers her upriver patrons. The beach railroad and hotel are now open to accommodate the public. This is a grand opportunity to see the war preparations at the entrance to the mouth of the Merrimack. Camp Plummer was visited by five thousand people last Sunday.

ROCKING CHAIRS.

With one pound of our 60c Tea, O'Brien Bros. Tea Dealers, 77 East Merrimack street, Val. 22.

DISASTROUS EXPLOSION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BAKER CITY, ORE., MAY 20.—AN EXPLOSION OCCURRED HERE WHEN A MORTAR WAS BEING FIRED TO WELCOME THE TROOPS FROM IDAHO WHO ARE EN ROUTE TO SAN FRANCISCO. AN IMMENSE CROWD HAD GATHERED AT THE DEPOT AND THE EXPLOSION OCCURRED IN THE MIDST OF IT. CURTIS SPRINGER, AGED 18, HAD HIS SKULL FRACTURED AND WILL DIE. E. A. WOLKOW HAD A LEG BROKEN AND MRS. M. W. GOOD, JOHN D. FOSTER AND J. H. PARKER WERE BADLY BRUISED.

THE SIXTH STARTS TONIGHT

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CAMP DEWEY, SOUTH PLAMINGHAM, MAY 20.—A TELEGRAM HAS BEEN RECEIVED AT SOUTH PLAMINGHAM ORDERING THE STATION AGENT TO HAVE 37 CARS IN READINESS AT 6 O'CLOCK THIS EVENING.

COL. WOODWARD OF THE SIXTH REGIMENT HAS RECEIVED A MESSAGE TO THE EFFECT THAT HE SHOULD HAVE HIS REGIMENT ON THE CARS AT SIX O'CLOCK TONIGHT.

KILLED BY SNOWSLIDE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Seattle, Wash., May 20.—Passengers on the steamer Morgan City, which arrived here from Copper River, Alaska, reports two large snow slides occurred on the Valdes glacier April 20 and May 1, in which about 100 people were caught. Only three persons were killed. They were Joseph Furner, Chicago; B. Antwerp, Minneapolis; A. Johnston, Eureka, Cal. A report was current that four more were missing but it could not be confirmed.

Putnam & Son

Men's Summer Underwear

19 Cts.

We have just received from a mill its entire accumulation of slightly imperfect goods, and offer now more than a thousand Shirts and Drawers at half real value,

19c. Each.

In this lot are Balbriggan, made from genuine Egyptian cotton, Grey mixed and Yaeger mixed summer weight and the new Tan and Light Blue shades. All sizes in each.

Shirts are finished with French necks and pearl buttons.

The imperfections are so slight as to be scarcely discernable and do not detract in the least from the real value of the garments.

Your choice for 19c., goods that would regularly cost you double.

James F. O'Donnell, UNDERTAKER.

Telephone at Residence, Office and Stables Market St. Cor. Worthen.

166 Central Street.

FIRE IN GAGE'S WOODS.

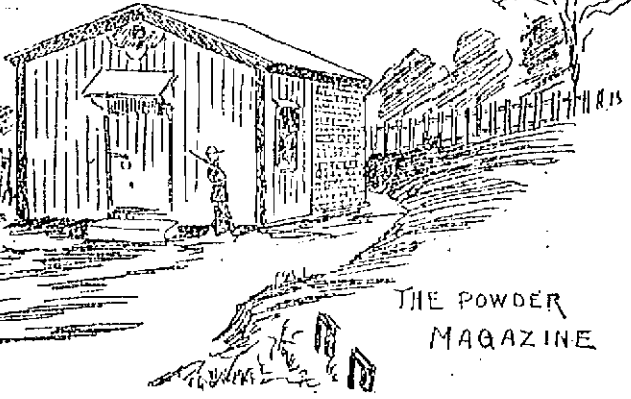
At a late hour yesterday afternoon a serious fire started in Gage's woods near the old mill race at Yarmouth's Landing and at one time it threatened to do great damage, but fortunately the rain put an end to further destruction.

ALCONQUIN DANCE.

The Alconquins held their second successful dance of the season last night in Prescott hall. The officers were: Harry Pearson, general manager; Walter H. Kendall, floor director; Chester D. Coram and Harry L. Gardner, aids.



PRIVATE J. TRACEY



THE POWDER MAGAZINE

CAMP DEWEY SCENE

AWAITS ORDERS

Sixth Regiment Ready to March When Ordered.

ANOTHER MARRIAGE IN CAMP DEWEY YESTERDAY.

Ninth Regiment Cavo a Fine Drill.

Camp Dewey, South Framingham, May 19.—It has been another day of rumors with regard to the movement of both the Sixth and Ninth Regiments, but tonight, both are sleeping on the tented field without orders of any kind. There is, however, a possibility that the Sixth will leave tomorrow afternoon, as Col. Woodward received a despatch this evening, stating that if the Boston & Albany could secure cars before midnight it would be in a condition to transport the regiment to Church Point, N. Y., tomorrow. If, however, the cars did not arrive, the troops could not be moved until Saturday.

There have been all kinds of rumors with regard to the departure of the Ninth Regiment.

Some are inclined to think that this regiment will be sent to Gen. Merritt to the Philippine Islands, while others are of the opinion that it will remain here as a reserve, but there is one thing certain, that both officers and men care but little where they are sent to. They are performing their duty like good soldiers and will obey whatever orders may be sent them.

The delay in moving this regiment has proved most beneficial to the command.

It will be a very different regiment to those that have already gone to the front, inasmuch as all the recruits have had the benefit of a good week's drill. It has given the men an opportunity to fix their equipment and clothing and today it is in a position to go anywhere and at any moment.

The men have been over a week on army rations and the various commissary sergeants and cooks have had a week of practical work which cannot fail to prove beneficial.

But the time has now arrived when a move is desirable by both officers and men. It is too near home, and just as long as the regiment remains here there will be a tendency to "go to see the folks" and of "the folks" to come to camp to see the boys.

The drill of the Ninth Regiment today was excellent. Lieut. Col. Bogart was in command and both officers and men put considerable snap into their work. Commands were promptly repeated and intelligently executed.

Everyone paid strict attention to business and there was a total absence of talking and crowding in the ranks. The marching was fine and the discipline well maintained from start to finish.

In the afternoon Gen. Wolcott came on the field with several members of his council and was an interested spectator of the drill of the Ninth, going out on the field to watch the maneuvers.

Adj. Gen. Dalton arrived in camp shortly after noon and stated that he had received a letter from Gen. Greely, in which he stated that the U. S. Signal Corps is to be increased and asked the adjutant general to nominate an officer from Massachusetts.

Gen. Dalton's attention was called to Lieut. Thomas F. Clark of Company H, Ninth Regiment, as one of the most competent for the position. He sent for the lieutenant and had a consultation with him and it is more than probable that Lieut. Clark will be nominated for the position.

He is in every way qualified to fill the position and while the officers and men of the Ninth would be extremely sorry to lose his services they will heartily congratulate him if he should be selected.

The Ninth Regiment band, under the direction of Bandmaster Sawyer, came down today and met with a cordial reception from the men.

The ambulance corps today has been reduced from 20 to six men and one officer, the following remaining on duty: Lieut. R. B. Bell, Surgeon E. H. Shattuck, Corporals Huxton and Mulvey, and Privates Bradley, Shinn and Wells.

Last evening, a party from Boston, all members of the Knights of Columbus, came up to do honor to two popular officers of the Ninth Regiment. They represented Dorchester Council, 138, K. of C., and first visited the quarters of Capt. J. J. Sullivan, J. D. Dore, in behalf of his fellow members, presented him with a regulation sword.

They next visited the tent of Lieut. Thomas F. Clark, where a similar scene was enacted. John S. Donahue presented the genial lieutenant with a sword.

BELLERICA NEWS

Contracts Let for the Water Works.

FATHER MATHEW SOCIETY ARRANGING FOR BAZAAR.

Which Will be Held Next Week.

The water commissioners have let the contracts for the water works and the work on the foundation for the stand-pipe on Colby's Hill will begin next week.

Talbot's falls are working till 9 o'clock evenings in order to cancel a large navy order.

Miss Mamie Hawkes of Boston was visiting in town on Sunday. Miss Hawkes is a talented musician and her many friends look forward eagerly for her success.

The Father Mathew T. A. society will hold their bazaar all next week, commencing on Monday evening, the 22nd, at Talbot Memorial hall.

Mr. Young of Lowell has been engaged to decorate the hall and the fair promises to be a great success.

This well known society owns one of the handsomest temperance halls in any village in the state, but its large membership demands additional improvements, which will be made during the summer. Merchants have contributed the following articles towards the bazaar: O'Donnell & Gilbride, pair of chairs; Dave Cavanaugh, \$10 pair trousers; J. L. Chaffin, boy's suit clothes; Bartlett & Dow, lawn mower; Bunker Market, barrel of flour and one turkey; Gookin Bros., 1 Willow rocker; J. C. Donovan, set driving harness; H. F. Ebert, 1 robe; J. Cote, bay rum; L. J. Cote, table covers; Thompson Hardware Co., clothes wringer; Johnson & Co., cash; O'Sullivan Bros., 15 pair of shoes; Myron Bros., pair slippers; Duffin, tub of lard; G. Mott, pair slippers; L. Girard, set bath robe; Robertson & Co., rug; Bunker Bros., fancy articles; Lathrop & Cunningham, 1 dozen photographs; Madame Gregoire, \$10 hat; Samuel Scott, brass pipe; Bunker shoe store, pair slippers; Legault, Jeweler, clock; M. Fogg, chiffoniere; Killpatrick Bros., box cigars; Henry O'Dowd, robe; Fillion & Co., silver Easter; Merrimack Clothing Company, spring overcoat; D. H. Desmond, 10-lb. chest tea; J. V. Keyes, 1 table cover; Mabel & Co., 1 pair slippers; Putnam's Market, box butter; J. J. McManion, plant; N. C. rug; Steele & Co., boy's suit clothes; Steiner & Co., piano stool; D. Murphy, picture and frame; Siles & Co., box of butter; Severance Bakery, Guess cake; Pasten & Roberts, plant; Dow's drug store, 2 boxes Menthol Cream; Thomason's drug store, cologne; Pearson's drug store, 1 dozen bottles tooth powder; Tilton & Co., 1 box stationery; Durant & Co., silver tea set; Putnam & Son, silk umbrellas; J. J. Quinn, silver butter dish; John Green, fancy suspenders; Frank Merrill, box of stationery; Adams & Co., fancy chair; Talbot Clothing Co., spring coat; Dickson Bros., lamp; Lowell One Price Clothing Co., boy's suit; Bunker shoe store; pair slippers; O'Brien & Co., parlor chair; Stanley & Co., spread; Jenkins & Co., box dolls; Harry Richardson, candy; D. L. Page, candy; J. D. Grant, nut cracker and picks; A. G. Pollard, fancy vase; Pearson's shoe store, pair shoes; Elizabeth & Co., shoe store; P. F. Devine, trunk; S. Shaw, smoking set; Allen Bailey, fancy tie; Davis & Mann, rocker; Fraser & Co., bronze picture holder; Thomas Lawley, album; O'Brien & Co., boy's suit clothes; Miss Delude, ladies' hat; Miss Kenny, ladies' hat; James Wade, pair of shoes; Carter & Sharbun box soap and tortoise case; Arthur Cummings, pair of gloves; Cook, Taylor & Co., wrapper; Wood's, Jeweler, silver cake basket; Griffiths, florist, flowers; Green & Co., 1 pair slippers; Lowell Rubber Co., hot water bottles; H. C. McArthur, picture and frame; W. H. Brazier, base balls; O'Brien Bros., lamp; Washburn & Co., necktie; G. Kimball, umbrella; Goodale & Co., box cigars; John J. Loneragan, pair shoes; J. Plunkett, box cigars; E. J. O'Ryan, grab bag; McCarron & Co., sheet of coffee; J. Haley, pair of shoes; George Allen, whip; Betrand, tailor; Ham, Zimmer & Co., revolver; Lockin & Co., pair of shoes; Eugene Bowser, fancy tie; Nichols & Co., coffee; E. Watson, tea; J. F. O'Donnell, bicycle suit; W. H. Ford, berry dish; McDon-

aid Wood, pair of shoes; G. H. Miller, 10 lbs. candy; Pelletier & Co., clock; Parthenon Bros., cap; Boston Globe, year's subscription; Boston Post, 1 year's subscription; Haynes & Co., flowers; James Gallagher, men's shirt; A. Cohen, pair of vests; Ed Martin, fruit dish; Watson Bakery, Guess cake; Egan & Co., pair of slippers; H. W. Locke, chest of tea; Boulger & Co., pair of slippers; M. J. Glynn, fancy mirror; O. J. Coleman & Co., 20-lb. chest tea; D. Martin, commode set; Farrell & Co., fancy articles; Union market, commode set.

BELLERICA DONATIONS.

A. O. Dane, Guess cake; F. H. Parker, lamp; Charles Maxwell, brass pipe; Dennis Devine, cord of wood; Daniel Reardon, cord of wood; E. A. Moray, barrel of flour; John Baker, ham; Hay, Paquetto, picture and frame; Holden Bros., barrel of flour.

BURKES' PARTY

In Associate Hall Was a Grand Success.

MANY YOUNG PEOPLE WERE IN ATTENDANCE.

The Tables Were Prettily Decorated.

The May festival conducted by the Burke Temperance Institute last evening in Associate Hall was a delightful party. The hall was crowded with young people who enjoyed the fine order of dances. There was no stage performance, entertainment being confined to the dancing. The hall was not properly decorated, but at intervals along the gallery front the national colors were displayed and here and there were noticed miniature Cuban flags. Several tables which were arranged around the sides of the hall, were decorated in lace and pink, blue green and yellow lighting. Lemonade, candy, flowers and ice cream were readily purchased by the hundreds of patrons. Several fancy articles were disposed of by "charity" but the names of the fortunate ones have not yet been ascertained. It was announced that about 1000 tickets for the events were sold. The contest for the gold ring was undoubtedly accountable for the large sale of tickets. Dancing was commenced at 8 o'clock and continued till 1 o'clock this morning.

The following were the officers of the event: General manager, Fred Wm. E. McCarthy; assistant manager, Thomas M. Keegan; floor director, James Sullivan; assistant director, Harry Murray; chief aid, John Ambrose.

Young Ladies' table—George Rooney, chairman; Charles P. Whelan, secretary; matrons, Misses Gertrude Smith, Nellie Mahoney, Annie Hickey, Lizzie McCann, Miss Bowen, Ella Harden, Annie McKella, Mamie Tangle, Nellie Crenin, Annie Murphy, Esther Kelly, Nellie Sullivan, Lizzie O'Donnell, Jennie Donnelly, Annie Downs, Jessie O'Connell, Mary Shelvey, Ella Duffy, Rose McAndrews, Miss Kennedy, Kittle Hall, Ella Morris, Agnes Burns, Florence Sharrow, Mary Mullane, Flora Sharkey, Maggie Crittley, Nellie Gargy; Mary McCabe, Sadie Curry, Mary

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Refreshment table—J. Edward Campbell, chairman; James Wilson, secretary; matrons, Mrs. J. Edward Campbell, Mrs. Alexander Rannigan, Alice Roake, Nana Gallagher, Helen Gallagher, Lizzie Fox, Della Pagan, Teresa Egan, Annie Minnagh, Margaret Roake, Mamie Winn, Ella Conway, Katie Winn, Anastasia Brown, Katie Murphy, Jessie Sullivan, Mary McNulty, Katie Kane, Bridie Harlow, Catherine Mullane, Rose Mullane, Margaret McCavitt, Lizzie McCavitt, Susie P. Donnelly, Ella McDonnell, Elizabeth P. Dillon, Katie Donohue, Lillian Hoar, Margaret Donohue, Minnie Hoar, Kittle Leary, Susie Donohue, Mary McGuane, Rose Muldoon, Mamie Welch, Bridget Halloran.

RECEPTION.

The end of the social season in St. Anne's parish was marked with an informal reception to Rev. and Mrs. A. St. John Chubb, the affair being held in the parish house. Dr. and Mrs. Chubb were assisted in receiving by Mrs. Frank W. Howe, Mrs. T. G. McGannon and Rev. Mr. Burroughs, the new curate. Refreshments were served.

MANCHESTER FIRE.

An alarm was pulled in at 8 o'clock Tuesday evening for a fire in the millinery store of Mrs. J. L. Greigier at 1075 Elm street, Manchester, N. H. The store was locked up for the night and when the fire was discovered it was blazing up in great shape near the partitions separating the millinery shop from the adjoining store on the south. How the fire originated is a mystery. It caught in some straw in a low locker and burned through into a ribbon case. The firemen knocked a large pane of French plate glass out of the

door to force an entrance, and a single dose of chemicals quenched the flames. The loss will not exceed \$500.

FLAG RAISING.

A large American flag five feet wide by ten long, was hung to the breeze over the Locks and Canals building on Broadway, yesterday morning. Col. Francis Engleer Mills and the employees, besides a number of passers-by witnessed the raising and Old Glory received enthusiastic applause.

Fine job printing done at this office.

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It has taken the efforts of a lifetime to establish our business, which—thanks to our appreciative trade—is of a high order, and we propose to "light it out on these lines of excellence to the end. We may make less money on our clothing, but our goods

Must, Will be and a e Right.

Prices will suffer, but not quality. We are going to make this month a memorable one in our trade and offer goods and prices that compel every man to purchase a suit.

FOR INSTANCE.—Men's Blue Serge Suits, sizes 34 to 44, absolutely pure wool and fast color, made and trimmed in our best manner—regular \$12 suit in the regular course of trade, our quick selling price is

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Fine Black Clay Diagonal Washington Mills Worsted Suits, cut and made in excellent manner, both Sacks and Frocks, a trade winner at

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Lowell One-Price Clothing Co.

72-80 MERRIMACK STREET.

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MANY YOUNG PEOPLE WERE IN ATTENDANCE.

The Tables Were Prettily Decorated.

The May festival conducted by the Burke Temperance Institute last evening in Associate Hall was a delightful party. The hall was crowded with young people who enjoyed the fine order of dances. There was no stage performance, entertainment being confined to the dancing. The hall was not properly decorated, but at intervals along the gallery front the national colors were displayed and here and there were noticed miniature Cuban flags. Several tables which were arranged around the sides of the hall, were decorated in lace and pink, blue green and yellow lighting. Lemonade, candy, flowers and ice cream were readily purchased by the hundreds of patrons. Several fancy articles were disposed of by "charity" but the names of the fortunate ones have not yet been ascertained. It was announced that about 1000 tickets for the events were sold. The contest for the gold ring was undoubtedly accountable for the large sale of tickets. Dancing was commenced at 8 o'clock and continued till 1 o'clock this morning.

The following were the officers of the event: General manager, Fred Wm. E. McCarthy; assistant manager, Thomas M. Keegan; floor director, James Sullivan; assistant director, Harry Murray; chief aid, John Ambrose.

Young Ladies' table—George Rooney, chairman; Charles P. Whelan, secretary; matrons, Misses Gertrude Smith, Nellie Mahoney, Annie Hickey, Lizzie McCann, Miss Bowen, Ella Harden, Annie McKella, Mamie Tangle, Nellie Crenin, Annie Murphy, Esther Kelly, Nellie Sullivan, Lizzie O'Donnell, Jennie Donnelly, Annie Downs, Jessie O'Connell, Mary Shelvey, Ella Duffy, Rose McAndrews, Miss Kennedy, Kittle Hall, Ella Morris, Agnes Burns, Florence Sharrow, Mary Mullane, Flora Sharkey, Maggie Crittley, Nellie Gargy; Mary McCabe, Sadie Curry, Mary

Bagley, Nellie McKown, Jennie McQuade, May Pannin, Mary Burns, Kittle Sheehan.

Society table—John Ivers, chairman; Henry Murray, secretary; matrons, Sadie Moore, Mamie Finnegan, Maggie Conroy, Della Leary, Katie Caggar, Laura Clancy, Dora Conroy, Kittle Kelly, Mary Maginness, Maggie Angelo, Jennie Parry, Mamie McMillen, Annie Highland, Jennie Spookey, Miss Murray, Nora McGuire, Maude Highland, Winnie Finnegan, Mamie Edwards, Katie Dolan, Maggie Carey, Della Wilson, Sadie Clark, Mamie Hogan, May Finnegan, Annie Melloy, Katie Donohue, Katie O'Connell, Nellie

Leary, Rose Nihand, Mary Carey, May Miller, Lizzie Williams, Mary Keough, Mamie Nestor, Maggie McErmott, Eva Foley, Mamie Peavey, Susie Keough, Bridie Torpey, Sarah Townsend, Lilla Kellahan.

Refreshment table—J. Edward Campbell, chairman; James Wilson, secretary; matrons, Mrs. J. Edward Campbell, Mrs. Alexander Rannigan, Alice Roake, Nana Gallagher, Helen Gallagher, Lizzie Fox, Della Pagan, Teresa Egan, Annie Minnagh, Margaret Roake, Mamie Winn, Ella Conway, Katie Winn, Anastasia Brown, Katie Murphy, Jessie Sullivan, Mary McNulty, Katie Kane, Bridie Harlow, Catherine Mullane, Rose Mullane, Margaret McCavitt, Lizzie McCavitt, Susie P. Donnelly, Ella McDonnell, Elizabeth P. Dillon, Katie Donohue, Lillian Hoar, Margaret Donohue, Minnie Hoar, Kittle Leary, Susie Donohue, Mary McGuane, Rose Muldoon, Mamie Welch, Bridget Halloran.

RECEPTION.

The end of the social season in St. Anne's parish was marked with an informal reception to Rev. and Mrs. A. St. John Chubb, the affair being held in the parish house. Dr. and Mrs. Chubb were assisted in receiving by Mrs. Frank W. Howe, Mrs. T. G. McGannon and Rev. Mr. Burroughs, the new curate. Refreshments were served.

MANCHESTER FIRE.

An alarm was pulled in at 8 o'clock Tuesday evening for a fire in the millinery store of Mrs. J. L. Greigier at 1075 Elm street, Manchester, N. H. The store was locked up for the night and when the fire was discovered it was blazing up in great shape near the partitions separating the millinery shop from the adjoining store on the south. How the fire originated is a mystery. It caught in some straw in a low locker and burned through into a ribbon case. The firemen knocked a large pane of French plate glass out of the

door to force an entrance, and a single dose of chemicals quenched the flames. The loss will not exceed \$500.

FLAG RAISING.

A large American flag five feet wide by ten long, was hung to the breeze over the Locks and Canals building on Broadway, yesterday morning. Col. Francis Engleer Mills and the employees, besides a number of passers-by witnessed the raising and Old Glory received enthusiastic applause.

Fine job printing done at this office.

THE SIXTH

LEAVES CAMP DEWEY AT 6 O'CLOCK TONIGHT.

The Boston & Albany road this morning received orders to have cars at South Framingham at 6 o'clock tonight to transport the Sixth regiment to Washington.

THE SUN LATEST

5 O'CLOCK

MONEY IS NEEDED

To Aid Families of Volunteer Soldiers.

THE RELIEF FUND IS NOW NEARLY \$1500.

Meeting of the Committee Held Last Night.

The committee on Soldiers' Relief held another meeting last evening at City Hall and plans were discussed for increasing the fund which now amounts to about \$1500. Mayor Bennett presided and said that there was need of active canvassers to go around and see the merchants.

Mr. O'Sullivan believed a committee of two, to take care of the business streets, and canvass every store, could work to good advantage. If any man, he said, "feels too good to go into this committee, his patriotism isn't over two inches high. I am ready to go on such a committee tomorrow morning."

Mr. O'Sullivan mentioned the Old Merchants' week committee and said there was still a balance of \$300 left from that occasion. It would be a good plan to use that money for the soldiers now as it was the people's money.

Mr. Chailloux moved that a committee of three be appointed by the chair to interview the Merchants' Week committee. Mr. McDowell, Mr. C. L. Knapp and Mr. C. A. Mitchell, and see if their assent can be secured to transfer that money to the Soldiers' Relief fund. The Mayor appointed Mr. O'Sullivan, Mr. Holmes and W. J. White after the passing of the motion.

Fr. Burke, John C. Wilson and H. J. Fay all said they were willing to go on a committee to solicit funds.

Mr. John Ring thought the men in camp were all right. It was their families he believed in providing for.

Mr. Chailloux explained that the fund had already been devoted to the families to some extent, as \$10 had been given to many. But Mr. Chailloux went on to say that unintentionally as he believed, the U.S.A. veterans were throwing cold water on this relief movement, saying that nothing of the sort was done for them in 1861.

The Mayor had noticed this too, he said, and he wanted the old soldiers to remember that the city had appropriated money for Memorial day. He referred also to the \$500 appropriated for memorial tablets.

The new contributions to the fund are as follows:

H. H. Alder	\$25.00
John M. Peck	2.00
A. Friend	2.00
W. J. Burbeck	2.00
Dr. M. Rombough	1.00
J. S. Westwood	1.00
Owen M. Donahue	5.00
Frank W. Howe	5.00
George H. Batschelder	1.00
Don Marche Dry Goods Co.	25.00
Harry R. Rice	25.00
Gilbert P. Daquin	25.00
Jacob Rogers	25.00
Lowell & Suburban S. R. Co.	100.00
Hiram E. Mills	50.00
Leola Alexander	5.00
Alfred Leblanc	5.00

CONSIDERED ILLUSORY.

London, May 29.—The Madrid correspondent of The Standard says: "The blockade of Cuba and Porto Rico is considered illusory, as Spanish warships and merchant vessels are frequently proving from port to port between the islands. The mail steamer Alfonso XIII went out from San Juan de Porto Rico to meet the vessels detached from Admiral Cervera's squadron, and then continued her voyage to Spain after delivering an important communication for the commander. The success of Admiral Cervera in avoiding the American fleet and keeping them on the alert excites much enthusiasm and causes the press to clamor for a prompt dispatch of the reserve fleet to the front."

THE BOMBARDMENT.

Kingston, Jan. 26.—Two American warships, whose names were not disclosed from the shore, appeared off Santiago de Cuba Wednesday while the steamer Adula, which has arrived here from that port with refugees, was in the harbor. They approached and drew the fire of the batteries at the entrance. It is not certain whether the warships replied to the fire. The firing continued from noon to 1 o'clock. Captain Walker of the Adula, when coming out, could not see any marks on Morro castle, and inferred that the American ships drew the fire of the batteries to learn the range.

There was much excitement in the city. The regulars and volunteers were called out and new earthwork batteries were erected on each side of the harbor entrance. The number and caliber of the guns are unknown, but it is known that there are 21 torpedoes in the channel electrically connected with the shore.

The cruiser Mercedes, whose boilers are disabled, has been anchored so that she can take the channel for 300 yards, and the merchant ship Mexico of Barcelona, mounting four small, quick-firing guns, is in the harbor. Several coasting steamers and schooners are at the wharves.

SITUATION AT HAVANA.

A Key West-Havana dispatch says: Although the price of provisions here is very high, it is calculated that there is food enough obtainable to last about five months, because, it is claimed, considerable stores were laid in before the blockade and no provisions are allowed to be sent from here to the interior towns. Eggs cost ten cents each, a glass of milk costs from 20 to 25 cents.

There are thousands of men from the army, militia and other bodies out of work and the authorities are employing as many of them as possible on

CLOSING SESSION

OF THE FORERUNNERS HELD YESTERDAY.

At the afternoon session of the Forerunners Convention, yesterday, the following officers were chosen: Joseph S. Anderson, G.S.N., Worcester; J. B. Fontaine, G.S.N., Holyoke; W. H. O'Neil, G.S.N., New Bedford; John Colahan, G.S.N., Lynn; Joseph Burke, G.S.N., Lawrence; Joseph Dallagher, Henry P. McManis, John J. Hanavan, trustees.

About 150 delegates attended the afternoon session of the grand court, which convened at 2.30. Grand Chief Ranger Morris presiding. The first business was receiving the reports of committees.

The advance reports on the following were sustained: Reducing age limit from 15 to 10; raising the age limit from 18 to 21; and the reduction of the initiation fee to \$2. The matter of adopting the Australian method of electing officers was referred to the incoming executive board, which will report at the next convention.

The recommendation to raise the salary of the grand secretary from \$700 to \$800 was defeated as was the one recommending the raising of the per capita tax from 10 to 12 cents. The latter carried the greatest debate of the day.

The officers were installed by Deputy Supreme Chief Ranger Daniel P. Fitzgerald, assisted by S. B. Morris, P.G.C., and W. H. Stafford, P.G.J.W.

The next session will be held in Boston.

CATHOLIC NEWS.

Yesterday was the feast of the Ascension and a holy day of obligation. The services in the Catholic churches were largely attended.

The May devotions in the churches every night are attended by congregations that fill the edifices.

James Kelly of Adams street and Edward Turner of Suffolk street, both former pupils of St. Patrick's Boys' school went to Danvers yesterday and entered the novitiate of the Xaverian Brothers at St. John's Normal school.

Rev. Fr. Fox, O.M.I., has gone to Salem for a few months. Before his departure he was tendered a reception by the pupils of the Immaculate Conception school. A fine entertainment program was enjoyed and Miss Lillian Rountree presented Fr. Fox with a bouquet.

Rev. Brother Clement, director of St. Patrick's school was at St. John's Normal school, Danvers, yesterday.

THE SYRIAN MISSION.

F. Magalhães is speaking in many New England cities at present in the interest of a Syrian mission to be established in Lawrence and Lowell. Mr. Magalhães is a young Syrian and was born and brought up in Mount Lebanon.

MISS CISNEROS.

Miss Evangelina Cisneros, the Cuban heroine, who is now engaged to Carlos Carbonnel, formerly a rich Havana banker. It was Señor Carbonnel who drove the carriage in which Miss Cisneros rode part of the way from the prison to the steamer that took her from Havana.

8000 DOLLAR STOCK TO SELECT FROM.

OVERSTOCKED

Owing to the backwardness of business, for 20 days I will make any of my \$32 and \$35 Suits,

YOUR CHOICE FOR \$20.00.

English Blue and Black Serges, former price \$30, Marked Down to \$15

1000 Different Styles to Select From.

English Black Clay Diagonal, (warranted not to shine) cannot be duplicated in the city less than \$38.00, our price for 30 days,

\$25.00, Silk Lined \$28.00.

1000 different styles London Stripes Trousers, \$4, \$4.50, \$5.50 and \$3.50, former prices, \$7, \$3, \$9 and \$10.

English Covert Coats, all Silk lined, \$20 and \$22. 50 different styles to select from. Largest stock in the city.

D. F. CAVANAUGH, Tailor.

Cor. Central and Middle Sts. Direct Importer. Telephone Connection.

Bring in your cloth for Suit and I will make and trim it first class for \$16.00.

DEATHS.

LAROCHE—Gustave Laroche, aged 61 years, died Wednesday at 17 Farmland road.

CHURCHILL—Addison Churchill died yesterday at his home, 11 Dover street, aged 37 years.

EARLES—George Earles, son of Charles and Mary Earles, died this morning at the home of his grandfather, Mr. Dana Earles, 6 Abbot street, aged nine months.

REILLY—Miss Mary Reilly died last night at her home, 122 Graham street. She is survived by three sisters, Margaret, Julia, and Catherine. Funeral will be held Monday morning from St. Peter's church.

HOWE—Miss Laura Howe, the well known school teacher, died yesterday at her home, 45 Stockpole street, aged 64 years. Deceased was born in Marlboro, but has resided in this city nearly all her life. Funeral will be held tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock.

COBURN—Miss Grace Coburn, aged 24 years, died this morning at her home, 25 Mammouth road. Deceased was the daughter of Charles F. Coburn, the well known Pawtucketville grocer, and Mrs. Blanche Coburn, and leaves a large circle of friends besides her parents to mourn her loss.

CRISP GOSSIP.

This war will not only free Cuba, but it ought to give a knockout blow to the cigarette. Over 50 per cent. of those who failed to pass the physical examination, among the volunteers, have been victims of the cigarette habit.

Since the papers have so much to say about the speed of our vessels, the question is frequently asked: What is a knot? A knot is a geographical mile of 6,080 feet, 805 feet longer than the mile commonly used to measure distances. Hence, when a vessel has a speed of twenty knots, it is capable of going about twenty-three miles an hour. Some of the torpedo boat destroyers can attain the remarkable speed of thirty-five miles an hour—faster than most express trains.

Portland wheelmen have brought about a new method of street sprinkling in their city. In former times it was customary for a water cart to be driven over a certain section, up one side and down the other, making the entire street wet at about the same time. Now the carts are driven up one side for much longer distance, then filled and sent back down the other side, making a difference of perhaps an hour between the sprinkling of one side and the other. This innovation is for the benefit of the wheelmen, and was brought about by the Portland committee, the new body recently formed for the purpose of righting some wrongs that existed. The wheelmen say the new system is a great thing for them, as it gives one day side to the street all the time. Just what poor, dust-covered pedestrians think of this system is not stated.

The use of liquor in military camps is strictly prohibited. A friend of mine the other day, while watching the boys go off to Birmingham asked, "Why couldn't the boys fill their canteens with whiskey? The officers don't inspect every canteen." In answer to that, my friend, I would say that the boys could do so, but that they never would drink after it had been inside the canteen about a day. The action of the spirits upon the linings of the canteen would turn the liquor black as Joe Trumbull's blacking; anything but inviting to drink. That is said to be one of the reasons why the government uses that material for the canteens.

There have been some queer mistakes made, of all kinds, but this is one of the most unusual and undesirable, although not a new harm was done. A man, one time prominent in professional life in this city died. He was a member of a certain society in this city which sent representatives to the funeral. The members of the organization were notified of the death of their fellow member by postal cards sent out by the secretary. One of the cards was addressed to and delivered at the late residence of the dead member, inviting him to attend his own obsequies.

A similar incident was, if anything, worse. A member of a secret society died and his fellows were notified of his death and the time and place of the funeral, and a card was sent to the funeral, at the address of the dead man, directed to him in his own handwriting. He had been the secretary of the organization and had addressed sets of postal cards to the members at his leisure.

At the Foresters' banquet in Brockton, Tuesday night, Thomas H. Middleton of Court Merrimack, F. of A., this city, responded for the Companions of the Forest.

"The land that feeds the cattle rears the man," he said, and paid glowing tribute to true womanhood who has always been the companion of man in his joys and his sorrows. After his eloquent tribute to woman, he also waded patriotic and funnily again the embers of patriotism to a blaze.

It is funny how a person will procrastinate for a nickel. I was on an errand the other noon and in the corner opposite me sat a woman and a little boy. When the conductor came along, she gave him 25 cents and the conductor gave her back 15 cents. "Do you charge for that child?" asked the woman. "How old is he?" replied the conductor. "Nickle," "Only five years," replied the woman. "I am not," said the conductor, "shouting the 'Nickle' indignantly. Then followed a hot time in which the boy insisted that he ought to know how old he was, for he was present at the time of his birth. The woman was completely 'bamboozled' but the conductor gave her a nickel back and graciously paid the fare himself, rather than risk the chance of making the woman feel cheaper than her soap at two cents a bar.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any evidence of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

P. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned, have known P. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

WATERBURY, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WATKINS, Retail Druggists, Wholesale Drugists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 50 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

IN POLICE COURT

Interesting Session Held This Morning.

A FEMALE INTERPRETER WHO KNEW THE BUSINESS.

A Polish Engagement Tea Rudely Disturbed.

Such an array of talent as crowded the space in Court reserved for the members of the bar this morning has not been seen there in many a month. It was Judge Horton, Jerome T. Downing, with a motion to quash, "The State, Nathan D. Pratt, William F. Courtney, John J. Hogan, John Davies, Alderman Rivers, Ex-Alderman Stanley, City Treasurer Coburn, ex-City Treasurer Harrington, Fisher H. Pearson, Lawyer Kilewski, Chairman Pease of the Business Administration League, Assessor Locke, and a whole bunch of constables. Nearly all of them were brought together by the case of Charles A. Jiles, charged with larceny, which was on the docket for today, but not called until later. It was reported that Mr. Manning for the defense, had another motion to quash in his sleeve, hence the interest in the case.

Three drinks only.

An evidence of the greater usefulness of woman was presented when the case of Andrew Avish, charged with keeping liquor, was called. Andrew is a Pole and for the first time in the writer's knowledge, a female interpreter was called into the case.

She was a star, too. She didn't believe in taking up valuable time by asking the witness the questions put to her and then interpreting his answers to the court, but contented herself by answering all questions directly to the great annoyance of the prosecuting officer, Deputy Sheriff, for her answers favored the defendant. One of the bystanders in the defendant's corner, she said, bought the beer which was seized to use on the occasion of the visit of his fiancée to the home. The liquor inspectors contended that the beer was there to be sold. D. J. Donahue appeared for the Pole.

PRIMARY TEACHERS.

The Primary Sunday school teachers' union will meet this afternoon at 4.30 o'clock in the Police court, charged with larceny. All teachers and others interested in Sunday school work are urged to be present.

Mayor Bennett has made a tour of the city and investigated the new work that is being done in the sewer department.

At Keyes' auction Saturday at 11 o'clock, black family horse, also bay combination horse, Goddard buggy, Carriage, harnesses, Blankets, Robes, etc. Family going west wishes to dispose of the above goods at once and they will be sold for just what they will bring.

Call at The Sun office when you are in want of rent receipts. We have them put in book form, one hundred receipts to a book, at 25 cents each.

A MINER'S SUFFERINGS.—Exposure induced colds, and colds developed into that commonest but most offensive of maladies—Catarrh. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder cleared the way to the pure gold of good health.

Fred Laurie of Trail Creek, B. C., writes: "I was a great sufferer from Catarrh. I procured Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, 2 bottles cured me completely. I can highly recommend it."

Sold by Ellingwood & Co., Central and Merrimack streets, and by C. E. Carter, Branch and Smith streets.

REMARKABLE POWER OF MUSIC.

Music hath power to charm the savage beast, but not any more potent is it over the feelings than Cleveland's Lung Healer is over diseases of the throat and lungs. It has proven to be a sovereign remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, and Consumption. Call on F. H. Butler & Co., 266 Central street and 291 Middlesex street for a trial bottle free. Large size, 25 cents.

May 20.

It is a surprise to us to discover what a "bonanza" we've struck in the Bacon Shoe. Gentlemen in Lowell seem to have been buying it in Boston for years, but they have to go to Boston for it no longer.

As manufacturers' agents we carry in stock a full line of all the popular style shoes of the day for gentlemen's wear.

Works in just right with our up-to-date clothing stock.

Three dollars is too much to throw away on worthless shoes, but it is cheaper to buy the Bacon shoes for three dollars and get a warranted article of footwear—an exchange as good as gold—than buy a shoe for two dollars more or less and have to replace them in a few months. The Bacon Shoe is on public exhibition here. Investigate it Mr.

O'Hearn & Dowd

The Clothiers.

OLD POST OFFICE.

FUNERALS.

FLANDERS.—The funeral of Mrs. Mary Flanders, widow of William Flanders, formerly of Lowell, was held yesterday afternoon from the Edison cemetery chapel. Rev. Mr. Nelson conducted the service.

TYRRELL.—The funeral of Mrs. Ella J. Tyrrell, formerly Miss Draper, of Lowell, occurred yesterday from the Edison cemetery chapel. Rev. W. H. Millington officiating.

WALKER.—The funeral of Ashton F. Walker took place from his late residence, 200 14th street, Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. L. C. Manchester officiated and the bearers were: Carl Lund, John Paine, Ralph Clements and John Goodhead. There were many beautiful floral tributes to the deceased. Interment was in the Lowell cemetery.

FURNALD.—The funeral of the late Frank Furnald who died at New Haven, took place Saturday from the chapel in the Lowell cemetery.

Rev. R. A. Greene officiated and a delegation from Amherst York Lodge of Masons was present. The bearers were members of the same lodge.

LECTURE.—The funeral of Irene Hervey LeClair took place yesterday and service was held in St. Joseph's church. Rev. Fr. Curran, O.M.I., officiating. The bearers were Messrs. Dunne, Lueker, Frank Bridges, Dollard, Lequien, Eddie Pratt, Fannie Pratt and Hector Leclaire.

FRYE.—The funeral of Frederick Frys, was held yesterday afternoon. Services were conducted at the home of the deceased on Royal street and Rev. W. A. Bartlett officiated.

Delegations were present from Pilgrim Commandery, Pawtucket and Oberlin Lodges. The bearers were members of Pilgrim Commandery. At the grave in the Lowell cemetery the services were conducted by Pentucket Lodge.

The floral tributes comprised the following: Spray of roses, Mrs. F. T. Oronchinski and Miss Sienkiewicz; roses, Mrs. A. M. Sienkiewicz; Mr. and Mrs. George D. Frys; triangle, Supreme Council, Thirty-third A. A. Chapter; pillow, Pilgrim Commandery; square and compass, Pentucket Lodge; roses of the valley, Alice and Pauline Kilder; wreath of ivy leaves and pansies and spray of roses, Mr. William Leclaire; spray of roses, Mrs. M. P. Frys; wreath and sheaf of wheat, Clarence G. Coburn and family; spray of pink and roses, George H. Frys.

BURNS.—The funeral of Henry Burn took place this morning from his home, 41 Shaw street. Services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Chamberlain and the bearers were James Driver, Thomas Collins, Henry Wright, and Abner Woodhead. Interment was in the Edison cemetery.

LOST IN OHIO.

First in the Western Series Went Against the Bostonians.

Cincinnati, May 29.—Jake Beckley won yesterday's game by hitting, driving in two runs and scoring three himself. Brettenstein retired after the fourth.

Score:

	Cincinnati	A	B	R	H	E	O	A	E
McBride, c.	4	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Smith, 1. b.	4	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
McPhee, 2. b.	3	0	1	0	3	1	0	0	0
Beckley, 1. b.	4	3	1	1	2	0	0	0	0
Corcoran, c.	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Collins, 2. b.	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Irwin, 3. b.	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Steinfeldt, 3. b.	1	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
Peltz, c.	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Britton, p.	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0
Hawley, p.	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	28	5	7	11	1	0	0	0	0

Boston.

	Boston	A	B	R	H	E	O	A	E
Hamilton, c.	4	1	3	2	0	0	0	0	0
Tenney, 1. b.	4	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0
Long, 2. b.	3	1	1	3	0	0	0	0	0
Collins, 1. b.	4	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0
Collins, 2. b.	2	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0
Smith, 1. b.	3	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0
Low, 2. b.	4	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
Berens, c.	4	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
Nichols, p.	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	31	4	8	24	11	0	0	0	0

Cincinnati.

Boston.

Earned runs—Cincinnati, 4; Boston, 2.

Two-base hit—Low. Three-base hits—Beckley, 3; Collins, 3; Smith, 3; Long, 3.

Double play—Helfeldt, Corcoran and Beckley. First base on balls—Irwin, 2; Smith, 2; Nichols, 1. Hit pitched ball—By Nichols, 2. Struck out—By Nichols, 1. Time 1:45. Umpires—McDonald and O'Day.

The Brooklyn narrowly escaped a shutout in Louisville. A triple by Tucker and an infield out gave them their only run. Cunningham pitched a fine game. Score: 4 to 1.

The Pawtucket hit life hands, and won easily from the Brocktons. Tinchler held them down to one hit for three innings, but was then set upon. The visitors' three singles and a homer in the fourth netted four runs. Score: 11 to 1.

The New Bedford won from the Fall River in a most exciting finish. In the last inning, with the score 3 to 0 against them, the Fall River had three men on bases with only one out. The best they could do, however, was to score one of these. Score: 3 to 0.

The Newport-Taunton game was never in doubt after the first three innings, in which the Tauntons batted out a lead that stood until the end. Horner, an old timer, made his first appearance of the season in the box, and struck out four of the Newports in succession. Score: 8 to 0.

The Washingtons batted behind of the Chicagoans in the first inning. The Chicagoans made two on base

WAR MAY BE WORLDWIDE.

Captain Whitely Says the Possibility Is Anticipated by British Authorities.

Captain A. S. A. Whitely, in charge of the arsenal at Melbourne, Australia, west through Pittsburgh to Washington the other day to call on President McKinley. Captain Whitely said:

"My trip is the result of the Hiram-American war. Speaking as a private

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of The Associated Press.
Per Year, \$3.00. Per Month, 25c.

NEVER REFUSE

to advertise in a paper with a large circulation because you do not agree with its views on public questions. It is not to the paper that you appeal for trade, but to its readers. If you solicit patronage from those only who think as you do, you had better go out of business before you lose every dollar you have.

You may not agree with The Sun on all questions, but if you take the trouble to look into its circulation, you will agree that you cannot afford to be out of its columns if you advertise at all. The Sun has a larger circulation than any two other papers in Lowell, and it is the cheapest advertising medium in this city on the basis of actual circulation. It's

**LOWELL'S
GREATEST
NEWSPAPER.**

THE ONLY ONE

Our neighbor, the Citizen, is candid enough to admit the truth in the following statement:

"The Citizen and the Mail have the night service of the Associated Press, to their war news is identical. The Sun has the full day report of the Associated Press, the Citizen, News and Mail have what is called the 'pony service,' that is bulletin of the news." As the chief war news comes in the day service of the Associated Press, it is plain that The Sun is the only afternoon paper in Lowell that has arranged to get all the war news. Therefore to get the latest and best war news buy the various editions of The Sun.

THE LATE WILLIAM D. GLADSTONE

In the death of Hon. William D. Gladstone of England, one of the most distinguished men of the age has passed away. A man of remarkable physical and intellectual power, he was continuously improving both. After his college training which gave him a theological or controversial bent, he engaged in religious controversy writing pamphlets and newspaper articles exploiting his views. But although these caused some discussion, they produced but slight effect, and young Gladstone turned to statesmanship. At first a Tory, he fought every liberal policy but finding eventually that the Tory party offered him little prospect of advancement, he abandoned it to become a Liberal. By this step, he practically disavowed most of the political tenets for which he had stood and fought, in parliament and out, regardless of what might be said of his inconsistency. He was a man of great resources and when he desired to win a victory, he scrupled not to pander to certain of his enemies in order to secure their assistance in securing victory. It was thus he became the leader of the home rule movement because he wanted the support of the Irish members more than he wanted home rule. He got the support for a time—the Irish party, under Parnell having repeatedly enabled him to become premier of England, and as often forced him to resign.

He carried his home rule measure successfully through the house of commons and for that the Irish people should perhaps be grateful to him; but had he proved faithful to the cause or to his promises, he could have carried the home rule bill in spite of the opposition of the house of lords. Had he insisted upon the passage of the bill and appealed to the people on that issue, the lords would speedily have yielded, but he acquiesced in the wishes of royalty that he should no further precipitate an agitation that would strike so near the foundation of the monarchy. He could not hold office and at the same time reverse his policy and disavow his pledges to the people. It was said that falling health caused him to retire, and when this was discredited by his exhibition of strength as a woodchopper, it was asserted that his eyesight was poor. He had some trouble with his eyes, but nothing to prevent his continuous reading of the newspapers, or to interfere with his prosecution of his Home Rule or other studies. These things convinced the friends of Ireland that Gladstone deceived them in having yielded to the entreaties of royalty to abandon the Irish cause.

Yet Gladstone must get the credit of having effected many important reforms for Ireland. It was he who brought about the dis-establishment of the English church in Ireland, relieving the people from the obligation to sup-

port a church to which the vast bulk of them did not belong. And he it was who secured first a secret ballot and still later a household franchise which gave the Irish people the power to elect men to represent their sentiments rather than men who represented and supported their oppressors. It was thus he gave the Irish people the necessary members in parliament to make their influence felt and sometimes, this strength as has already been stated, was used against him, sometimes in his support.

As a statesman Mr. Gladstone was deficient in foresight. In this regard he was immeasurably the inferior of Disraeli and other men of less prominence in the British parliament; but as an orator, as a scholar, a student, a debater, a politician, and in some measure a philanthropist, Gladstone had no superior. He will take his place in history with the greatest statesmen of England and with the greatest men of his own day. In the greatness of his achievements he did not compare with Lincoln or Bismarck, but since Disraeli died, Gladstone has easily towered above every other statesman of England. Salisbury is a shrewd leader and a good exponent of Tory principles, Chamberlain is an astute and able politician, while Bismarck, Haubert, and the rest fall far short of Gladstone's power as a statesman or even as a philanthropist. Every age produces its share of great men, but just at present there seems to be no man among the liberals with the single exception of John Morley, who would be worthy to wear Gladstone's mantle.

Our neighbor, the Lawrence Sun, has the following in which we heartily concur:

"England claims to be so friendly with the United States in this hour of trouble that we are inclined to be doubtful as to her sincerity. Let her demonstrate her friendship by ordering ex-Minister Buchanan, who is at the head of the Spanish spy service, with headquarters in Montreal, from Canada at once."

THE FIRST CIRCUS

RINGLING BROTHERS WILL BE HERE IN THREE WEEKS. Lowell people in the vicinity of the union depot yesterday morning, saw an unwelcome sight. It was a large, green advertising sign and the legend that it bore was "Hingling Bros' World's Greatest Shows." Then a small army of billposters and lithographers began to circulate about town. This past brigade attacked the billboards and the lithographers made a work of the show windows. In a little while, the town began to assume a circus aspect. Walls looked like canvases and windows were earthy with color. Hingling's Circus, it was declared, had grown vastly in size and attractiveness since it was last seen in this vicinity. Three years ago, during its last tour in New England, it had 38 cars. Now it has 60. The number of fine horses has been doubled, there are twice as many performers and in all departments of the show, it was declared, there has been a commensurate increase. The date of the show in Lowell is Thursday, June 2, and already considerable interest has been aroused in the coming of this popular theatrical institution.

PATRIOTIC SOCIETY

The young men of Mr. Larkin Trull's Sunday school class held a patriotic social in the First Baptist church yesterday last night. The national colors tastefully arranged, formed the decorations. A musical and literary program was given, and consisted of patriotic selections, also given solos by John Noonan, Harry Jones, by William Rice, piano duet by the Noonan brothers and vocal solo by Warren Hild; hymn, Rev. Smith T. Ford.

FOR MEMORIAL DAY

The Memorial Day committee of the G.A.R. posts met last night in Post 45 hall and voted to ask a delegation of the high school young ladies to participate in the parade on Memorial Day. Watchable Command, T.V.H., the High School Association, and the Daphne Association, Naval Veterans, have accepted invitations to take part in the exercises.

LOWELL ART CLUB

The Lowell Art club met last night to criticize the work of the members. Judgment was passed on about fifty pictures. The club's membership has been considerably increased of late, and great success is anticipated. There will be a special meeting of the club on Thursday evening for the purpose of making arrangements for a suitable habitation for the club. The monthly exhibition of the work is now open at Room 41, Hildreth Building.

the ghastly terror of consumption stares a man in the face who neglects a cold.

HALE'S MONEY

OF THE

HOREHOUND

AND

TAR

It's so simple to get rid of a cough or throat trouble by Hale's Money and Tar. Acts like magic. Sold by druggists.

Pick's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

WHERE MONEY PROFITS

Theory of the Gold Men That Won't Hold Good.

TWADDLE CONCERNING PRICES

They Claim That the Producer Can Keep Even When Prices Fall by Purchasing More Cheaply—A Rule That Works One Way Only—Absurd Reasoning.

The gold men say that a fall in prices harms no one, because if the producer has to sell more cheaply he can also buy more cheaply and thus keep even. That sounds plausible, but in practice it doesn't work. If everybody had the same amount of money, everything sold at the same ratio and every one occupied precisely the same position in all respects, then the theory would hold good. But if a man's wealth be entirely in the form of money and prices fall one-half it makes him in effect just twice as rich, and when such a change of relation takes place somebody must have sustained a loss. If one man gets more than his share, others must have less. It is a singular circumstance that the gold men will persistently claim that a fall of prices will do no harm because the losses on the sales are offset by the gains on the purchases, at the same time declaring that a rise of prices is going to work dire ruin.

They ought to be able to see that this rule which they invoke applies just the same to a case of rising prices as of falling. If a person sustains a loss by being compelled to pay more for what he buys, it would seem as if he would be able to keep even by getting higher prices for what he sells. In the last campaign they proclaimed through the columns of the press from every rostrum that free coinage would ruin the wage-worker. According to their philosophy, it was going to cut the dollar in two and leave it a 50 cent dollar. The wage-worker would get no more dollars, and what he did get would only buy one-half as much, and of course he would be ruined. At the same time the factories were all going to close because they would have to sell their products for 50 cent dollars and get no more of them. And so with the farmers. Their crops would bring them no more dollars, perhaps not so many, and what they did get would only be worth 50 cents each. They would buy but half as much store goods.

According to this wonderful reasoning, everything that the producer had to pay would be doubled in price, while everything that he sold would be cut in two. They failed to explain who was going to get the difference, but of course it must have been the merchant, because he could buy from the factory at the same price as before and sell to the wage earner at double price, thus realizing 100 per cent profit on each deal. In short, he would buy an article for one 50 cent dollar and sell it for \$2 of the same kind. And yet, strange to say, the merchant was also going to be ruined in the general financial chaos which would follow. It is simply marvelous that such twaddle should have deceived a single voter in all this broad land. And the absurdity of it becomes more glaring when we consider that they are now shouting that prosperity is here, and prove it by the circumstance that what has gone up, the very thing which they claimed was going to ruin the wage worker by increasing the price of his daily bread. H. P. BAUTING.

WHO ENVIES HANNA?

What Honest Man Would Change Places With This Corrupt Politician?

From the standpoint of decency and morality, what honest American citizen would today exchange places with Mark Hanna?

Officially he is in the company of a class of men drawn together by a process of selection which respects their manhood and integrity. With these men he is bound to associate daily during the sessions of congress, knowing that for him they entertain a contempt that passes expression. Half a few months ago as the maker of a president, he is now succeeded, even by those who fought that fight with him as one who would betray that president and place him in history along with the weakest of public characters. Standing out defiantly against the mandates of this great nation's conscience he spluttered out that all who wanted to go to war with Spain for humanity's sake were fools and thieving scoundrels. He can now be found lurking behind the doors and cringing in the corners of the White House, endeavoring to influence the course of war so that speculators and corrupt politicians may reap the benefit.

From the legislature which commissioned him to serve the people of a great state has gone a charge, direct and specific, that with the use of money he secured his commission.

What honest man in America would today change places with Mark Hanna? What manly man in America but pities him?

Now power nor riches make him in this country. Now power nor riches bring him respect in America—St. Louis Republic.

Hanna and Cuba.

What we want to know is just what republic in Cuba is Mark Hanna and his administration in favor of recognizing. Are Gomez, Garcia, etc., refusal recognition because they will not issue bonds as representatives of the Cuban government? Does Mark Hanna propose to organize a government in Cuba that will suit the money powers? We are inclined to believe that Hanna & Co. are conspiring to do something desperate. Is it not beyond possibility that before this war is over Hanna and a few of his ilk may run foul of military discipline.—National Democrat.

ON BEACON HILL

Money Set Apart for the Highways.

THE BAKERIES BILL REFUSED THIRD READING.

Six Embozzlers Pleased Cully.

Doston, May 20.—In the house the ways and means committee reported a bill for a \$100,000 appropriation for state highways, \$300,000 of which are to be spent this year and \$100,000 to go over for the early work in 1899. The bill further provides that none but citizens of the commonwealth shall be employed on the work.

The bill to regulate the business of bakers and the tenure of labor of the persons employed therein came up for a third reading in the house. After several amendments had been adopted the bill was refused a third reading. Notice of a motion to reconsider was given.

Senator George moved a reconsideration of the vote by which the senate passed to be engrossed the bill preventing the reduction of wages of women and minors in manufacturing establishments, and then on his motion the whole matter was put over until Wednesday.

By a vote of 26 to 60 the house refused to substitute a bill for the taxation of property bequeathed to foreign trustees and accepted the adverse report of the committee on taxation.

SIX PLEAD GUILTY.

Doston, May 20.—Six of the 14 men who obtained money from the New England Railroad company by false pretences pleaded guilty yesterday to the indictments against them.

Dr. James E. Frothingham surrendered to the police to answer to a charge involving him in the circumstances attending the death of a young woman who was known as Mary Ryan, but whose exact identity the police have been unable to learn.

BLOW KILLED HIM.

New Haven, May 20.—Irving Webster, 20 years of age, a semi-professional boxer, received a knockout blow in the third round of a fight with James Egan and died three hours later. Egan is under arrest pending the investigation of Coroner Mix. Both men were employed by the New Haven Manufacturing company, and the bout occurred during the noon hour.

To Cure Constipation Forever. Take Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Weak Men Made Vigorous

What PEPPER'S NERVIGOR Did!

After a long and painful illness, I was cured by the use of Dr. J. C. Pepper's Nervigor. I was unable to do any work, and my health was so bad that I could not even walk. After taking a few bottles of this medicine, I began to feel better, and in a short time I was able to do my usual work. I am now as strong and vigorous as ever, and I am very grateful to Dr. J. C. Pepper for his discovery. I have recommended this medicine to all my friends, and I am sure it will do them good. I am, Sir, your obedient servant, J. C. PEPPER, M.D., New York.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Chickens' English Malted Bread.

These pills are made from the purest and most reliable ingredients, and are guaranteed to cure all cases of constipation, indigestion, and all other ailments of the stomach and bowels. They are sold in small bottles at 25 cents each, and are available at all druggists and grocers.

BREVOORT HOUSE

NEW YORK.
Honorable Hotel of European Reputation.
FIFTH AVE. AND EIGHTH ST.
Near Washington Memorial Arch, Washington Square.

The location is unsurpassed and is absolutely unequalled for business and sight seeing. All the hotel conveniences and lines passing within two blocks of the door.

The hotel is managed on both the European and American plans.

The regular tariff charge for each person will be: European plan, \$1 and upwards, American plan, \$2 and upwards.

JAMES & MEYER, Props.

Merchants and Travelling Men

having business down town can economize time in the busy part of the day by stopping here.

Hotel Albert, New York.

COR. 11TH ST. AND UNIVERSITY PL.
(One block from Broadway cars.)

Rooms, \$1 Up. RESTAURANT.

Good beds—good food—quiet, airy rooms—close to heart of wholesale district. Well portions served, making it possible for one to dine alone at moderate cost.

For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the table, will make his \$24 table for \$15. The \$24 table for \$20. The \$20 table for \$15. The \$15 table for \$10. The \$10 table for \$5. The \$5 table for \$2.50. The \$2.50 table for \$1.25. The \$1.25 table for \$0.625. The \$0.625 table for \$0.3125. The \$0.3125 table for \$0.15625. The \$0.15625 table for \$0.078125. The \$0.078125 table for \$0.0390625. The \$0.0390625 table for \$0.01953125. The \$0.01953125 table for \$0.009765625. The \$0.009765625 table for \$0.0048828125. The \$0.0048828125 table for \$0.00244140625. The \$0.00244140625 table for \$0.001220703125. The \$0.001220703125 table for \$0.0006103515625. The \$0.0006103515625 table for \$0.00030517578125. The \$0.00030517578125 table for \$0.000152587890625. The \$0.000152587890625 table for \$0.0000762939453125. The \$0.0000762939453125 table for \$0.00003814697265625. The \$0.00003814697265625 table for \$0.000019073486328125. 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FRIENDSHIP OF FRANCE

Assurances of Consideration Received From French Authorities.

The Dominant Sentiment Favors us — Sensational Editors and Small Investors for Spain—Matters in the Senate Yesterday.

Washington, May 20.—As a result of recent exchanges between the officials of the state department and those of the French embassy, an agreeable understanding has been reached which gives assurance of a continuance of the friendly relations between the United States and France. It has served to make clear that each government has the fullest confidence in the friendly attitude of the other, and that any criticism or animosity aroused by recent incidents in the war have not been shared by the government officials of either country.

In the recent exchanges the attitude of some of the Parisian newspapers in criticism of the United States, as well as those of this country in criticism of France, has been gone over. It was pointed out by the state department officials that they had expressly disclaimed any sympathy or endorsement of these criticisms, and that at most they were private expressions in no way reflecting the feeling of the United States government toward France. The French authorities have given assurance that the same criticism came from an unrepresentative class of radical Parisian newspapers and in no way represented the cordial sentiment entertained by the French government and French people toward the United States. It was shown also that the more influential and representative journals in touch with the government maintained the most friendly tone toward this country.

All misapprehension on the subject of the Lafayette incident and the alleged desecration of the monument from March 1897 was cleared up. As the Lafayette, the state department never questioned the good faith of the French authorities, and as to the delay in dispatches, this was disposed of by the fact that the messages came over the British, not the French, cable line. Altogether the exchanges have produced a pleasant impression on both sides and a feeling that any apparent estrangement between the two countries has been overcome.

Mr. Robinson of Paris, who is prominently identified with Parisian journalism, has arrived here. While representing two papers which are identified with the French government, he also has a personal interest in the subject. "It is a matter of the greatest surprise to French people," said he, "that this inexplicable feeling of animosity should have arisen between people who have been bound together by the closest ties of friendship from the days of the revolutionary war. We ask ourselves, 'What does it mean?' I came directly from Paris and am able to say that neither the French government nor the French people have any sympathy or friendship for Spain, while they have the greatest possible friendship for the United States. You hear of certain ill-feeling in Paris, but the cause of it is plain. The French people invested about \$100,000,000 in the Panama canal, and lost almost every penny of it. It came out of the pockets of the poor people. It was a fearful loss to this class of people. Now this same class has made another investment in Spanish securities. While a small part of these securities is held by French capitalists, the great bulk of it, about \$50,000,000, is held by the poor throughout France. Naturally, with all their savings invested in Spanish bonds, they look upon war with Spain as threatening another loss such as that from the Panama failure. That is the basis for any apparent sympathy in France for the parent sympathy in France for Spain. It is only the minor French papers, those recognized as sensational and incendiary, that express sympathy for Spain. The solid press of Paris, the semi-official press, expresses the view of the French people at large, which is always cordial to the United States and never friendly to Spain."

WASHINGTON LAWMAKERS.

Washington, May 20.—While several important paragraphs in the war revenue measure were passed over yesterday for future consideration, excellent progress was made by the senate in the consideration of the bill. Two-thirds of the measure have been read, the committee amendments generally having been agreed to. Mr. McLaughlin opened the discussion of the bill with a carefully prepared speech touching all of its features. He expressed the hope that the bill would pass as reported by the majority of the committee as France, with the exception of the stamp tax, which he thought quite unnecessary. He was ready to vote for any measure that would tend to bring the war to a successful conclusion. People in Cuba were dying every hour. Their condition was beyond the power of description. Every day now meant the loss of hundreds, perhaps thousands of lives in Cuba. Mr. McLaughlin declared that liberty on the island was at stake, and the war had placed our own national prestige at stake.

Mr. Daniel objected seriously to the retroactive feature of the house bill as applied to the tobacco schedule. It had aroused a storm of protest in every commercial center of the country. He declared the adoption of the retroactive

feature would result in the ruin of all small dealers and leave the tobacco trade in the hands of monopolies. Mr. Bacon thought the retroactive feature in every part of the bill unjust and ought to be eliminated.

Mr. Teller said the difficulty was that the committee was divided as to the sum that should be raised as revenue under the bill. He did not believe the bill would produce as much as Mr. Allison had estimated, but as for himself he was not a smoker and he thought the country should not only provide revenue for the present war, but also for the future. Mr. Teller said the indications were that the war with Spain would not long continue, but to him the signs were equally strong that within a few years we would be involved in another war.

The adjournment of the house until Monday postpones until next week any possible consideration of the Hawaiian resolutions. The impression that the committee on rules will provide for bringing up the resolutions next week is strong. It is said that Speaker Reed is ready to yield to the demands for consideration, and it is believed that the revenue bill by the middle of the coming week will be so well on its way toward passage in the senate that action upon the Hawaiian matter in the house will cause no delay in disposing of the other bill. This will remove the ground for what has been widely objected to, putting up the resolutions upon the part of Mr. Dingley and a considerable element in the house, and with that out of the way it is believed consideration of the Hawaiian question will follow speedily. After passing the later arbitration bill as amended by the senate and experiencing a political lull, the senate will probably turn to the Hawaiian question.

THE WEATHER.

Sun rises—4:17; sets, 7:55.
Moon sets—8:33 p. m.
High water—12 noon; 12 night.
While there is a chance of cooler temperatures tonight or Saturday morning, it is most likely to continue warm remainder of the week, with southerly winds. The weather Saturday promises to be partly cloudy, and local showers or thunderstorms may occur, but the greater part of the time will be without rain.

The Triumph Bicycles

At \$30 Can't be beat. They give satisfaction. Come and see them.

T. P. Boulger, 115 Central Street.

Friday and Saturday

We Shall Offer Some Exceptional Good Values in

TRIMMED HATS, WALKING HATS AND SAILORS.

HEAD & SHAW, THE MILLINERS, 169 Merrimack Street

An Up-to-Date Century Rider | A GLANCE AT OUR SHOES

Should have a pair of Bicycle Shoes. Ladies' 10-inch Bicycle Shoes, \$2.00. Ladies' 15-inch Bicycle Shoes, high cut, best quality, \$2.50. Men's Bicycle Shoes, black or russet, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.00.

and prices will convince you that we are in it for the long haul. Ladies' Kid Oxford, \$1.00. Ladies' Serge Slippers, 25c. Children's Kid Boots, 3 to 6, 20c. Children's Kid Boots, 6 to 8, 30c. Children's Kid Boots, 8 to 11, 40c. Boys' Shoes, sizes 3 to 5, 1-2, 90c.

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Fine Imported Millinery in Trimmed Hats and Shapes, Flowers, Ribbons and Feathers, as our customers say, at about half what other dealers ask. See them and you will save money.

This week we have added to our stock the grandest line of Ladies' Skirts ever shown this side of Boston. Our Skirts are made from the very latest imported novelties and by one of the best manufacturers in this country. To see these Skirts would delight any lady whether she buys or not.

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If you want a spring Hat don't throw your money away paying fancy prices. We can save you dollars on fine Hats, also on shapes and flowers. Untrimmed shapes from 15c. to any price you want to pay.

Come and see us, you won't be sorry. We are known to give the best value in Lowell, that's what every lady says.

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111 Corham Street.

Never Before

Have we been able to sell

Bicycles at such low prices. \$25.00

will buy a better wheel than you could get at \$75 last year. We sell cash or credit and take old wheels in exchange.

RING'S BIG STORE, 221-229 Dutton Street.

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No Charge For Extracting

Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask \$10 and \$15 for, and every set warranted to be Gold Filling and Gold Workmanship. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial teeth without pain, also Rooted Teeth. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday office hours. 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Not open evenings. DR. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists, Rooms 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

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and coming you to know and love the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

WANT COLUMN.

TWO PIPERS WANTED between 16 and 18 years of age. Applicants will call at 203 Moore street, Saturday, between 9 a. m. and 1 p. m.

LOST—A pocketbook containing a \$5 bill and two cents and receipt for about 8 o'clock, around the corner of Common street, at Mr. Deane's room. The finder please return to 112 Salem street and receive reward.

HARBOR WANTED—For Saturday at Class, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

Caesar Misch

Odd - Fellows - Block
78, MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL.

THE SPANISH FLEET

Disturbs the water of the great deep and enables our feet to make

The Greatest Catch of the Season

Extra Large Mackerel, 25c.
Extra Large Shad, 13c., 2 for 25c.
Extra Large Halibut, 10c. to 15c.
Cod and Haddock, 3c.
Strawberries, 10c., 3 boxes for 25c.

Banner Market

PRESCOTT STREET.

Agents for the Household Range, Easy on fuel, easy bakers, easy to operate, fully warranted.

\$20 to \$40

Ranges REFRIGERATORS

The Ranney is the Best.

Ice Boxes, \$4.50 to \$10
Refrigerators, \$7.50 to \$30

Robertson & Co., 82 Prescott Street

FANCY Creamery Butter

SEE THIS STAMP ON EVERY PACKAGE.

Ask Your Grocer For It.

SHADY GROVE N.H. E.M.S. CO. Lawrence Mass. SEPARATOR BUTTER

No other Butter on the market today can equal the Fine Flavor of the "SHADY GROVE."

For Sale by all the Leading Grocers in the Merrimack River Valley from Franklin, N. H., to Newburyport, Mass.

A MULTI-MILLIONAIRE IN CUPID'S CLUTCHES.

George Vanderbilt to be
Wedded In Paris.

AMERICAN GIRL'S CATCH.

New York.—The marriage of a Vanderbilt—and there have been many of them, some under peculiarly romantic circumstances—is always the event of a social season. There are those who have insisted time and again that George Vanderbilt, the youngest of the sons of William H. Vanderbilt, though the richest bachelor in America, was simply an impossible catch. For years he has been put down by society as the book worm of the family, as the literary genius, whose only love was his library, filled only now and then for the fine outland sport which made his monster preserves at Biltmore famous.

It was a beautiful American girl, who finally overthrew all the promise of a rare millionaire bachelor career, and on June 1st in Paris, Miss Edith Stuyvesant Dresser, will become the mistress not alone of Biltmore House, the richest country place in America, but in time also of the fine Vanderbilt mansion on Fifth Avenue, now occupied by the aged mother of the Vanderbilts, and with it of the great collection of paintings on which William H. Vanderbilt spent millions.

Miss Dresser, as the Stuyvesant in her name presupposes, comes of an old Dutch family, the one title to name and fame in New York society. In fact she traces her ancestry back to the nifty Peter Stuyvesant, once a governor of New York, and known in history as the most bigoted and obstinate of the Dutch executives sent over from Holland. There is nothing of his nature left in the Dresser girls. Time has mellowed all that, and Miss Edith, who has traveled extensively in the past few years, is not alone literary in her tastes, but a rare art and musical critic as well. She is a granddaughter of the late Daniel Le Roy, of New York, being also closely related to the Kings, Le Roes, Fish and Stuyvesant families, who for generations have been identified with the history of New York.

Miss Dresser's sisters are Mrs. John Nicholas Brown, formerly Miss Natalie Dresser; Mrs. George Granville Merrill, formerly Miss Pauline Dresser, whose husband is rector of the little Episcopal church at Tuxedo Park; and Miss Susan Le Roy Dresser. She is also a sister of Mr. D. Le Roy Dresser, who married Miss Emma Burham, a granddaughter of the late Gordon Burham.

In her tastes she has a close affinity to her affianced who has from his youngest years been almost the exact opposite of at least one of his brothers, William K. and of his nephew Cornelius, Jr., both of whom have given the social world of two continents much to gossip about. He has always been a close student, natural history being one of his special fads. On one of his hunting trips in South Carolina he became interested in what is now the Biltmore property, and decided to build upon it the costliest and finest country house in America. In this he has succeeded, and its surroundings alone are the marvel of the south. All about the house, in the grounds there is ample proof of costly and tasteful work. The flower gardens are especially fine. Many of these are sunk below the general level and when the sun is out bright and strong, the blaze of color is like reflections from many-hued mirrors. The total area covered by the gardens, greenhouses, and nurseries cannot be far from seventy-five acres. The conservatories are filled with rare and beautiful plants, including especially rare roses and orchids.

The nursery contains more kinds of trees and shrubs than there are in the botanical gardens at Kew, near London. North Carolina is rich in the number of native trees, and the climate is as well suited to the growth of a large variety of trees and shrubs as that in any State in the Union.

In order to have fine gardens and grounds it was necessary to have the strongest and best soil. Immense quantities of rich soil were brought from the valleys and river bottoms miles away. Carload after carload was dumped on the ground and made into garden spots. The amount of dirt brought over the railroad would make another mountain.

The stables are as fine as any in the country. Mr. Vanderbilt is fond of blooded stock, and no doubt the stalls and barns delight the lover of long ped-

dorstanding after the Battle of Waterloo the allied sovereigns had reserved to themselves the disposal of all vacant territory to some of the princes then out of a job. The Ministers of Austria, England, Prussia and Russia determined to decide upon all territorial questions among themselves and only of France and the other Powers. This nearly caused a rupture. Talleyrand on hearing of the arrangement demanded that the whole European concert should meet in open Congress. But the "Big Four" continued their sittings as already arranged. Still it was found impossible to continue. While Napoleon reigned these powers were united against him, but now that the common danger was disposed of they were no less against each other.

The Congress, assembled in September, 1814, and on January 8, 1815, Talleyrand's purpose of bringing Europe into two halves was only availed by a secret treaty pledging these powers to at once take the field against Russia and Prussia in defence of the Peace of Paris. France was immediately admitted into "the Big Four" and Europe assumed these divisions in which it remained until a United Italy and the German Empire arose.

Passing over the treaty which ended the Civil War, those which ended the Holy Roman Empire, the Austro-Prussian wars and that of 1871 which gave Alsace and Lorraine to Germany, we come to the next great international conference, that of Berlin.

The treaty of Berlin in 1878 stopped the victorious march of the Russian Army upon Constantinople. It thus preserved a plague spot in Southwestern Europe, Spain being the blotch in the corresponding corner of Southwestern Europe. These precious blessings, the word "Jingo," and "the Panama League" are said to be the results of that treaty in which Lord Beaconsfield figured. Russia had perfected a treaty with "the Sick Man," the famous treaty of San Stefano, by which was secured complete independence for the Christian population of Montenegro and which created the new state of Bulgaria with a seaport on the Black Sea. Bulgaria was to be a buffer state for Russia. The British Government, looking at the map, considered that any such step reopened those questions already settled on the abdication of Napoleon. A Congress of "the Big Five" was accordingly called in Berlin.

This time Prince Bismarck presided. Prince Gortschakoff represented the Czar, Count Andrassy, Austria and Lord Salisbury represented the interests of Great Britain. Under the conditions of this treaty Turkey was shown of some of her territory, which was added to Austria; the principality of Bulgaria was recognized as an autonomous Power with a Christian Government and a national militia. Stipulated reforms were to be introduced in Greece, Epirus, Thessaly, Armenia, and other parts of the Ottoman Empire.

Lord Beaconsfield went back from Berlin with the cry of "Peace with honor," the ludicrousness of the situation being that there was neither peace nor honor. Two years ago the most faithful mass meeting took place in America and when Lord Salisbury who was a member of the conference was appealed to by the Christian sentiment of England to enforce the treaty, Lord Salisbury faintly declared that the redress of Armenian injustice was not a function of the Conservative party. The great leader of the Liberals who had formerly stirred England over the Bulgarian atrocities was not in Parliament, and Sir Vernon Harcourt was as silent as a heap of baggage on the opposition bench.

The next arrangement which might have affected the world's destinies was that at the Town Hall of Shimonoseki in April, 1895. Count Ito was at home on this occasion and Li Hung Chang with Mr. Foster of America and Count Cassini in the back ground safe guarding those of China. As most of the Chinese fleet was either in the hands of the Japanese or at the bottom of the Yalu river or in the harbor of Wei-Hai-Wei, and the victorious armies of the Mikado were in sight of Peking, the Chinese had no alternative but to concede whatever was demanded, knowing that Russia, Germany and France, which constitute the "Triple Alliance" for the control of the Orient would veto any immoderate terms. Japan demanded the cession of the Liao Tung peninsula, the warships already in Japanese hands, control of Port Arthur and \$200,000,000.

The plenipotentiaries held five sessions, the result of which was that the mailed hand of Russia was seen behind the China-Japanese war. Japan had to be satisfied with the money indemnity and Formosa, Russia more recently taking the Liao Peninsula and valuable railroad rights in that territory which is now virtually a Russian province.

Great Britain apparently did not know that anything was happening until the Russian vessel, the completely fortified herself in the Gulf of Korea which it destined are long to be a Russo-American Lake. That England finally assured the continuance of peace by taking Wei-Hai-Wei. While these events were taking place in the Far East, this country was creating a diversion of momentous importance in Venezuela and the message of President Cleveland in December, 1895, was admirably timed whether Cleveland so intended it or not to create such a disturbance in London as would not only vindicate the Monroe doctrine in Venezuela but also repay Russia for the famous "midnight treaty" of 1865, under which Alaska was ceded to the United States.

To Russian assistance and Russian friendship for the United States we are indebted for the present raising and resolved to do or die in propria persona. The country will therefore watch this young gentleman's progress with renewed interest on the staff of Gomez and with the army of liberation in Cuba.

Men of the stamp of William Astor Chanler are rare in New York. He is worthy of a noble success because like Sempronius he has done something to deserve it.

It is this step the first that he has taken which singles him out for public notice. On coming of age he cut loose from the crowd of glided youths of the Tenderloin who speak a modulated Cockney accent, and who after their morning "bawls" devote the balance of the day idling in the drowsy or in selecting the best madams or studying the records of the most attractive prima donnas. Mr. Astor Chanler organized a hunting trip in Africa in 1892. He is the author of a highly interesting work "Through the Jungle and Desert" which sheds light on the dark continent, and which caused him to be elected a member of the Royal Geographical Society. He knows how to use a rifle effectively, and is an expert sharpshooter. He knows also how to move a caravan or to pick a tiger or to spy a Don at three thousand yards and send either to sleep with enough of lead in his brain to steady a passage over the river Styx.

Mr. Chanler has roughed life enough in Africa to become an invaluable aid in Cuba, while his superior intelligence and his unflinching courage will make the young millionaire a favorite of General Gomez and of the army. He

CHANLER, MILLIONAIRE-HERO.

Joins Gomez To Aid In The Battles For Cuba's
Freedom.

HIS REMARKABLE CAREER ON TWO CONTINENTS.

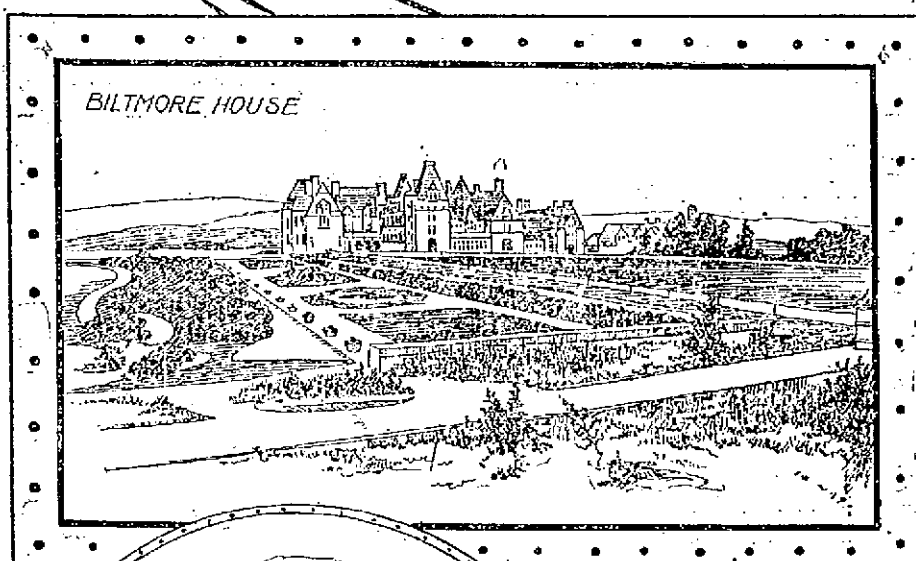
William Astor Chanler is a young man of fortune and of leisure. Fortune and leisure are the twin civilizers of man. William Astor Chanler is also an American whose education has been unconstrained by foreign travel. The latter qualification is essential for a man nowadays that a man had seen Europe or had taken a degree at Harvard would be to imply that he was a somewhat raw and athletic youth, crisscrossed with bookish learning and out of touch with these Democratic times. An Edmund Burke used to say that an acquittal at Old Bailey was no recommendation to office, so the fact of man having dined with dukes or having studied under an Elliot or a Woolsey or a Norton, or to say that he was turned out by one of our great universities is too apt to convey the impression with the mass of people that he is one of those enervated Americans who love other countries better than their own.

William Astor Chanler is not a man of that stamp. He is an American from the crown of his head to the soles of his feet. He has a noble ambition, and a spinal column around which to build a great American. He will become one some day and is starting in the right direction. Mr. Astor Chanler has already attempted the raising of a regiment and has offered it to the

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It is this step the first that he has taken which singles him out for public notice. On coming of age he cut loose from the crowd of glided youths of the Tenderloin who speak a modulated Cockney accent, and who after their morning "bawls" devote the balance of the day idling in the drowsy or in selecting the best madams or studying the records of the most attractive prima donnas. Mr. Astor Chanler organized a hunting trip in Africa in 1892. He is the author of a highly interesting work "Through the Jungle and Desert" which sheds light on the dark continent, and which caused him to be elected a member of the Royal Geographical Society. He knows how to use a rifle effectively, and is an expert sharpshooter. He knows also how to move a caravan or to pick a tiger or to spy a Don at three thousand yards and send either to sleep with enough of lead in his brain to steady a passage over the river Styx.

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Agrees and blue blood. Then there are the deer park of 3,000 acres and the well-stocked trout streams. The forest affords shelter for game. All the drives about Biltmore Park are varied and picturesque.

FAMOUS TREATIES OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY.

(By Thomas Burke Grant.)
At a time when the world is likely to see another treaty that will alter the boundaries of nations, it is well to look over the great treaties of the century. What did they effect?

The first of these began almost with the century itself, and arose from events connected with Napoleon's seizure of power and his aggressive policy in Europe. It is known as the "Peace of Amiens" between Great Britain, Holland, France, and Spain. It was facetiously called "the Peace of Amiens" because it really provoked war. Its most notable achievement was to enable Napoleon's friends to invite the French senate to give Napoleon, who was then First Consul, some token of the national gratitude of France. The Senate voted to promote the First Consul's tenure of office. The proposition

had but one opponent, a Girondist, who loudly asserted that the first steps towards a despotism had been thus taken, and that a flagrant usurpation threatened the Republic. Lafayette registered a noble "No," sent the First Consul a spirited letter, and ceased the relations he had hitherto maintained with Napoleon who had already stirred up a rebellion in Holland, was the master of Italy, and was now about to become the master of France. The treaty was signed March 27, 1802, by the Marquis of Cornwallis on the part of England, and by Joseph Bonaparte on that of France, and after a long session of the Senate in protest Napoleon was on August 3 proclaimed in these terms: "The French people name and the Senate proclaim Napoleon Bonaparte First Consul for life."

The London "Times" and the whole British press roared its disapproval. Napoleon thundered back that if the English press interfered in the domestic affairs of the French people, that the nation knew how to respond to such flagrant impertinence, and would not be slow to preserve the dignity of the French name. Accordingly, as Addison used to say in after years, the ink on the treaty of Amiens was scarcely dry when national pride was aroused which impelled the new peace. The promptness with which France challenged the British nation upon that occasion is the secret of why Englishmen, whoever else they may despise, have still a profound respect for Frenchmen, and have been very shy of touching upon their domestic disorders since. The line envy of the press had nearly ruined the Empire.

The next in importance was the Treaty of Vienna in 1815. This was the great council of the powers which readjusted the disturbance caused by Napoleon in the affairs of Europe. The Czar of Russia, the Kings of Prussia, Denmark, Bavaria and Wurtemberg, and nearly all the statesmen of Europe gathered around the Emperor Francis of Austria and his more famous minister, Metternich. Metternich by common consent presided. Lord Castlereagh represented England and Talleyrand France. The subordinate envoys and attaches of other Courts added to a host of petty princelings whose nominal titles remain, but whose power have disappeared from the map of Europe, crowded every hotel or available private residence in Vienna. They all gathered like vultures to feed upon the caged lion whom the brutal Sir Hudson Lowe was at that time insulting on board of the Bellerophon en route to St. Helena. This assemblage was also likely to end in renewed war. By the secret un-

lenced to death for rebellion? Then the little chap, who was not a year older than his brother, blew out his chest like the little game cock he was, and said: "I only asked because Carlito is so young; because I wanted to put my arms about him when you fired to save him all I could when the bullets came; but Carlito is a Cuban; he will be brave." Then the sergeant made them kneel down, three feet apart, on the ground, with their backs to the firing line, and said: "Now, you are dead. The fire was drawn up, and the lieutenant cried, 'Applaud!' (aim). But you know, these little fellows had edged toward each other, working on their knees hard, and were kneeling

shoulder touching shoulder, and with cheek to cheek. Then the volley came, and the bullets lifted the poor little feather-weight, that they were, off the ground and blew them against the wall. You know, palsano, I have not been at all easy in my mind about the rights of these things which I see, and sometimes I think that you and I, who sit here and see these things done without trying to stop them, are sin vergonzas (without shame), like all the rest—no better and no worse."

Little folks are wearing organdies over undershirts of light colors. They are made with many rows of insertion and small tucks.

has suffered the pangs of hunger on the Tang river. He has had yellow fever in Datcho Africa. He has been present at Queen Victoria's Court and has danced coitions with dusky maidens on the Jomhine Range. He has dabbled with politics as a Parnellite sympathizer in Dublin, and in a word he has won life in many lands and under such varied vicissitudes as to make him a general favorite and an all-round interesting type of American youth. Illustrating Pope's line: "Worth makes the man and want of it the fellow."

Mr. Chanler is the grandson of both the late William B. Astor and of the famous Sam "Ward." His father served as a member of three Congresses from New York City and left the son enough of money to indulge in any reasonable fancy. But all the young man's investments were as prudent as his ambitions seem to be laudable and patriotic. He is a large-souled, virile, clean cut and full blooded American gentleman who is blazing the way for a type of serious young men who are the hope of the future, which this country so rapidly developing and which she sadly needs particularly in the large centers of the East, and of whom William C. Whitney is probably the best example in the matured life of today.

Through persistent experimenting, a process has been discovered by which glass can be hardened to the consistency of steel, and its first practical application is to be given to the manufacture of skates.

China has the richest deposits of quicksilver in the world.

Men of the stamp of William Astor Chanler are rare in New York. He is worthy of a noble success because like Sempronius he has done something to deserve it.

It is this step the first that he has taken which singles him out for public notice. On coming of age he cut loose from the crowd of glided youths of the Tenderloin who speak a modulated Cockney accent, and who after their morning "bawls" devote the balance of the day idling in the drowsy or in selecting the best madams or studying the records of the most attractive prima donnas. Mr. Astor Chanler organized a hunting trip in Africa in 1892. He is the author of a highly interesting work "Through the Jungle and Desert" which sheds light on the dark continent, and which caused him to be elected a member of the Royal Geographical Society. He knows how to use a rifle effectively, and is an expert sharpshooter. He knows also how to move a caravan or to pick a tiger or to spy a Don at three thousand yards and send either to sleep with enough of lead in his brain to steady a passage over the river Styx.

President to fight in Cuba. Owing to the belief in Washington that this nation is sufficiently indebted to its rich men there seems no necessity for individuals to raise levies of armed troops. Besides in Spain's case it reminds one too much of calling out the artillery to shoot a fly.

But nothing daunted this plucky young man has done the next best thing—he has gone himself to the front and has offered himself to General Gomez. This shows better than the offer to raise a regiment that Mr. Astor Chanler is an exceptionally practical young man.

For after all it is not difficult for any young man of means to collect a regiment to fight any where just now. "To go where glory waits there is not so much of a patriotic as an opportune inspiration, particularly when one feels that the glory will be all his own, and that if he is not placed at the head of the regiment he himself rules and at his own expense the administration will be at fault. This is the way people think whatever they say. There was too much of this tactful system of trade and barter in the Civil War and the United States has grown too big and dignified a nation to receive aid from private individuals against Spain except in the way of ordinary enlistment.

Mr. Astor Chanler undeterred by any considerations nobly suspended regiment raising and resolved to do or die in propria persona. The country will therefore watch this young gentleman's progress with renewed interest on the staff of Gomez and with the army of liberation in Cuba.

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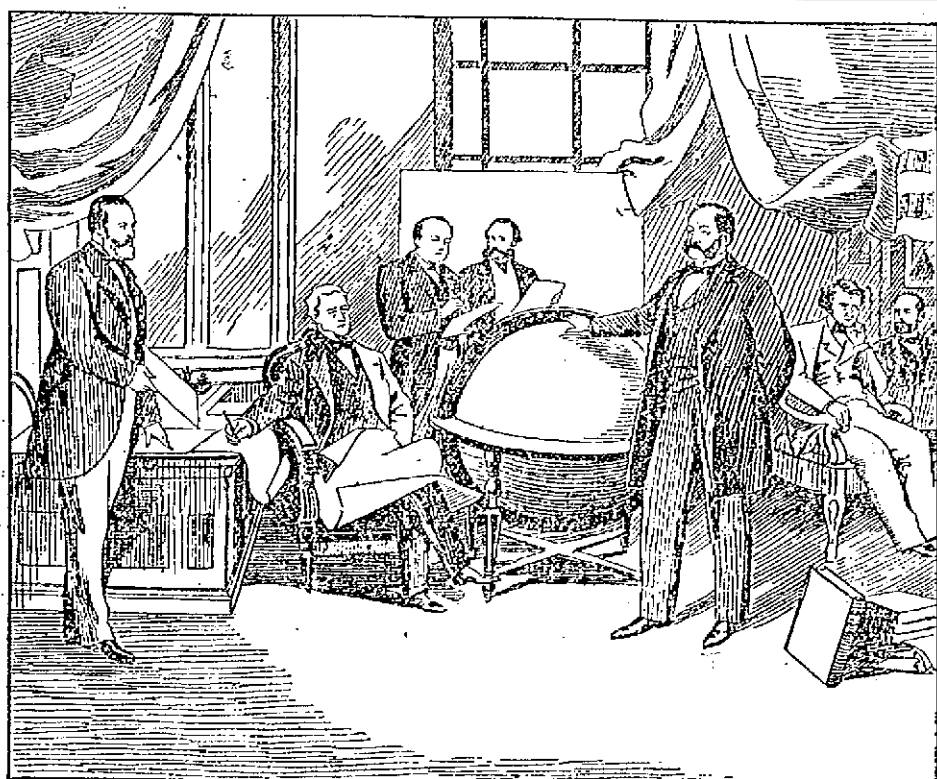
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THE "MIDNIGHT" TREATY THAT GAVE US ALASKA.

SPANISH TREACHERY.

Mr. Stephen Honeal, in his "The Real Condition of Cuba To-day," describes the execution of two little Cuban boys, whose only sin had been that they always shouted "Long Live Free Cuba." An old sergeant tells him the

story. They had been kept imprisoned but "they were very much pleased when the lieutenant said they would die together; he would not separate them. Then the oldest told his courage a little, whispered impudently to the captain, and we thought he was going to give way, poor little worm, and I would not have blamed him. He

should have been at home with his mother, curled up in her lap. But then the captain answered, loud and sharp, and we knew he had not been wavering. The captain said: 'What you ask is impossible. I cannot have your arms unbound. I must obey orders, and you must be shot just as you are, and like all other prisoners, sen-

lenced to death for rebellion? Then the little chap, who was not a year older than his brother, blew out his chest like the little game cock he was, and said: 'I only asked because Carlito is so young; because I wanted to put my arms about him when you fired to save him all I could when the bullets came; but Carlito is a Cuban; he will be brave.' Then the sergeant made them kneel down, three feet apart, on the ground, with their backs to the firing line, and said: 'Now, you are dead. The fire was drawn up, and the lieutenant cried, 'Applaud!' (aim). But you know, these little fellows had edged toward each other, working on their knees hard, and were kneeling

shoulder touching shoulder, and with cheek to cheek. Then the volley came, and the bullets lifted the poor little feather-weight, that they were, off the ground and blew them against the wall. You know, palsano, I have not been at all easy in my mind about the rights of these things which I see, and sometimes I think that you and I, who

sit here and see these things done without trying to stop them, are sin vergonzas (without shame), like all the rest—no better and no worse."

Little folks are wearing organdies over undershirts of light colors. They are made with many rows of insertion and small tucks.

The Sun is the only Lowell paper receiving the full day service of the Associated Press. A loop from their lowest wires runs into this office, where an operator is stationed to take the entire report for this paper.

The Sun being connected by a loop with the wires of the Associated Press running all over the country, never gets left on an item of news. By this means it can investigate fake rumors of the war.

SPAIN'S FLEET IS DOOMED

Within 24 Hours the Squadron of Sampson Will Be On It, While Schley Cuts Off Its Escape--On the Land Side Gomez With 15,000 Insurgents Marches on Havana, While Garcia With 5000 Closes in on Santiago de Cuba.

ALL REJOICING AT MADRID

Over the Arrival of Admiral Cervera at Santiago De Cuba.

Report That U. S. Warships Fled on Sighting the Spanish Fleet—Account of the Bombardment—Great Enthusiasm at Madrid—The Cadiz Fleet Getting Ready to Sail.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MADRID, MAY 20 (4 A. M.)—THE SPANISH FLEET ON ARRIVING AT SANTIAGO DE CUBA FOUND THERE TWO AMERICAN WARSHIPS WHICH RETIRED WITH ALL SPEED. THE QUEEN REGENT HAS CABLED CONGRATULATIONS TO ADMIRAL CERVERA.

ADMIRAL CERVERA, SAYS A CABLE DESPATCH FROM SANTIAGO DE CUBA, DID NOT SIGHT ANY AMERICAN SHIPS DURING THE VOYAGE. HE ANNOUNCES THAT THE CREWS OF HIS SHIPS ARE IN PERFECT HEALTH AND ENTHUSIASTIC.

CONTINUING, THE DESPATCH SAYS: "THE BLOCKADING VESSELS QUICKLY LEFT ON THE APPROACH OF THE SQUADRON, WHOSE ARRIVAL HAS CREATED THE GREATEST EXCITEMENT AND ENTHUSIASM IN SANTIAGO DE CUBA. IMMENSE CROWDS OF PEOPLE THROUGED THE QUAYS AND CHERRED OUR SAILORS."

HAVANA'S RELIEF AT THE SAFE ARRIVAL OF THE FLEET IS VERY GREAT, AS IT WAS FEARED THE AMERICAN SHIPS WHICH LEFT THE BLOCKADE HAD GONE TO INTERCEPT THE SPANISH FLEET. IT IS NOW BELIEVED THAT THE AMERICANS FLED IN ORDER TO AVOID A REVERSE."

REJOICING AT MADRID

(Copyright, 1898, The Associated Press.)

MADRID, MAY 20.—AT TEN O'CLOCK YESTERDAY EVENING, THE MINISTER OF MARINE, CAPTAIN AUNON, RECEIVED A DESPATCH FROM ADMIRAL CERVERA, IN COMMAND OF THE CAPE VERDE SQUADRON OF THE SPANISH FLEET. IT READ:

SANTIAGO, DE CUBA, MAY 19.

"THIS MORNING, I HAVE WITHOUT INCIDENT, ENTERED THIS PORT, ACCOMPANIED BY THE SQUADRON.

(SIGNED)

CERVERA."

THE MINISTER OF MARINE IMMEDIATELY WENT TO THE RESIDENCE OF THE PREMIER, SENOR SAGASTA, AND COMMUNICATED THIS INFORMATION. HE THEN PROCEEDED TO THE PALACE FOR THE PURPOSE OF INFORMING THE QUEEN REGENT BUT HER MAJESTY HAD ALREADY RETIRED AND THE NEWS WAS CONVEYED TO HER BY THE INFANTA ISABEL. CAPTAIN AUNON THEN WENT TO THE ADMIRALTY AND CABLED HIS CONGRATULATIONS TO ADMIRAL CERVERA.

TO FALLS CHURCH

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SOUTH FRAMINGHAM, MAY 20.—THE DESTINATION OF THE 5TH MASS. VOLUNTEERS IS FALLS CHURCH, VA.

NIGHT EDITION SIX O'CLOCK

THE COMING BATTLE

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, MAY 20.—IT IS BELIEVED HERE THAT THE TWO GREAT NAVAL FORCES WILL COME TOGETHER FOR BATTLE AT MOST WITHIN 24 HOURS. THE RUMOR IS THAT SCHLEY WILL TAKE THE MONITORS AND SOME OF THE SMALLER CRUISERS TO KEEP THE SPANIARDS OUT OF HAVANA, WHILE SAMPSON TAKES THE BATTLESHIPS AND LARGER CRUISERS TO CHASE CERVERA AROUND THE ISLAND.

THE BATTLE EXPECTED

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, MAY 20.—A KEY WEST SPECIAL SAYS: "EVENTS OF SURPASSING INTEREST ARE EXPECTED TO DEVELOP NEAR HERE WITHIN 24 HOURS. DETAILS OF THE IMPORTANT MOVEMENT PROJECTED ARE NOT PERMITTED TO PASS THE CENSOR."

GOMEZ CLOSING IN

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, MAY 20.—A COPYRIGHTED SPECIAL FROM PORT AU PRINCE TO THE EVENING WORLD SAYS INFORMATION HAS REACHED THAT PLACE THAT GENERAL GOMEZ, AT THE HEAD OF AN ARMY OF 15,000 INSURGENTS IS CLOSING IN ON HAVANA. HIS ADVANCE GUARD, LED BY QUENTIN BANDERA, THE DESPATCH SAYS, HAD A SKIRMISH WITH AND PUT TO FLIGHT 800 SPANIARDS. SANTIAGO DE CUBA, ACCORDING TO THE SAME REPORT, IS MENACED BY 5,000 INSURGENTS UNDER GENERAL GARCIA. THE DESPATCH ALSO REPORTS THAT SPANISH WARSHIPS HAVE BEEN SIGHTED OFF YUCATAN, CONVOYING THREE TRANSPORTS, CARRYING TROOPS AND PROVISIONS FOR HAVANA.

NEW MINISTRY HOPEFUL

Spain's New Minister of Marine is Talkative.

He Thinks That Cervera Has Achieved Wonderful Success in Landing at Santiago—Report That Two American Warships Bombarded Guantanamo.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MADRID, MAY 20.—IN TAKING POSSESSION of the admiralty, the new minister of marine made a patriotic speech to the assembled officers, during which he re-

called "the splendid example set by our fathers at Cavite in dying for Spain." Lieut. Arturo de Caceraneta, the former Spanish naval attaché at

Washington, has arrived here. He is quoted as saying that he was closely watched in Canada by agents of the United States government.

Advices from Manila say the situation there has improved. Captain General Augusti, it is added, has regulated the price of provisions.

It is also reported from Manila that the foreign colonies have sent the captain general expression of sympathy with Spain. This is markedly the case with the German colony and the action of the Germans is said to be due to orders received by the German consul from Berlin.

In an interview today, the minister of marine is quoted as saying: "I am greatly rejoiced at the safe arrival of the Spanish fleet at Santiago. It is an immense triumph for the Spanish navy. The sailors who executed the movement and those who planned it are worthy of all praise."

Continuing, the minister of marine said he congratulated himself upon the first event happening in his administration auguring so well for the navy and for the country.

A despatch from Havana says two American ships have bombarded Guantanamo and that the Spanish gunboat Sandom and a regiment of marines resisted attack made to land there.

According to the Spanish version of the affair, the Spaniards did not suffer any loss and the Americans retired.

BABY Carriages at A. E. O'Hair & Co.'s, 16 Merrimack street.

Money Deposited

on or before Friday, June 3d, in the SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

of the

TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK

will draw interest from June 1st,

at the rate of 4 per cent. Compounded

per annum. Annually.

(Daily, 8 a. m. to 4 p. m.,

Saturdays 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.,

Chas. J. Glidden, Pres.

Bank Hours: 17 to 20 p. m.

Middlesex Street, Cor. Post Office Avenue

WANTED—100,000 Men

To make

DOWD'S HONEST 10

Cigar—The best of 10c. brands.

T. J. DOWD, Mfr., Nashua, N. H.

ROCKING CHAIRS

With one pound of

Rock, 75 East Merrimack street

Tel. 248.

SQUARE PIANO, \$10.

1 Durban & Sons square piano, \$10. 1 Hal-

let and Davis, almost new, \$10. 1 Bielefeld

upright piano, left on sale by party going away,

\$10. 1 Ivers & Ford upright piano, \$15. Ask

to see Mrs. Marchand's piano, which must be sold

at any price before May 25th. Our Jacob Ball

pianos are the leading instruments of the age.

For sale by Samuel Orr, No. 322 Merrimack

Street, Associated Building, Lowell, Mass. Look

up the number of your old square, you may be

the lucky one.

James F. O'Donnell,

UNDERTAKER.

Telephone at Postoffice, Office and Stables

Market St. Cor. Worthen.

MAY LAST A YEAR

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, MAY 20.—IF PRESIDENT McKINLEY RECEIVED IMPORTANT INFORMATION BEFORE THE MEETING OF THE CABINET TODAY, IT WAS NOT OF SUCH A NATURE AS TO BE MADE PUBLIC.

SENATOR SHIPLY, WHO SPENT SOME TIME WITH THE PRESIDENT, EXPRESSED THE BELIEF THAT THE REPORTED ARRIVAL OF THE SPANISH FLEET AT SANTIAGO WAS TRUE AND THAT IT MIGHT HAVE THE EFFECT OF BRINGING ABOUT AN EARLIER CLOSE OF THE WAR THAN HAD BEEN EXPECTED.

HE THOUGHT, HOWEVER, THE INDICATIONS WERE THAT THE WAR MIGHT LAST A YEAR.

Putnam & Son
Men's Summer Underwear
19 Cts.

We have just received from a mill its entire accumulation of slightly imperfect goods, and offer now more than a thousand Shirts and Drawers at half real value,

19c. Each.

In this lot are Balbriggan, made from genuine Egyptian cotton, Grey mixed and Yaeger mixed summer weight and the new Tan and Light Blue shades. All sizes in each.

Shirts are finished with French necks and pearl buttons.

The imperfections are so slight as to be scarcely discernable and do not detract in the least from the real value of the garments.

Your choice for 19c., goods that would regularly cost you double.

PUTNAM & SON

166 Central Street.



FIRE IN GAGIN'S WOODS.

At a late hour yesterday afternoon a serious fire started in Daniel Gagin's woods near the old mill at Verrill's Landing and at one time it threatened to do great damage, but fortunately the rain put an end to further destruction.

ALCONQUIN DANCE.

The Alconquins held their second successful dance of the season last night in Prescott hall. The officers were: Harry Pearson, general manager; Walter H. Kendall, box director; Chester D. Coran and Harry L. Gaudier, aids.

THE POWDER MAGAZINE

CAMP DEWEY SCENE

AWAITS ORDERS

Sixth Regiment Ready to March When Ordered.

ANOTHER MARRIAGE IN CAMP DEWEY YESTERDAY.

Ninth Regiment Caves a Fine Drill.

Camp Dewey, South Framingham, May 18.—It has been another day of rumors with regard to the movement of both the Sixth and Ninth Regiments, but tonight, both are sleeping on the tented field without orders of any kind. There is, however, a possibility that the Sixth will leave tomorrow afternoon, as Col. Woodward received a despatch this evening, stating that if the Boston & Albany could secure cars before midnight it would be in a condition to transport the regiment to Church Falls, Va., tomorrow, 17, however, the cars did not arrive, the troops could not be moved until Saturday.

There have been all kinds of rumors with regard to the departure of the Ninth Regiment. Some are inclined to think that this regiment will be sent with Gen. Merrill to the Philippine Islands, while others are of the opinion that it will remain here as a reserve, but there is one thing certain, that both officers and men care but little where they are sent to. They are performing their duty like good soldiers and will obey whatever orders may be sent them.

The delay in moving this regiment has proved most beneficial to the command.

It will be a very different regiment to those that have already gone to the front, inasmuch as all the recruits have had the benefit of a good week's drill. It has given the men an opportunity to fix their equipment and clothing and today it is in a position to go anywhere and at any moment.

The men have been over a week on army rations and the various commissary sergeants and cooks have had a week of practical work which cannot fail to prove beneficial.

But the time has now arrived when a move is desirable by both officers and men. It is too near home, and just as long as the regiment remains here there will be a tendency to "go to see the folks" and of "the folks" to come to camp to see the boys.

The drill of the Ninth Regiment today was excellent. Lieut. Col. Hogan was in command and both officers and men put considerable snap into their work. Commands were promptly repeated and intelligently executed.

Everyone paid strict attention to business and there was a total absence of talking and crowding in the ranks. The marching was fine and the distances well maintained from start to finish.

In the afternoon Gen. Wolcott came on the field with several members of his council and was an interested spectator of the drill of the Ninth, going out on the field to watch the maneuvers.

THE SIXTH LEAVES CAMP DEWEY AT 6 O'CLOCK TONIGHT.

The Boston & Albany road this morning received orders to have cars at South Framingham at 6 o'clock tonight to transport the Sixth Regiment to Washington.

Free dancing at Harmony Grove Saturday afternoon and evening. Take trolley to the electric.

First class job printing done at this office.

Where Are We At?

We do not think that the entire country is gone mad for cheap clothes. We believe there are still a large number of people who appreciate quality above price, and that quality must suffer if it has taken the efforts of a lifetime to establish our business, which is to be our appreciative trade—is of a high order, and we propose to fight it out on these lines of excellence to the end. We may make less money on our clothing, but our goods

Must, Will be and a Right.

Prices will suffer, but not quality. We are going to make this month a memorable one in our trade and offer goods and prices that compel every man to purchase a suit.

FOR INSTANCE—Men's Blue Serge Suits, sizes 34 to 44, absolutely new and of best color, made and trimmed in our best manner—a regular \$12 suit in the regular course of trade, our quick selling price is

\$6.00.

One Black Gilt Diagonal Washington Mills Worsted Suit, cut and made in excellent manner, both Sacks and Trousers, a trade winner at

\$7.50.

Lowell One-Price Clothing Co. 72-80 MERRIMACK STREET.

BILLERICA NEWS

Contracts Let for the Water Works.

FATHER MATHEW SOCIETY ARRANGING FOR BAZAAR.

Which Will be Held Next Week.

The water commissioners have let the contracts for the water works and the work on the foundation for the standpipes on Colby's Hill will begin next week.

Talbot's mills are working till 9 o'clock evenings in order to cancel a large navy order.

Miss Mamie Hawkes of Boston was visiting in town on Sunday. Miss Hawkes is a talented musician and her many friends look forward eagerly for her success.

The Father Mathew T. A. society will hold their bazaar all next week, commencing on Monday evening, the 23rd, at Talbot Memorial hall.

Mr. Young of Lowell has been engaged to decorate the hall and the fair promises to be a great success. This well known society owns one of the handsomest temperance halls in any village in the state, but its large membership demands additional improvements, which will be made during the summer. Merchants have contributed the following articles towards the bazaar: O'Donnell & Gilbride, purveyor; Dave Cavanaugh, \$10 pair trousers; J. L. Chaffee, boys' suit clothes; Bartlett & Dow, lawn mower; Barker Market, barrel of flour and one turkey; Goukin Bros., 1 Willow rocker; H. F. Ebers, 1 robe; J. Cote, bay rum; J. L. Cote, table covers; Thompson Hardware Co., clothes hanger; Johnson & Co., cash; O'Sullivan Bros., 15 pair of shoes; Myron Bros., pair slippers; Delisle, grocer, tub of lard; G. Mongeau, pair slippers; H. Girard, set of iron; Robertson & Co., rug; Brown Bros., 1000 articles; Lathrop & Cummings, 1 dozen photographs; Madeline Grogg, \$10 hat; Samuel Scott, brass plate; Ryan shoe store, pair slippers; Legault, jeweler, clock; M. Pogg, cutlery; Kilpatrick Bros., box cigars; Henry O'Dowd, robe; Elinor & Co., silver Easter; Merrimack Clothing company, spring overcoat; D. H. Desmond, 20-lb. chest tea; J. V. Keyes, 4 table covers; Martel & Co., 1 pair slippers; Putnam's Market, box butter; J. J. McMahon, plant; N. Carp, rug; Steele & Co., boy's suit clothes; Staines & Co., piano stool; D. Murphy, picture and frame; Slick & Co., box of butter; Severance Bakery, 100 cakes; Jackson & Roberts, plant; Dow's shoe store, 2 boxes Marshall Cream; Thompson's drug store, 1000 articles; Pearson's drug store, 4 bottles cologne; Martin's drug store, 1 dozen bottles tooth powder; Tilton & Co., 1 box stationery; Durant & Co., silver tea set; Putnam & Son, silk umbrella; J. J. Chish, silver butter dish; John Green, fancy suspenders; Frank Merrill, box of stationery; Adams & Co., fancy chair; Talbot Clothing Co., spring coat; Dickson Bros., lamp; Lower's shoe store, pair slippers; O'Brien & Co., pair slippers; Shanley & Co., spread; Jenkins & Co., box dolls; Harry Richardson, candy; D. L. Page, candy; J. D. Grant, nut cracker and picks; A. G. Pollard, fancy vase; Pearson's shoe store, pair shoes; Fitzgerald & Co., hand mirror; P. P. Devine, Frank's, 1000 articles; Allen Fraser, fancy tie; Davis & Mann, 1000 articles; Bailey & Co., bronze pen holder; Thomas Lawrie, album; O'Brien & Dowd, boy's suit clothes; Miss Delude, 1000 hats; Miss Kenny, ladies' hat; James Wade, pair of shoes; Carter & Sherrburne box soap and toilet articles; Arthur Cummings, pair of gloves; Cook, Taylor & Co., wrapper; Wood's Jeweler, silver cake basket; Griffiths, 1000 flowers; Green & Co., 1 pair slippers; Lowell Rubber Co., hot water bag; J. H. McCook, picture and frame; W. H. Brewer, base ball; O'Brien Bros., lamp; Washburn & Co., 1000 articles; G. Kimball, umbrella; Goodale & Co., box cigars; John J. Lameran, pair shoes; J. Plunkett, box cigars; E. J. Ryan, grab bag; McArthur & Co., chest of coffee; J. Haley, pair of shoes; George Allen, whip; Betrand, tailor; 1000 pants pattern; James Urtwell, ham; Zimmer & Co., receiver; Lockin & Co., pair of shoes; Eugene Rogers, fancy hat; Nichols & Co., coffee; J. W. Hatch, tea; J. P. O'Donnell, bicycle suit; W. H. Ford, berry dish; McDon-

ald Bros., pair of shoes; G. J. Miller, 10 lbs. candy; Pelletier & Co., clock; Parham's Bros., cash; Boston Globe, year's subscription; Boston Post, 1 year's subscription; Boston Herald, 1 year's subscription; Haynes & Co., flowers; James Gallagher, 1000 articles; A. Cohen, pair of vases; Ed Martin, fruit dish; Watson factory, 1000 articles; Egan & Co., pair of slippers; H. W. Locke, chest of tea; Barker & Co., pair of slippers; M. J. Gray, fancy mirror; O. J. Coleman & Co., 10-lb. chest tea; Ed Martin, commode set; Farrell & Co., fancy articles; Union market, commode set.

BILLERICA DONATIONS.
A. D. Dane, Guess cake; F. H. Parker, ham; Charles Maxwell, briar pipe; Denis Devine, end of wood; Daniel Heardon, end of wood; F. A. Morey, barrel of flour; John Baker, ham; Rev. Fr. Paquette, picture and frame; Holden Bros., barrel of flour.

BURKES' PARTY

In Associate Hall Was a Grand Success.

MANY YOUNG PEOPLE WERE IN ATTENDANCE.

The Tables Were Prettily Decorated.

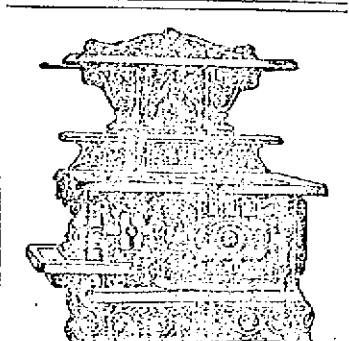
The May festival conducted by the Burke Temperance Institute last evening in Associate Hall was a delightful party. The hall was crowded with young people who enjoyed the fine order of dances. There was no stage performance, entertainment being confined to the dancing. The hall was not prettily decorated, but at intervals along the gallery front the national colors were displayed and here and there were colored miniature Cuban flags. Several tables which were arranged around the sides of the hall were decorated in lace and pink. Nuts, green and yellow banding, lemonade, candy, flowers and ice cream were ready purchased by the hundreds of patrons. Several fancy articles were disposed of by "chance" but the names of the fortunate ones have not yet been announced. It was announced that about 1000 tickets for the event were sold. The contest for the gold ring was undoubtedly accountable for the large sale of tickets. Dancing was commenced at 8 o'clock and continued till 1 o'clock this morning.

The following were the officers of the event: General manager, Pres. Wm. E. McCarthy; assistant manager, Thomas M. Keegan; floor director, James Sullivan; chief aid, John Ambrose. Young ladies' table—George Rooney, chairman; Charles P. Whelan, secretary; matrons, Misses Gertrude Smith, Nellie Mahoney, Mamie Blakey, Lizzie McGowan, Anna Bowers, Ella Harden, Annie Miskala, Mamie Kettle, Nellie Kremin, Annie Murphy, Esther Kelley, Gertrude Sullivan, Lizzie O'Donnell, Jennie Donnelly, Alice Downes, Josie O'Donnell, Mary Shelve, Ella Duffy, Rose McAndrews, Alice Kennedy, Kittie Hall, Ella Morris, Agnes Burns, Florence Sharrow, Mary McManis, Betsy Shurkey, Maggie Crittelle, Nellie Garvey, Mary McCabe, Sadie Curry, Mary



WILLIAM MCCARTHY, General Manager Burke's May Festival.

Mahoney, Katie Lynch, Mary Kennedy, Katie McKenna, Addie Kiley, Mary Keegan, Annie Egan, Martha McElate, Nellie Crittelle, Della McNamara, Della Kennedy, Minnie McNabe, Lizzie Williams, Annie McNamara, Mary Gallagher, Lizzie McDonald, Mary Davis, Mary Collins, Mary Walsh, Winnie Norton, Annie McLoughlin, Mamie Scanlon, Ella Brennan, Lizzie Egan, Mary Murphy, Katie Lyons, Josie Turner, Mary Callahan, Madeleine Lewis, Louise Bowers, Bridget Roarke, Minnie



OUR PRIZE.

When a young man's fancy turns to thoughts of love, he is often led to the thought of a woman on earth for his bride, the next step and most important one is to buy a good ring.

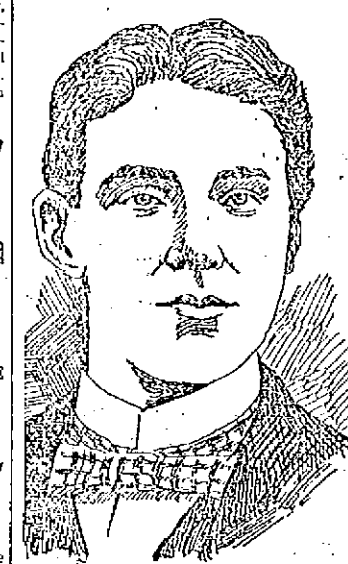
(OUR GRAND PRIZE)
Fill the bill in every particular. See this square over. They are the best. Sold only by

GAYNOR & CO., 35 Prescott Street.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE

Henry W. Garrity, Prop. CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS. Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot. The house is new and has been recently and thoroughly refitted and refurnished with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric lights in every room. Electric cars pass every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample book. Special rates to the profession. M. H. Carey (Clerk) H. Gerrard

Bagley, Nellie McKown, Jennie McQuade, May Fanning, Mary Burns, Kittie Sheehan.
Society table—John Ivers, chairman; Henry Murray, secretary; matrons, Nellie Moore, Maggie Finnegan, Maggie Conroy, Della Leary, Katie Cogger, Laura Clancy, Dora Conroy, Kittie Riley, Mary Maguire, Maggie Angelo, Jennie Farrell, Mamie McMahon, Annie Highland, Jennie Spooner, Miss Murray, Nora Maguire, Maud Highland, Winnie Finnegan, Mamie Edwards, Katie Dolan, Maggie Carey, Della Wilson, Sadie Clark, Mamie Langan, May Finnegan, Annie Malloy, Katie Donohue, Katie O'Connell, Nellie



JAMES SULLIVAN, Floor Director Burke's May Festival.

Leary, Rose Noland, Mary Carey, Mary Miller, Lizzie Williams, Mary Keough, Mamie Nestor, Maggie McDermott, Eva Foley, Mamie Peavey, Sadie Keough, Bridget Torrey, Sarah Townsend, Lilla Kelleher.

Refreshment table—J. Edward Campbell, chairman; James Winn, secretary; matrons, Mrs. J. Edward Campbell, Mrs. Alexander, Rose, Alice Roarke, Nuno Gallagher, Helen Gallagher, Lizzie Fox, Cella Fagan, Teresa Egan, Mamie Minnaugh, Margaret Roarke, Mamie Winn, Ella Conway, Katie Winn, Anastasia Brown, Katie Murphy, Josie Sullivan, Mary McNulty, Katie Kane, Bridget Harlow, Catherine Mulvaney, Rose Mulvaney, Margaret McCavitt, Lizzie McCavitt, Susie P. Donnelly, Ella McDermott, Elizabeth P. Dillon, Katie Donohue, Lillian Hoar, Margaret Donohue, Minnie Haus, Kittie Leary, Susie Donohue, Mary McGuane, Rose Muldoon, Mamie Welch, Bridget Harrigan.

RECEPTION.
The end of the social season in St. Anne's parish was marked with an informal reception to Rev. and Mrs. A. St. John Chabre, the affair being held in the parish house. Dr. and Mrs. Chabre were assisted in receiving by Mrs. Frank W. Howe, Mrs. T. G. McGowan and Rev. Mr. Burroughs, the new curate. Refreshments were served.

ALLAN LINE.

New York and Glasgow, Via London, Etc. From company's Pier, West 21st St., New York. MONDAY.

4 May, Thursday May 19, 8 p. m. STATE OF NEBRASKA. 20 May, Friday, June 3rd, 2 p. m.

Second Cabin Rates—Glasgow or London, Prepaid \$22.00; Outward \$20.00; Round trip \$42.00. Storage Rates—Glasgow or London, Outward \$2.00; Prepaid \$1.00.

GLASGOW AND BOSTON. Via London, Etc. and Galway. Second Cabin, \$15.00; Steamer, \$2.00. For descriptive circulars, names of steamers and other information, apply to H. & A. Allen, 25 South Street, Boston.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.

A GREAT EVENT MONDAY.

The Portrait Chance of Your Life

We have engaged the German Portrait Artist, Prof. M. Stein, who will in one of our show windows make life-size portraits, enlarged from photographs and GIVE THEM AWAY FREE. The only condition being that you buy one dollar's worth of goods and pay for a suitable frame. A GOOD FRAME COSTS \$1.69. Better frames at higher prices. Bring in your photograph and get a life-size bust Crayon Picture of yourself for your friends. This opportunity lasts only one week.

50,000 Pounds of a Fine Mocha and Java Coffee to be Given Away FREE.

In view of the possibility and probability of advance prices for Tea and Coffee, we have made an immense purchase of a regular 35c grade of Coffee from the pick of the market, and that everyone may have an opportunity to try it, we shall give away Saturday one pound of this fine Mocha and Java Coffee to every purchaser of one pound of 50c, 60c, or 70c Tea.

37 Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Suits.

Every one worth \$12.50, \$15.00 and \$16.50. Your choice for Saturday at \$7.50 EACH.

NEW SHIRT WAISTS.

All the new fabrics, embracing Gingham, Percales, Madras Muslins and Piques, in the newest and daintiest colorings and latest shapes are now displayed in our Cloak Department at prices ranging from 39c TO \$4.50 Each.

SUMMER UNDERWEAR.

For Men, Women and Children.

Several special lots are ready for Saturday's sale at from 15 to 25 per cent. discount from regular prices. Better take advantage of tomorrow's sale and procure your thin underwear.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

MANCHESTER FIRE.

An alarm was pulled in at 8 o'clock Tuesday evening for a fire in the millinery store of Mrs. L. L. Gregoire at 1076 Elm street, Manchester, N. H. The store was locked up for the night and when the fire was discovered it was blazing up in great shape near the partition separating the millinery shop from the adjoining store on the south.

How the fire originated is a mystery. It caught in some straw in a low locker and burned through into a ribbon case. The firemen knocked a large pane of French plate glass out of the door to force an entrance, and a single dose of chemicals quenched the flames. The loss will not exceed \$100.

FLAG RAISING.

A large American flag five feet wide by ten long, was hung to the breeze over the Locks and Canals building on Broadway, yesterday morning. Col. Francis, Engineer Mills and the employees, besides a number of passengers witnessed the raising and Old Glory received enthusiastic applause.

Fine job printing done at this office.

THE POWER OF A DOLLAR

Was Never Greater Than It Is Now. The Values We Offer This Week Will Convince You.

50 Jackets \$5.75 EACH. 50 Jackets, all new styles and the most fashionable fabrics and shades, regular prices from \$10 to \$12.50. Special Price \$5.75.

SHIRT WAISTS. See the Shirt Waists we offer this week: 49c. Each. 65c. Each. 85c. Each. 98c. Each.

\$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$1.98, \$2.50 and \$2.98. Fine Madras, Lawns, Imported Gingham, Piques, etc., etc., over 200 styles to select from.

MEN'S SUITS. We have just received a handsome line of sample suits, worth from \$18.50 to \$21.50 each, all tailor-made and perfect fitting, special value.

This Week at \$10.75. Bicycle Suits and Skirts at Bargain Prices This Week.

12 dozen Fine Lawn and Percale Wrappers, regular \$1.50 quality, at 79c. Each.

SILK WAISTS. 1 lot of Silk Waists, regular price \$4.75, for a special leader we offer them this week at \$2.95.

COLLARETTES. Fur Collarettas at \$1.98, \$2.95 and \$3.95, worth from \$2.55 to \$6.75 each.

SILK CAPES \$4.50. 1 lot of handsome Silk Capes, desirable, stylish garments for present wear, worth from \$7.50 to \$10 each, special price, \$4.50.

New York Cloak & Suit Co.

12 JOHN STREET.

THE SUN LATEST

5 O'CLOCK.

MONEY IS NEEDED

To Aid Families of Volunteer Soldiers.

THE RELIEF FUND IS NOW NEARLY \$1500.

Meeting of the Committee Held Last Night.

The committee on Soldiers' Relief held another meeting last evening at City Hall and plans were discussed for increasing the fund which now amounts to about \$1,500. Mayor Bennett presided and said that there was need of active encouragement to go around and see the merchants.

Mr. O'Sullivan believed a committee of two, to take each of the business streets, and canvass every store, could work to good advantage. If any man, he said, "feels too good to go into this committee, his patriotism isn't over two inches high. I am ready to go on such a committee tomorrow morning." He then mentioned the Old Merchants' week committee and said there was still a balance of \$500 left from that campaign. It would be a good plan to use that money for the soldiers now as it was the people's money.

Mr. Chaffee moved that a committee of three be appointed by the chair to interview the merchants. Week committee men (O'Dowd, Mr. C. L. Knapp and Mr. C. A. Mitchell, and see if their assent can be secured to transfer that money to the Soldiers' Relief Fund. The Mayor appointed Mr. O'Sullivan, Mr. Holmes and W. H. White after the passing of the motion.

Mr. Burke, John C. Wilson and H. J. Fay all said they were willing to go on a committee to solicit funds.

Mr. John Ring thought the men in camp were all right. It was their families he believed in providing for.

Mr. Chaffee explained that the fund had already been devoted to the families to some extent, as \$10 had been given to many. But Mr. Chaffee went on to say that unintentionally as he believed, the G.A.R. veterans were throwing cold water on this relief movement, saying that nothing of the sort was done for them in 1861. The Mayor had noticed this too, he said, and he wanted the old soldiers to remember that the city had appropriated money for Memorial day. He referred also to the \$500 appropriated for memorial tablets.

The new contributions to the fund are as follows:

H. H. Wilder	\$25.00
John M. Pevey	5.00
A. Friend	2.00
W. J. Burbeck	2.00
Dr. M. Rombough	2.00
J. S. Westwood	1.00
Owen M. Donahue	5.00
Frank W. Howe	5.00
George H. Mather	1.00
Bon Marche Dry Goods Co.	25.00
Harry R. Bice	20.00
Girard P. Dabman	20.00
Jacob Rogers	25.00
Lowell & Suburban S. R. Co.	100.00
Hiram P. Mills	50.00
Louis Alexander	5.00
Alfred Leblanc	5.00

CONSIDERED ILLUSORY.

London, May 20.—The Madrid correspondent of The Standard says: "The blockade of Cuba and Porto Rico is considered illusory, as Spanish warships and merchant vessels are frequently moving from port to port between the islands. The mail steamer Alfonso XII went out from San Juan de Porto Rico to meet the vessels detached from Admiral Cervera's squadron, and then continued her voyage to Spain after delivering an important communication for the commander. The success of Admiral Cervera in avoiding the American fleets and keeping them on the alert excites much enthusiasm and causes the press to clamor for a prompt dispatch of the reserve fleet to the front."

THE BOMBARDMENT.

Kington, Jam., May 20.—Two American warships, whose names were not discernible from the shore, appeared off Santiago de Cuba Wednesday while the steamer Adula, which has arrived here from that port with refugees, was in the harbor. They approached and drew the fire of the batteries at the entrance. It is not certain whether the warships replied to the fire. The firing continued from noon to 1 o'clock. Captain Walker of the Adula, when coming out, could not see any marks on Morro castle, and inferred that the American ships drew the fire of the batteries to learn the range.

There was much excitement in the city. The regulars and volunteers were called out and new earthwork batteries were erected on each side of the harbor entrance. The number and caliber of the guns are unknown, but it is known that there are 21 fortresses in the channel electrically connected with the shore.

The cruiser Mercedes, whose boilers are disabled, has been anchored so that she can take the channel for 360 yards, and the merchant ship Mexico of Barcelona, mounting four small, quick-firing guns, is in the harbor. Several coast-guard steamers and schooners are at the wharves.

SITUATION AT HAVANA.

A Key West-Havana despatch says: Although the price of provisions here is very high, it is calculated that there is food enough obtainable to last about five months, because, it is claimed, considerable stores were laid in before the blockade and no provisions are allowed to be sent from here to the interior towns. Eggs cost ten cents each, a glass of milk costs from 10 to 25 cents.

There are thousands of men from the cigar, tobacco and other factories out of work and the authorities are employing as many of them as possible on

CLOSING SESSION

OF THE FORERUNNERS HELD YESTERDAY.

At the afternoon session of the Forerunners Convention, yesterday, the following officers were chosen: Joseph S. Anderson, G.L.S., Worcester; J. B. Fontaine, G.S.W., Holyoke; W. H. O'Neil, G.J.W., New Bedford; John G. O'Neil, G.S.W., Lynn; Joseph Burke, G. J.B., Lawrence; Joseph D. Gallagher, Henry F. McManis, John J. Hanahan, trustees.

About 150 delegates attended the afternoon session of the grand convention, which convened at 2:30. Grand Chief Ranger Morris presiding. The first business was receiving the reports of committees.

The adverse reports on the following were sustained: Reducing age limit from 18 to 15; raising the age limit from 15 to 18; and the reduction of the initiation fee to \$2. The matter of adopting the Australian method of electing officers was referred to the incoming executive board, which will report at the next convention.

The recommendation to raise the salary of the grand secretary from \$100 to \$200 was defeated as was the one recommending the raising of the per capita tax from 10 to 12 cents. The latter caused the greatest debate of the day.

The officers were installed by Deputy Supreme Chief Ranger Daniel P. Fitzgerald, assisted by S. B. Morris, P.G.C. R. and W. H. Stafford, P.G.J.W.

The next session will be held in Boston.

TROOPS MOVING TO FRISCO.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, May 20.—In addition to the three train loads of troops from Nebraska which have reached this city, thirteen more heavily loaded special trains, taking the balance of the Nebraska soldiers, a regiment each from Minnesota, Kansas and Colorado, and a battalion from Wyoming are now on their way here from Ogden. There was a scarcity of cars on the Southern Pacific but the companies are doing all in their power to get the eastern troops here as soon as possible.

BIG FIRE

IN A LAWRENCE MILL, DOES \$50,000 DAMAGE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Lawrence, Mass., May 20.—A fire which broke out in the Spicket mill in this city early this morning caused a loss of \$50,000.

The flames were confined to the lower floor though they burned through the building at the North end and on the West side. The loss is covered by insurance. The mill is a wooden structure owned by Mrs. John Barlow.

LEGISLATIVE NOTES.

Representative Ames of Lowell sent in a request to the legislature yesterday to be excused from further legislative service. The request was granted.

Representative Ames has entered the military service of the government. The bill to regulate the business of bakeries and the hours of labor of the persons employed therein, came up for a third reading early in the afternoon.

Mr. Hayes of Lowell offered another amendment, that the hours of labor of a week be limited to 48 "unless the employer (dough) is slow." Mr. Rowell of Lowell offered an amendment that the provisions of the bill apply to the city of Boston.

Mr. Rowell's amendment was adopted and then the bill was refused a third reading.

A NEW JANITOR.

City Messenger Charles F. Goring has appointed William A. Delmore as janitor in City Hall in place of George H. Manning, now on his way to the Klondike, and has named Fred A. Baran for assistant janitor in place of Frank R. Hough. The appointments take effect today.



MISS CISNEROS.

Miss Evangelina Cisneros, the Cuban Heroine, who is now engaged to Carlos Carbonell, formerly a rich Havana banker. He was Senator Carbonell who drove the carriage in which Miss Cisneros rode part of the way from the prison to the steamer that took her from Havana.

8000 DOLLAR STOCK TO SELECT FROM.

OVERSTOCKED

Owing to the backwardness of business, for 20 days I will make any of my \$32 and \$35 Suits,

YOUR CHOICE FOR \$20.00.

English Blue and Black Serges, former price \$30, Marked Down to \$15

1000 Different Styles to Select From.

English Black Clay Diagonal, (warranted not to shine) cannot be duplicated in the city less than \$38.00, our price for 30 days,

\$25.00, Silk Lined \$28.00.

1000 different styles London Stripes Trousers, \$4, \$4.50, \$5.50 and \$15.50, former prices, \$7, \$8, \$9 and \$10.

English Covert Coats, all Silk lined, \$20 and \$22. 50 different styles to select from. Largest stock in the city.

D. F. CAVANAUGH, Tailor.

Cor. Central and Middle Sts. Direct Importer. Telephone Connection.

Bring in your cloth for Suit and I will make and trim it first class for \$14.00.

DEATHS.

LAROCHE.—Octave Laroché, aged 61 years, died Wednesday at 17 Barnard road.

CHURCHILL.—Addison Churchill died yesterday at his home, 71 Dover street, aged 37 years.

BARLES.—George Henry, son of Charles and Mary Barles, died this morning at the home of his grandfather, Mr. Dan Barles, 6 Albin street, aged nine months.

BRIDLEY.—Miss Mary Bridley died last night at her home, 432 Gorton street. She is survived by three sisters, Margaret, Julia, and Catherine. Funeral will be held Monday morning from St. Peter's church.

HOWE.—Miss Laura Howe, the well known school teacher, died yesterday at her home, 45 Staple street, aged 61 years. Deceased was born in Marlboro, but has resided in this city nearly all her life. Funeral will be held tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock.

COBURN.—Miss Grace Coburn, aged 24 years, died this morning at her home, 215 Main street. Deceased was the daughter of Charles G. Coburn, the well known Pawtucketville grocer, and Mrs. Blanche Coburn, and leaves a large circle of friends besides her parents to mourn her loss.

GRIS GOSSIP.

This war will not only free Cuba, but it ought to give a knockout blow to the cigarette. Over 90 per cent. of those who failed to pass the physical examination, among the volunteers, have been victims of the cigarette habit.

Since the papers have so much to say about the speed of war vessels, the question is frequently asked: What is a knot? A knot is a geographical mile of 6,086 feet, 866 feet longer than the mile commonly used to measure distances. Hence, when a vessel has a speed of twenty knots, it is capable of going about twenty-three miles an hour. Some of the torpedo boat destroyers can attain the remarkable speed of thirty-five miles an hour—faster than most express trains.

Portland wheelmen have brought about a new method of street sprinkling in their city. In former times it was customary for a water cart to be driven over a certain section, on one side and down the other, making the entire street wet at about the same time. Now the carts are driven up one side for a much longer distance, then filled and sent back down the other side, making a difference of perhaps an hour between the sprinkling of one side and the other. This innovation is for the benefit of the wheelmen, and was brought about by the Portland consul, the new body recently formed for the purpose of righting some wrongs that existed. The wheelmen say the new system is a great thing for them, as it gives one dry side to the street at the time. Just what poor, dust-covered pedestrians think of this system is not stated.

The use of liquor in military camps is strictly prohibited. A friend of mine the other day, while watching the boys go off to Framingham asked, "Why couldn't the boys fill their canteens with whiskey? The officers don't intend to attend his own banquet, but that they would drink after it had been made the canteen about a day. This action of the spirits upon the tin of the canteen would turn the liquor black as Joe Tremblay's blacking; anything but inviting to drink. That is said to be one of the reasons why the government uses that material for the canteens.

There have been some queer mistakes made, of all kinds, but this is one of the most unusual and undesirable, although no real harm was done. A man, one time prominent in professional life in this city died. He was a member of a certain society in this city which sent representatives to the funeral. The members of the organization were notified of the death of their fellow member by postal cards sent out by the secretary. One of the cards was addressed to and delivered at the late residence of the dead member, inviting him to attend his own obsequies. A similar incident was if anything, worse. A member of a secret society died and his fellows were notified of his death and the time and place of the funeral, as usual. A card was delivered at the address of the dead man, directed to him in his own handwriting. He had been the secretary of the organization and had addressed sets of postal cards to the members at his leisure.

At the Foresters' banquet in Brockton, Tuesday night, Thomas H. Muldon of Court Merrimack, F. of A., this city, responded for the Companions of the Forest. "The hand that rocks the cradle rocks the world," he said, and paid a glowing tribute to true womanhood who has always been the companion of man in his joys and his sorrows. After his eloquent tribute to woman, he also waxed patriotic and sang again the embers of patriotism to a blaze.

It is funny how a person will prevail upon a nickel. I was on a car the other noon and in the corner opposite me sat a woman and a little boy. When the conductor came along, she gave him 25 cents and the conductor gave her back 10 cents. "Do you charge for that child?" asked the woman. "How old is he?" replied the collector of nickels. "Only five years," replied the woman. "I am glad I'm six, going on seven," said the boy, and he was. Then followed a hot race in which the boy insisted that he ought to know how old he was, for he was present at the time of his birth. The woman was completely "bamboozled," but the conductor gave her a nickel back and probably paid the fare himself, rather than miss the chance of making the woman feel cheaper than her swap at two cents a bar.

Now's This!

Wooler One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHERNEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cherney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him. WEST AUBURN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WATSON, KIRK & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass. Hall's Catarrh Cure is internally acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system and is sold by all Druggists, Apothecaries and

IN POLICE COURT

Interesting Session Held This Morning.

A FEMALE INTERPRETER WHO KNEW THE BUSINESS.

A Polish Engagement Ten Rudely Disturbed.

Such an array of talent as crowded the space in court reserved for the members of the bar this morning has not been seen there in many a moon. In it was Judge Pickman, Jerome P. Manning, with a nod to quack, the said, Nathan D. Pratt, William P. Courtney, John J. Hogan, John Davies, Alderman River, Ex-Alderman Stanley, City Treasurer Coburn, ex-City Treasurer Harrington, Fisher H. Pearson, Lawyer Kleski, Chairman Pease of the Business Administration League, Assessor Locke, and a whole host of constables. Nearly all of them were brought together by the case of Charles A. Pike, charged with larceny, which was on the docket for today, but not called until later. It was reported that Mr. Manning for the defense, had another motion to quash up his sleeve, hence the interest in the case.

Three drinks only.

An evidence of the greater usefulness of women was presented when the case of Andrew Avelio, charged with keeping liquor, was called. Andrew is a Pole and for the first time in the writer's knowledge, a female interpreter was called into the case.

She was a star, too. She didn't believe in taking up valuable time by asking the witness the questions put to her and then interpreting his answers to the court, but contented herself by answering all questions directly to the great Deputy Sheriff. For her answers favored the defendant's house, she said, bought the beer which was seized to use on the occasion of the visit of his fiancée to the house. The liquor inspectors contended that the beer was there to be sold. D. J. Donahue appeared for the Pole.

PRIMARY TEACHERS.

The Primary Sunday school teachers' union will meet this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock in the Paige street church vestry. All teachers and others interested in Sunday school work are urged to be present.

Mayor Bennett has made a tour of the city and investigated the new work that is being done in the sewer department.

At Keyes' auction Saturday at 11 o'clock, black family horse, also bay combination horse, Goddard Buggy, Carryall, Harnesses, Blankets, Robes, etc. Family going west wishes to dispose of the above goods at once and they will be sold for just what they will bring.

Call at The Sun office when you are in want of rent receipts. We have them put up in book form, one hundred receipts to a book, at 25 cents each.

A MINER'S SUPPLIES.—Expensive induced colds, and colds developed into that commonest but most offensive of maladies—Catarrh. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder cleared the way to the pure gold of good health. Fred Laurie of Trail Creek, B. C., writes: "I was a great sufferer from Catarrh. I procured Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, 2 bottles cured me completely. I can highly recommend it."

Sold by Ellingwood & Co., Central and Merrimack streets, and by C. E. Carter, Branch and Smith streets.

REMARKABLE POWER OF MUSIC.

Music hath power to charm the savage beast, but not any more potent is it over the feelings than Cleveland's Lung Healer is over diseases of the throat and lungs. It has proven to be a sovereign remedy for Coughs, Colic, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, and all other lung troubles. Sold by Ellingwood & Co., Central and Merrimack streets, and by C. E. Carter, Branch and Smith streets.

May 20.

It is a surprise to us to discover what a "bonanza" we've struck in the Bacon Shoe. Gentlemen in Lowell seem to have been buying it in Boston for years, but they have to go to Boston for it no longer.

As manufacturers' agents we carry in stock a full line of all the popular style Shoes of the day for gentlemen's wear. Works in just right with our up-to-date Clothing stock.

Three dollars is too much to throw away on worthless Shoes, but it is cheaper to buy the Bacon shoes for three dollars and get a warranted article of footwear—an exchange as good as gold—than buy a shoe for two dollars more or less and have to replace them in a few months. The Bacon Shoe is on public exhibition here. Investigate it Mr.

O'Hearn & Dowd

The Clothiers.

OLD POST OFFICE.

FUNERALS.

FLANDERS.—The funeral of Mrs. Mary Flanders, widow of William Flanders, formerly of Lowell, was held yesterday afternoon from the Edison cemetery chapel. Rev. Mr. Nelson conducted the service.

TYRRELL.—The funeral of Mrs. Ella J. Tyrrell, formerly Miss Duggan of Lowell, occurred yesterday from the Edison cemetery chapel. Rev. W. H. Hingham officiating.

WALKER.—The funeral of Ashton W. Walker took place from his late residence, 309 High street, Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. L. C. Manchester officiated and the bearers were: Carl Hurd, John Palm, Raleigh Clements and John Greathead. There were many beautiful floral tributes to the deceased. Interment was in the Lowell cemetery.

FURNALD.—The funeral of the late Frank Furnald who died at New Haven, took place Saturday from the chapel in the Lowell cemetery.

Rev. R. A. Greene officiated and a delegation from Ancient York Lodge of Shubuta was present. The bearers were members of the same lodge.

LECLAIRE.—The funeral of Irene Herve LeClaire took place yesterday and service was held in St. Joseph's church. Rev. Fr. Curran, O.M.F., officiating. The bearers were Messrs. Dunne, Laniel, Frank Bridges, Dolford LeClaire, Middle Pratt, Knille Pratt and Hector Lincourt.

PRYDE.—The funeral of Frederick Pryde, was held yesterday afternoon. Services were conducted at the home of the deceased on Royal street and Rev. W. A. Bartlett officiated.

Delegations were present from Pilgrim Commandery, Pentucket and Oberlin Lodges. The bearers were members of Pilgrim Commandery. At the grave in the Lowell cemetery the services were conducted by Pentucket Lodge.

The floral tributes comprised the following: Spray of roses, Mrs. R. Greenhalge and Miss Neumann; sprays of roses, Mrs. A. M. Shedd, palm, Mrs. and Mrs. George D. Fry; triangle, Supreme Council, Thirty-third R. A. Chapter; pillow, Pilgrim Commandery; square and compass, Pentucket Lodge; lines of the valley, Alice and Pauline Kilder; wreath of ivy leaves and pansies, and spray of roses, Mrs. William Blanchard; spray of roses, Mrs. M. P. Pryde; wreath and spray of wheat, Clarence G. Coburn and family; spray of pinks and roses, George H. Pryde.

WINNS.—The funeral of Henry Winns took place this morning from his home at Shaw street. Services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Chamber and the bearers were James Driver, Thomas Collins, Henry Wright, and Abner Woodhouse. Interment was in the Edison cemetery.

LOST IN OHIO.

First in the Western Series Went Against the Bostonians.

Cincinnati, May 20.—Jake Beckley won yesterday's game by hitting, driving in two runs and scoring three himself. Breitenstein retired after the fourth.

Score:

	Cincinnati	AB	R	H	PO	A	B
McElride, c.	4	0	0	2	0	0	0
Smith, 1.	4	1	1	3	0	0	0
McNee, 2.	4	1	0	1	1	1	1
Miller, 3.	4	1	0	1	2	0	0
Cereoran, 4.	4	1	0	0	0	0	0
Irwin, 5.	4	0	0	1	0	0	0
Steinfeldt, 6.	4	1	0	3	2	0	0
Berke, 7.	4	0	0	1	1	1	0
Reynolds, 8.	4	0	0	1	2	0	0
Flawley, 9.	4	0	0	1	0	0	0
Total	35	5	2	17	11	4	0

Bostonians. AB R H PO A B

Hamilton, c.	4	1	3	2	0	0
Temple, 1.	4	0	0	12	0	0
Smith, 2.	4	1	1	3	0	0
Duffy, 3.	4	1	1	3	0	0
Collins, 4.	4	1	1	1	2	0
Stahl, 5.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Lowe, 6.	4	1	1	2	0	0
Berke, 7.	4	0	1	2	0	0
Nichols, 8.	4	0	0	4	0	0
Total	33	4	8	24	11	0

Two-hits hit—Lowe, Three-base hits—Beckley, 3; Collins, Berke, Stolen base—Smith. Double play—Steinfeldt, Breitenstein and Beckley. First base on balls—By Hawley, 1; by Nichols, 1. Hit by pitched ball—By Nichols, 2. Struck out—By Nichols, 1. Time 1:45. Umpires—McElride and O'Day.

The Brooklyn narrowly escaped a shutout in Louisville. A triple by Tucker and an infield out gave them their only run. Cunningham pitched a fine game. Score: 4 to 1.

The Pawtucket hit life sends, and won easily from the Brocktons. Thatcher held them down to one hit for three innings, but was then let up. The visitors three singles and a homer in the fourth netted four runs. Score: 11 to 7.

The New Bedford won from the Fall River in a most exciting finish. In the last inning, with the score 3 to 0 against them, the Fall River had three men on bases with only one out. The best they could do, however, was to score one of these. Score: 3 to 1.

The Newport-Taunton game was never in doubt after the first three innings, in which the Tauntons batted out a lead that stood until the end. Horner, an old timer, made his first appearance of the season in the box, and struck out four of the Newporters in succession. Score: 8 to 5.

The Washingtons lashed Ishbel of the Chicagoans off the rubber in the first inning. The Chicagoans made two on bat-

tery errors at the start, but could do nothing with Mercer excepting in the seventh. Score: 7 to 0.

Kilton made his initial bow in league company yesterday and has a challenge to his credit in the Baltimore-Pittsburg game. Score: 6 to 0 for the Orioles.

The St. Louis team was defeated by the New Yorks by a score of 7 to 1.

WAR MAY BE WORLDWIDE.

Captain Whitney Says the Possibility Is Anticipated by British Authorities.

Captain A. S. A. Whitney, in charge of the arsenal at Melbourne, Australia, went through Pittsburg to Washington the other day to call on President McKinley. Captain Whitney said:

"My trip is the result of the Hispano-American war. Speaking as a private citizen, I would say that the British authorities anticipate as a possibility that your war may become worldwide and that our government will be forced to take a part. I carry to the president requests from the Australian government for passports through your consuls and naval stations, mainly to make a friendly study of your methods of gunnaming and naval architecture. After seeing all that the American government will allow me to see in the United States, I go to the Canadian arsenal at Quebec, calling on Mr. Laurier before going to London to report."

"This war has opened up great possibilities. The most pleasing thing about it is the friendship between the governments of Great Britain and the United States. Suppose that I should try to learn how effective the United States could be, I rejoice at the Manila victory. But I am sorry it was so easily won. If the United States had had a harder fight, they would, perhaps, commence building a more formidable fleet than they might be led to build under the circumstances. In coming east from San Francisco I have noticed a general feeling that the United States could whip the world on the water. It is a grave mistake to encourage this overconfidence. Admiral Sampson's fleet meeting a fleet of equal size, manned by Englishmen or French or German sailors, would have a fearful battle before victory.

"The lesson of this is at once the beginning of a navy equal to the task of defending American interests in a war of immense proportions, which is not so unlikely as some might imagine. In this, of course, I am looking at the question from an American standpoint."—Philadelphia Press.

Don't Tobacco Bitch and Smoke Year 1898 Away.

To quit tobacco, easily and forever, be made, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bitch, the wonder cure for tobacco habit. Strong, all druggists, \$10.00. Cure guaranteed. No habit and sample free. Address: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

"Vici" Leather Dressing.

Is made by Robert H. Forrester, the inventor and manufacturer of the famous "Vici Kid."

The "Vici" Dressing is absolutely fast and will not rub off. Can be used on women's and children's shoes and will not soil the skirt or dress. Keeps the shoes looking like new until they are worn out. Restores the shoes to the natural condition if lost. Good for any kind of leather.

Bring a pair of shoes with you—a pair that has been service; tan shoes that have become spotted; black shoes that have grown rusty, or any sort when the leather has lost "life." You'll be delighted to see what wonders the "Vici" Leather Dressing will work with them. We will treat any of these for you and not a cent to pay. We want you to know how good these "Vici" preparations are.

Our new Spring lines of Women's and Children's

"Vici Kid" Oxfords and Boots

are complete. All the latest and best shapes are represented; all the new styles of toe and heel; and the goods are of a strictly high character.

Special attention is called to our lines of Women's Tan "Vici Kid" Oxfords and Buckle Boots at

\$2.00 and \$3.00 a Pair.

They are the best intrinsic values possible to obtain for the price. We guarantee every pair of them.

Come in and have your shoes shined at the

20th CENTURY SHOE STORE

120-122 Merrimack St.

CAPTURED.

A lot of Shirt Waists, well worth one dollar or over, will sell at only 50c. Also Ladies' and Gentlemen's Clothing, and all kinds of household goods at lowest cash prices on credit at the Co-operative Supply Co., 28 Central Street. Open every evening.

Delicate Silks

"White and light delicate silks can be successfully washed in warm water made from Fairy Soap. Rinse in clear, warm water, and iron on wrong side when half dry."—Mrs. Sarah Tyson Porter.

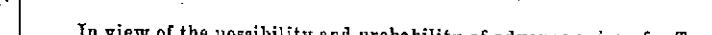
FAIRY SOAP

Pure—White—Floating.

The Soap of the Century.

Sold everywhere in three convenient sizes for the toilet, bath and laundry.

Send for our name, address and one Fairy Soap wrapper to—each. Fill office below, and we will mail you a copy of our "Fairy Soap" booklet, and a copy of our "Fairy Soap" booklet, and a copy of our



W. WIGG & SON CO.
12 JOHN STREET.

12 JOHN STREET.

THE SUN LATEST

5 O'CLOCK.

MONEY IS NEEDED

To Aid Families of Volunteer Soldiers.

THE RELIEF FUND IS NOW NEARLY \$1500.

Meeting of the Committee Held Last Night.

The committee on Soldiers' Relief held another meeting last evening at City Hall and plans were discussed for increasing the fund which now amounts to about \$1500. Mayor Bennett presided and said that there was need of active canvassers to go around and see the merchants.

Mr. O'Sullivan believed a committee of two, to take each of the business streets and canvass every store, could work to good advantage. If any man, he said, "feels too good to go into this committee, his patriotism isn't over two inches high. I am ready to go on such a committee tomorrow morning." He then mentioned the Old Merchants' week committee and said there was still a balance of \$500 left from that occasion. It would be a good plan to use that money for the soldiers now as it was the people's money.

Mr. Chaffoux moved that a committee of three be appointed by the chair to interview the Merchants' Week committee. Mr. O'Dowd, Mr. C. L. Knapp and Mr. C. A. Mitchell, and see if their assent can be secured to transfer that money to the Soldiers' Relief Fund. The Mayor appointed Mr. O'Sullivan, Mr. Holmes and W. H. White after the passing of the motion.

Mr. Burke, John C. Wilson and H. J. Ray all said they were willing to go on a committee to solicit funds.

Mr. John Ring thought the men in camp were all right. It was their families he believed in providing for.

Mr. Chaffoux explained that the fund had already been devoted to the families to some extent, as \$10 had been given to many. But Mr. Chaffoux went on to say that unintentionally as he believed, the G.A.R. veterans were choosing cavalry, as this latter movement, anything that nothing of the sort was done for them in 1881. The Mayor had noticed this, he said, and he wanted the old soldiers to remember that the city had appropriated money for Memorial Day. He referred also to the \$500 appropriated for Memorial Day.

The new contributions to the fund are as follows:

John M. Wilder	\$25.00
John M. Pevey	5.00
A. Friend	5.00
W. J. Burbeck	2.00
Dr. M. Rombough	2.00
J. S. Westwood	1.00
Owen M. Donahue	5.00
Frank W. Howe	5.00
George H. Hatcher	1.00
Bon Marche Dry Goods Co.	25.00
Harry R. Rice	25.00
Harold P. Dadman	25.00
Charles Rogers	25.00
Lowell & Suburban S. R. Co.	100.00
Hiram P. Mills	50.00
Louis Alexander	5.00
Alfred Leblanc	5.00

CONSIDERED ILLUSORY.

London, May 20.—The Madrid correspondent of The Standard says: "The blockade of Cuba and Porto Rico is considered illusory, as Spanish warships and merchant vessels are frequently moving from port to port between the islands. The small steamer Alfonso XII went out from San Juan de Porto Rico to meet the vessels detached from Admiral Cervera's squadron, and then continued her voyage to Spain after delivering an important communication for the commander. The success of Admiral Cervera in avoiding the American fleet and keeping them on the alert excites much enthusiasm and causes the press to clamor for a prompt dispatch of the reserve fleet to the front."

THE BOMBARDMENT.

Kington, Jam., May 20.—Two American warships, whose names were not discernible from the shore, appeared off Santiago de Cuba Wednesday while the steamer Adula, which has arrived here from that port with refugees, was in the harbor. They approached and drew the fire of the batteries at the entrance. It is not certain whether the warships replied to the fire of the batteries and from noon to 1 o'clock. Captain Walker of the Adula, when coming out, could not see any marks on Morro castle, and inferred that the American ships drew the fire of the batteries to learn the range. There was much excitement in the city. The regulars and volunteers were called out and new earthwork batteries were erected on each side of the harbor entrance. The number and caliber of the guns are unknown, but it is known that there are 21 torpedoes in the channel electrically connected with the shore. The cruiser Mercedes, whose batteries are disabled, has been anchored at a place that can rake the channel for 300 yards, and the merchant ship Mexico of Harcelona, mounting four small, quick-firing guns, is in the harbor. Several coasting steamers and schooners are at the wharves.

A SITUATION AT HAVANA. A Key West-Havana despatch says: Although the price of provisions here is very high, it is calculated that there is food enough obtainable to last about five months, because, it is claimed, considerable stores were laid in before the blockade and no provisions are allowed to be sent from here to the interior towns. Eggs cost ten cents each, a glass of milk costs from 10 to 15 cents.

There are thousands of men from the sugar, tobacco and other factories out of work and the authorities are employing as many of them as possible on

CLOSING SESSION

OF THE FORESTERS HELD YESTERDAY.

At the afternoon session of the Foresters' Convention, yesterday, the following officers were chosen: Joseph H. Anderson, G.A.S.W., Worcester; J. B. Fontaine, G.S.W., Boston; W. H. O'Neill, G.S.W., New Bedford; John Callahan, G.S.W., Lynn; Joseph Burke, G. J. B., Lawrence; Joseph Dallegger, Henry F. McMahon, John J. Hainey, trustees.

About 150 delegates attended the afternoon session of the grand court, which convened at 2.30. Grand Chief Ranger Morris presiding. The first business was receiving the reports of committees. The adverse reports on the following were sustained: reducing age limit from 18 to 15; raising the age limit from 13 to 21, and the reduction of the initiation fee to \$2. The matter of adopting the Australian method of electing officers was referred to the incoming executive board, which will report at the next convention.

The recommendation to raise the salary of the grand secretary from \$700 to \$900 was defeated as was the one recommending the raising of the per capita tax from 10 to 12 cents. The latter caused the greatest debate of the day.

The officers were installed by Deputy Supreme Chief Ranger Daniel F. Fitzgerald, assisted by S. B. Morris, P.G.C. R. and W. H. Stafford, P.G.J.W. The next session will be held in Boston.

CATHOLIC NEWS.

Yesterday was the feast of the Ascension and a holy day of obligation. The services in the Catholic churches in the morning and evening were very largely attended.

The May devotions in the churches every night are attended by congregations that fill the edifices.

James Kelly of Adams street and Edward Turner of Suffolk street, both former pupils of St. Patrick's Boys' school went to Danvers yesterday and entered the novitiate of the Xaverian Brothers at St. John's Normal school.

Rev. Fr. Fox, O.M.I., has gone to Salem for a few months. Before his departure he was tendered a reception by the pupils of the Immaculate Conception school. A fine entertainment program was enjoyed and Miss Lillian Haney presented Fr. Fox with a bouquet.

Rev. Brother Clement, director of St. Patrick's school was at St. John's Normal school, Danvers, yesterday.

THE SYRIAN MISSION.

F. Magalhães is speaking in many New England cities at present in the interest of a Syrian mission to be established in Lawrence and Lowell. Mr. Magalhães is a young Syrian, who was born and brought up in Mount Lebanon.



MISS CISNEROS.

Miss Evangelina Cisneros, the Cuban heroine, who is now engaged to Carlos Carabahal, formerly a rich Havana banker. It was Senator Carabahal who drove the carriage in which Miss Cisneros rode part of the way from the prison to the steamer that took her from Havana.

8000 DOLLAR STOCK TO SELECT FROM.

OVERSTOCKED

Owing to the backwardness of business, for 20 days I will make any of my \$32 and \$35 Suits.

YOUR CHOICE FOR \$20.00.

English Blue and Black Serges, former price \$30, Marked Down to \$15

1000 Different Styles to Select From.

English Black Clay Diagonal, (warranted not to shine) cannot be duplicated in the city less than \$38.00, our price for 30 days, \$25.00, Silk Lined \$28.00.

1000 different styles London Strips Trouserings, \$4, \$4.50, \$5.50 and \$3.50, former prices, \$7, \$8, \$9 and \$10.

English Covert Coats, all Silk lined, \$20 and \$22. 50 different styles to select from. Largest stock in the city.

D. F. CAVANAUGH, Tailor.

Cor. Central and Middle Sts. Direct Importer. Telephone Connection.

Bring in your cloth for Suit and I will make and trim it first class for \$14.00.

DEATHS.

LAROCHE—Octave Laroche, aged 41 years, died Wednesday at 17 Portland road.

CHURCHILL—Addison Churchill died yesterday at his home, 71 Dover street, aged 37 years.

BAILLES—George Henry, son of Charles and Mary Baille, died this morning at his home, 133 Essex street, aged 10 years. Buried at the Mount Pleasant cemetery. Rev. Mr. Nelson conducted the service.

TRILLI—Miss Mary Trilli died last night at her home, 432 Gordon street. She is survived by three sisters, Margaret, Julia, and Catherine. Burial will be held Monday morning from St. Peter's church.

TOWNE—Miss Laura Howe, the well known school teacher, died yesterday at her home, 45 State street, aged 61 years. Deceased was born in Maryland, but has resided in this city nearly all her life. Burial will be held tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock.

COHEN—Miss Grace Cohen, aged 24 years, died this morning at her home, 315 Essex street. Deceased was the daughter of Clarence G. Cohen, the well known Pawtucketville grocer, and Mrs. Hannah Cohen, and leaves a large circle of friends besides her parents to mourn her loss.

CRISP GOSSIP.

This war will not only free Cuba, but it ought to give a knock-out blow to the cigarette. Over 90 per cent. of those who failed to pass the physical examination, among the volunteers, have been victims of the cigarette habit.

Since the papers have so much to say about the speed of war vessels, the question is frequently asked: What is a knot? A knot is a geographical mile of 6,085 feet, 506 feet longer than the mile commonly used to measure distances. Hence, when a vessel has a speed of twenty knots, it is capable of going about twenty-three miles an hour. Since the torpedo boat destroyers can attain the remarkable speed of thirty-five miles an hour—faster than most express trains.

Portland wheelmen have brought about a new method of street sprinkling in their city. In former times it was customary for a water cart to be driven over a certain section, up one side and down the other, making the entire street wet at about the same time. Now the carts are driven up one side for a much longer distance, then filled and sent back down the other side, making a difference of perhaps an hour between the sprinkling of one side and the other. This innovation is for the benefit of the wheelmen, and was brought about by the Portland consulting board, the body recently formed for the purpose of righting some wrongs that existed. The wheelmen say the new system is a great thing for them, as it gives one dry side to the street all the time. Just what poor, dust-covered pedestrians think of this system is not stated.

At Keyes' auction Saturday at 11 o'clock, black family goods, also bay combination horse, good black dog, Curly, Harness, Blankets, Rugs, etc. Family going west wishes to dispose of the above goods at once, as they will be sold for just what they will bring.

Call at The Sun office when you are in want of rent receipts. We have put out in book form, one hundred receipts to a book, at 25 cents each.

A MINER'S SUPERSTITIONS.—Exposure to cold, and cold developed into that commonest but most offensive of maladies—Catarrh. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder cleared the way to the pure gold of good health.

There have been some queer mistakes made, of all kinds, but this is one of the most unusual and undesirable, although no real harm was done. A man, one Alvin prominent in professional life in this city died. He was a member of a certain society in this city which sent representatives to the funeral.

The members of the organization notified of the death of their fellow member by postal cards sent out by the secretary. One of the cards was addressed to and delivered at the late residence of the dead member, inviting him to attend his own obsequies. A similar incident was, if anything, worse. A member of a secret society died and his fellows were notified of his death and the time and place of the funeral, usual. A card was delivered at the residence of the dead man, directed to him in his own handwriting. It had been the secretary of the organization and had addressed sets of postal cards to the members at his leisure.

At the Foresters' banquet in Brockton, Tuesday night, Thomas H. Muldoon of Court Merrimack, F. of A., this city, responded for the Companions of the Foresters. "The hand that rocks the cradle rocks the world," he said, and paid a glowing tribute to true womanhood who has always been the companion of man in his joys and his sorrows. After his eloquent tribute to woman, he also waxed patriotic and sang again the embers of patriotism to a blaze.

It is funny how a person will prevail upon a nickel. I was on a car the other noon and in the corner of the car sat a woman and a little boy. When the conductor came along, she gave him 25 cents and the conductor gave her back 16 cents. "Do you charge for that child?" asked the woman. "How is he?" replied the collector of nickels. "Only five years," replied the woman. "I am not. I'm six, being on seven," shouted the "kid" indignantly. Then followed a hot time in which the boy tested the conductor to know how old he was, for he was present at the time of his birth. The woman was completely "bimfozled," but the conductor gave her a nickel back and probably paid the fare himself, rather than miss the chance of making the woman feel cheaper than her soap at two cents a bar.

REMARKABLE POWER OF MUSIC.

Music has power to charm the savage breast, but not any more potent it over the feelings than Cleveland's Living Theater is over diseases of the throat and lungs. It has proven to be a sovereign remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, and Consumption. Call on F. H. Butler & Co., 25 Central street and 391 Middlesex street for a trial bottle free. Large size, 25 cents.

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IN POLICE COURT

Interesting Session Held This Morning.

A FEMALE INTEPRETER WHO KNEW THE BUSINESS.

A Polish Engagement Ten Rudely Disturbed.

Such an array of talent as crowded the space in court reserved for the members of the bar this morning has not been seen there in many a month.

In it was Judge Fickman, Jerome P. Manning, with a motion to quash, "the case," Nathan D. Pratt, William H. Courtney, John J. Hogan, John Davies, Alderman Wyck, Ex-Alderman Stanley, City Treasurer Coburn, ex-City Treasurer Harrington, Fisher J. Pearson, Lawyer Kleski, Chairman Poore of the Business Administrationists' League, Assessor Locke, and a whole host of counsel. Nearly all of them were brought together by the case of Charles A. Pike, charged with perjury, which was on the docket for today, but not called until later. It was reported that Mr. Manning for the defense, had another motion to quash in his sleeve, hence the interest in the case.

Three drinks only. An evidence of the greater usefulness of woman was presented when the case of Andrew Arbo, charged with keeping liquor, was called. Andrew is a Pole and for the first time in the writer's knowledge, a female interpreter was called into the case.

She was a star, too. She didn't believe in taking up valuable time by asking the witness the questions put to her and then interpreting his answers to the court, but contented herself by answering all questions directly. To the great amazement of the court, Deputy Mayor, for her answers favored the defendant. One of the boarders in the defendant's house, she said, bought the beer which was seized to use on the occasion of the visit of his fiancée to the house. The liquor inspectors contended that the beer was there to be sold. D. J. Donahue appeared for the Pole.

PRIMARY TEACHERS. The Primary Sunday school teachers' union will meet this afternoon at 4.30 o'clock in the Paige street church vestry. All teachers and others interested in Sunday school work are urged to be present.

Mayor Bennett has made a tour of the city and investigated the new work that is being done in the sewer department.

At Keyes' auction Saturday at 11 o'clock, black family goods, also bay combination horse, good black dog, Curly, Harness, Blankets, Rugs, etc. Family going west wishes to dispose of the above goods at once, as they will be sold for just what they will bring.

Call at The Sun office when you are in want of rent receipts. We have put out in book form, one hundred receipts to a book, at 25 cents each.

A MINER'S SUPERSTITIONS.—Exposure to cold, and cold developed into that commonest but most offensive of maladies—Catarrh. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder cleared the way to the pure gold of good health.

There have been some queer mistakes made, of all kinds, but this is one of the most unusual and undesirable, although no real harm was done. A man, one Alvin prominent in professional life in this city died. He was a member of a certain society in this city which sent representatives to the funeral.

The members of the organization notified of the death of their fellow member by postal cards sent out by the secretary. One of the cards was addressed to and delivered at the late residence of the dead member, inviting him to attend his own obsequies. A similar incident was, if anything, worse. A member of a secret society died and his fellows were notified of his death and the time and place of the funeral, usual. A card was delivered at the residence of the dead man, directed to him in his own handwriting. It had been the secretary of the organization and had addressed sets of postal cards to the members at his leisure.

At the Foresters' banquet in Brockton, Tuesday night, Thomas H. Muldoon of Court Merrimack, F. of A., this city, responded for the Companions of the Foresters. "The hand that rocks the cradle rocks the world," he said, and paid a glowing tribute to true womanhood who has always been the companion of man in his joys and his sorrows. After his eloquent tribute to woman, he also waxed patriotic and sang again the embers of patriotism to a blaze.

It is funny how a person will prevail upon a nickel. I was on a car the other noon and in the corner of the car sat a woman and a little boy. When the conductor came along, she gave him 25 cents and the conductor gave her back 16 cents. "Do you charge for that child?" asked the woman. "How is he?" replied the collector of nickels. "Only five years," replied the woman. "I am not. I'm six, being on seven," shouted the "kid" indignantly. Then followed a hot time in which the boy tested the conductor to know how old he was, for he was present at the time of his birth. The woman was completely "bimfozled," but the conductor gave her a nickel back and probably paid the fare himself, rather than miss the chance of making the woman feel cheaper than her soap at two cents a bar.

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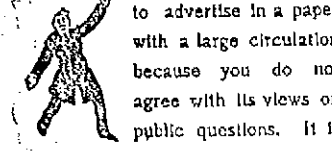
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THE LOWELL SUN
JAMES H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of The Associated Press.
Per Year, \$3.00. Per Month, 25c.

NEVER REFUSE



to advertise in a paper with a large circulation because you do not agree with its views on public questions. It is not to the paper that you appeal for trade, but to its readers. If you solicit patronage from those only who think as you do, you had better go out of business before you lose every dollar you have.

You may not agree with THE SUN on all questions, but if you take the trouble to look into its circulation, you will agree that you cannot afford to be out of its columns if you advertise at all.

THE SUN has a larger circulation than any two other papers in Lowell, and it is the cheapest advertising medium in this city on the basis of actual circulation. It's

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

THE ONLY ONE.

Our neighbor, the Citizen, is candid enough to admit the truth in the following statement:

"The Citizen and the Mail have the night service of the Associated Press, so their war news is identical. The Sun has the full day report of the Associated Press, the Courier, News and Mail have what is called the 'penny service,' that is bulletins of the news."

As the chief war news comes in the day service of the Associated Press, it is plain that THE SUN is the only afternoon paper in Lowell that has arranged to get all the war news. Therefore to get the latest and best war news buy the various editions of THE SUN.

THE LATE WILLIAM E. GLADSTONE.

In the death of Hon. William E. Gladstone of England, one of the most distinguished men of the age has passed away. A man of remarkable physical and intellectual power, he was continuously improving both. After his college training which gave him a theological or controversial bent, he engaged in religious controversy writing pamphlets and newspaper articles expounding his views. But although these caused some discussion, they produced but slight effect, and young Gladstone turned to statesmanship. At first a Tory, he fought every liberal policy but finding eventually that the Tory party offered him little prospect of advancement, he abandoned it to become a liberal. By this step, he practically disavowed most of the political tenets for which he had blood and fought, in parliament and out, regardless of what might be said of his inconsistency. He was a man of great resources and when he desired to win a victory, he scrupled not to pandor to certain of his enemies in order to secure their assistance in securing victory. It was thus he became the leader of the home rule movement because he wanted the support of the Irish members more than he wanted home rule. He got the support for a time—the Irish party, under Parnell having repeatedly enabled him to become premier of England, and as often forced him to resign.

He carried his home rule measure successfully through the house of commons and for that the Irish people should perhaps be grateful to him; but had he proved faithful to the cause or to his promises, he could have carried the home rule bill in spite of the opposition of the house of lords. Had he insisted upon the passage of the bill and appealed to the people on that issue, the lords would speedily have yielded, but he acquiesced in the wishes of royalty that he should no further precipitate an agitation that would strike so near the foundation of the monarchy. He could not hold office and at the same time reverse his policy and disavow his pledges to the people. It was said that failing health caused him to retire, and when this was discredited by his exhibition of strength as a woodchopper, it was asserted that his eyesight was poor. He had some trouble with his eyes, but nothing to prevent his continuous reading of the newspapers, or to interfere with his prosecution of his literary or other studies. These things convinced the friends of Ireland that Gladstone deceived them in having yielded to the entreaties of royalty to abandon the Irish cause.

Yet Gladstone must get the credit of having effected many important reforms for Ireland. It was he who brought about the dis-establishment of the English church in Ireland, relieving the people from the obligation to sup-

port a church to which the vast bulk of them did not belong. And he it was who secured first a secret ballot and still later a household franchise which gave the Irish people the power to elect men to represent their sentiments rather than men who represented and supported their oppressors. It was thus he gave the Irish people the necessary members in parliament to make their influence felt and sometimes this strength as has already been stated, was used against him, sometimes in his support.

As a statesman Mr. Gladstone was deficient in foresight. In this regard he was immeasurably the inferior of Disraeli and other men of less prominence in the British parliament; but as an orator, a scholar, a student, a debater, a politician, and in some measure a philanthropist, Gladstone had no superior. He will take his place in history with the greatest statesmen of England and with the greatest men of his own day. In the greatness of his achievements he did not compare with Lincoln or Bismarck, but since Disraeli died, Gladstone has easily towered above every other statesman of England, Salisbury a shrewd leader and a good exponent of Tory principles. Chamberlain is an astute and able politician, while Bismarck, Macartney, and the rest fall far short of Gladstone's power as a statesman or even as a parliamentarian. Every age produces its share of great men, but just at present there seems to be no man among the liberals with the single exception of John Morley, who would be worthy to wear Gladstone's mantle.

Our neighbor, the Lawrence Sun, has the following in which we heartily concur:

"England claims to be so friendly with the United States in this hour of trouble that we are inclined to be doubtful as to her sincerity. Let her demonstrate her friendship by ordering ex-Minister, Gladstone, who is at the head of the Spanish spy service, with headquarters in Montreal, from Canada at once."

THE FIRST CIRCUS.

REINHOLD BROTHERS WILL BE HERE IN THREE WEEKS.

Lowell people in the vicinity of the union depot yesterday morning, saw an unwelcome sight. It was a large green advertisement car, and the legend that illuminated its sides was "Reinhold Bros' World's Greatest Shows." Then a small army of billposters and lithographers began to circulate about town. The past brigade attacked the billboards and the lithographers made a southe on the slope windows. In a little while, the town began to assume a circus aspect. Walls boistered like with color, dingy old houses were declared, and glowing vistas in size and attractiveness. Three years ago, during its last tour in New England, it had 23 cars. Now it has 60. The number of fine horses has been doubled; there are twice as many performers and in all departments of the show, it was declared, there has been a commensurate increase. The date of the show in Lowell is Thursday, June 3, and already considerable interest has been aroused in the coming of this popular big institution.

PATRIOTIC SOCIAL.

The young men of Mr. Larkin Trull's Sunday school class held a patriotic social in the First Baptist church yesterday night. The program was most interesting, and the young men displayed a fine knowledge of the history of the United States. The program was given and consisted of patriotic selections, also piano solos by John Norton, songs by William Rice, piano duet by the Norton brothers and vocal solo by Warren Reid; hymn, Rev. Smith T. Ford.

The concluding feature of the program was a tableau entitled "The Soldier's Farewell," by Messrs. George Plimpton, J. P. Leach, Miss Alice Hutchinson, and Miss Grace Lee. Light refreshments were served, the young men officiating as waiters.

FOR MEMORIAL DAY.

The Memorial Day committee of the G.A.R. posts met last night in Post 15, hall and voted to ask a delegation of the High school young ladies to participate in the parade on Memorial Day. Waushatche Command, U.S.V., the High School Regiment, and the Daughters Association, Naval Veterans, have accepted invitations to take part in the exercises.

Memorial services in honor of the departed dead will be held in the First Baptist church, Sunday afternoon, and evening, May 23, by Post 42, 120 and 15.

LOWELL ART CLUB.

The Lowell Art Club met last night to criticize the work of the members. Judgment was passed on about fifty pictures. The club's membership has been considerably increased of late, and great interest is manifested.

There will be a special meeting of the club next Thursday evening for the purpose of making arrangements for a suitable banquet for the club. The monthly exhibition of the work is now open at Room 4, Hildreth Building.

the ghastly terror of consumption stares a man in the face who neglects a cold.

MALE'S MONEY OF THE HOUND AND TAR

It's a simple to get rid of a cough or throat trouble by Male's Money of the Hound and Tar. Acts like magic. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

WHERE MONEY PROFITS

Theory of the Gold Men That Won't Hold Good.

TWADDLE CONCERNING PRICES.

They Claim That the Producer Can Keep Even When Prices Fall by Purchasing More Cheaply—A Rule That Works One Way Only—Absurd Reasoning.

The gold men say that a fall in prices harms no one, because if the producer has to sell more cheaply he can also buy more cheaply and thus keep even. That sounds plausible, but in practice it doesn't work. If everybody had the same amount of money, everything sold at the same ratio and every one occupied precisely the same position in all respects, then the theory would hold good. But if a man's wealth be entirely in the form of money and prices fall one-half it makes him in effect just twice as rich, and when such a change of relation takes place somebody must have gained a loss. If one man gets more than his share, others must have less. It is a singular circumstance that the gold men will persistently claim that a fall of prices will do no harm because the losses on the sales are offset by the gains on the purchases at the same time declaring that a rise of prices is going to work the same ruin.

They ought to be able to see that the rule which they invoke applies just the same to a case of rising prices as to a falling. If a person sustains a loss by being compelled to pay more for what he buys, it would seem as if he would be able to keep even by getting higher prices for what he sells. In the last campaign they proclaimed, through the columns of the press from every corner that free coinage would ruin the wage-worker. According to their philosophy, it was going to cut the dollar in two and leave it a 50-cent dollar. The wage-worker would get no more dollars, and what he did get would only buy one-half as much, and of course he would be ruined. At the same time the factory owners were all going to elude because they would have to sell their products for 50-cent dollars and get no more of them. And so with the farmers. Their crops would bring them no more dollars, perhaps not so many, and what they did get would only be worth 50 cents each. They would buy but half as much store goods.

According to this wonderful reasoning, everything that the producer had to buy would be doubled in price, while everything that he sold would be cut in two. They failed to explain who was going to get the difference, but of course it must have been the merchant, because he could buy from the factory at the same price as before and sell to the wage earner at double price, thus realizing 100 per cent profit on each deal. In short, he would buy an article for one 50-cent dollar and sell it for 42 of the same kind. And yet, strange to say, the merchant was also going to be ruined in the general financial chaos which would follow. It is simply marvelous that such twaddle should have deceived a single voter in all this broad land. And the absurdity of it becomes more glaring when we consider that they are now shouting that prosperity is here, and prove it by the circumstance that what has gone up, the very thing which they claimed was going to ruin the wage worker by increasing the price of his daily bread. H. P. BARTINE.

WHO ENVIES HANNA?

What Honest Man Would Change Places With This Corrupt Politician?

From the standpoint of decency and manhood, what honest American citizen would today exchange places with Mark Hanna?

Officially he is in the company of a class of men drawn together by a process of selection which bespeaks their manhood and integrity. With these men he is bound to associate daily during the sessions of congress, knowing that for him they entertain a contempt that passes expression.

Failed a few months ago as the maker of a president, he is now sneered at, even by those who fought that fight with him as one who would betray that president and place him in history along with the weakest of public characters. Scandalous out definitely against the mandate of this great nation's conscience he spluttered out that all who wanted to go to war with Spain for humanity's sake were fools and thrifless fellows. He can now be found lurking behind the doors and eavesdropping to influence the course of war so that speculators and corrupt politicians may reap the benefit.

From the legislature which commissioned him to serve the people of a great state has gone a charge, direct and specific, that with the use of money he secured his commission.

What honest man in America would today change places with Mark Hanna? What manly man in America but pities him?

Nor power nor riches make the man in this country. Nor power nor riches bring him respect in America—St. Louis Republic.

Hanna and Cuba.

What we want to know is just what republic in Cuba is Mark Hanna and his administration in favor of recognizing. Are Gomez, Garcia, etc., refused recognition because they will not issue bonds as representatives of the Cuban government? Does Mark Hanna propose to organize a government in Cuba that will cut the money power? We are inclined to believe that Hanna & Co. are conspiring to do something desperate. It is not beyond possibility that before this war is over Hanna and a few of his ilk may run foul of military discipline.—National Democrat.

ON BEACON HILL

Money Set Apart for the Highways.

THE BAKERIES BILL REFUSED THIRD READING.

Six Embezzlers Plead Guilty.

Boston, May 20.—In the house the vote and means committee reported a bill for a \$100,000 appropriation for state highways, \$200,000 of which are to be spent this year and \$100,000 to go over for the early work in 1899. The bill further provides that none but citizens of the commonwealth shall be employed on work.

The bill to regulate the business of bakeries and the hours of labor of the persons employed therein came up for a third reading in the house. After several amendments had been adopted the bill was referred to a third reading. Notice of a motion to reconsider was given.

Sensor George moved a reconsideration of the vote by which the senate passed to be engrossed the bill preventing the reduction of wages of women and minors in manufacturing establishments, and then on his motion the whole matter was put over until Wednesday.

By a vote of 26 to 61 the house refused to substitute a bill for the taxation of property bequeathed to foreign trustees and accepted the adverse report of the committee on taxation.

SIX PLEAD GUILTY.

Boston, May 20.—Six of the 14 men who obtained money from the New England Railroad company by false pretenses pleaded guilty yesterday to the indictments against them.

Dr. James E. Frothingham surrendered to the police to answer to a charge involving him in the circumstances attending the death of a young woman who was known as Mary Ryan, but whose exact identity the police have been unable to learn.

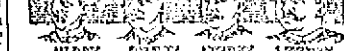
BLOW KILLED HIM.

New Haven, May 20.—Irving Webster, 20 years of age, a semi-professional boxer, received a knockout blow in the third round of a friendly bout with James Egan and died three hours later. Egan is under arrest pending the investigation of Governor Meritt. Both men were employed by the New Haven Manufacturing company, and the bout occurred during the noon hour.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarella Candy Cathartic, 10c or 15c. C. C. C. full of cure, druggists refund money.

Weak Men Made Vigorous



What PEPPER'S NERVONIC Did!

It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all other remedies fail. Relieves the most distressing nervous conditions. Absolutely guaranteed. Cures all nervous troubles, such as: Headache, Dizziness, Sleeplessness, Loss of Memory, Nervous Prostration, Stomach Troubles, Indigestion, Constipation, etc. It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all nervous conditions. It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all nervous conditions. It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all nervous conditions.

Pennyroyal Pills

Original and Only Genuine. Cures all cases of female weakness, such as: Painful menstruation, irregular periods, etc. It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all female weaknesses. It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all female weaknesses. It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all female weaknesses.

BREVOORT HOUSE

NEW YORK.
Homelike Hotel of Exquisite Reputation.
FIFTH AVE. AND EIGHTH ST.
Near Washington Monument Arch, Washington Square.
The location is unsurpassed and is absolutely unequalled for business and sight-seeing. All the cable and rapid transit lines passing within two blocks of the door.
The hotel is managed on both the European and American plans.
The regular rate of charge for each person, with breakfast, is \$1.00 per day and upwards. American Plan, \$3 and upwards.
JAMES & MEYER, Props.

Merchants and Travelling Men

Having business down town can economize time in the busy part of the day by stopping at

Hotel Albert, New York.

COR. 11TH ST. AND UNIVERSITY PL.
(One block from Broadway and 11th St.)
Rooms, \$1 Up. RESTAURANT.
Priced Reasonably.
Good beds—good food—quiet, airy rooms—no smoking in the hotel.
Half portions served, making it possible for one to dine alone at moderate cost.

Notice.

For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his customers for \$10.00 for \$5.00. For \$20.00 for \$10.00. For \$30.00 for \$15.00. For \$40.00 for \$20.00. For \$50.00 for \$25.00. For \$60.00 for \$30.00. For \$70.00 for \$35.00. For \$80.00 for \$40.00. For \$90.00 for \$45.00. For \$100.00 for \$50.00. For \$110.00 for \$55.00. For \$120.00 for \$60.00. For \$130.00 for \$65.00. For \$140.00 for \$70.00. For \$150.00 for \$75.00. For \$160.00 for \$80.00. For \$170.00 for \$85.00. For \$180.00 for \$90.00. For \$190.00 for \$95.00. For \$200.00 for \$100.00. For \$210.00 for \$105.00. For \$220.00 for \$110.00. For \$230.00 for \$115.00. For \$240.00 for \$120.00. For \$250.00 for \$125.00. For \$260.00 for \$130.00. For \$270.00 for \$135.00. For \$280.00 for \$140.00. For \$290.00 for \$145.00. For \$300.00 for \$150.00. For \$310.00 for \$155.00. For \$320.00 for \$160.00. For \$330.00 for \$165.00. For \$340.00 for \$170.00. For \$350.00 for \$175.00. 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THE SUN LATEST! VEXATIOUS DELAYS FOUND

SPANISH TROOPS FOR MANILA

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BARCELONA, MAY 20.—BETWEEN 8,000 AND 10,000 SPANISH TROOPS DRAWN FROM CATALUNYA, ANDALUSIA, ARAGON AND VALENCIA, ARE EMBARKING HERE FOR THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS IN ORDER TO HEAD OFF THE TROOPS TO START FROM THE UNITED STATES. THEY CAN MAKE THE JOURNEY IN TEN OR ELEVEN DAYS.

THE CADIZ SQUADRON

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MADRID, MAY 20.—ADMIRAL CANARA, THE COMMANDER OF THE CADIZ SQUADRON, IS HERE, AND RECEIVED INSTRUCTIONS RELATIVE TO THE DESTINATION OF HIS SHIPS, WHICH, IT IS EXPLAINED, "DEPENDS UPON THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE WAR." THE NEW MINISTER OF MARINE HAS INJECTED THE GREATEST ACTIVITY IN HIS DEPARTMENT. IT IS SAID HE HAS BEEN OFFERED WAR MUNITIONS FROM MANY QUARTERS.

IT IS EVIDENT THAT THE NEW SPANISH CABINET INTENDS TO PUSH THE CAMPAIGN VIGOROUSLY, AND IT IS ADDED, THE MINISTERS "WILL ALSO NEGOTIATE ACTIVELY WITH FOREIGN DIPLOMATISTS TO PROTECT SPAIN AGAINST A COMBINATION OF HER ENEMIES."

THE CHARLESTON DISABLED

By Associated Press to The Sun.

VALLEJO, CALIFORNIA, MAY 20.—A GANG OF MACHINISTS FROM THE MAINE ISLAND NAVY YARD IS WORKING DAY AND NIGHT UPON THE CONDENSING TUBES OF THE CHARLESTON AND AS THE DEFECTS PROVED UPON INVESTIGATION TO BE MUCH LESS SERIOUS THAN WAS ANTICIPATED BEFORE HER RETURN TO THE YARD IT IS VERY PROBABLE THAT SHE WILL START UPON HER LONG RUN TO THE PHILIPPINES WITHIN 36 HOURS.

DISASTROUS EXPLOSION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BAKER CITY, ORE., MAY 20.—AN EXPLOSION OCCURRED HERE WHEN A MORTAR WAS BEING FIRED TO WELCOME THE TROOPS FROM IDAHO, WHO ARE EN ROUTE TO SAN FRANCISCO. AN IMMENSE CROWD HAD GATHERED AT THE DEPOT AND THE EXPLOSION OCCURRED IN THE MIDST OF IT. CURTIS SPRINGER, AGED 16, HAD HIS SKULL FRACTURED AND WILL DIE. E. A. WORICK HAD A LEG BROKEN AND MRS. M. W. GOOD, JOHN G. FOSTER AND J. H. PARKER WERE BADLY BRUISED.

THE SIXTH STARTS TONIGHT

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CAMP DEWEY, SOUTH FRAMINGHAM, MAY 20.—A TELEGRAM HAS BEEN RECEIVED AT SOUTH FRAMINGHAM ORDERING THE STATION AGENT TO HAVE 37 CARS IN READINESS AT 6 O'CLOCK THIS EVENING.

COL. WOODWARD OF THE SIXTH REGIMENT HAS RECEIVED A MESSAGE TO THE EFFECT THAT HE SHOULD HAVE HIS REGIMENT ON THE CARS AT SIX O'CLOCK TONIGHT.

NOT KNOWN AT JAMAICA

By Associated Press to The Sun.

KINGSTON, JAMAICA, MAY 20 (U. P. M.).—NO CONFIRMATION HAS YET BEEN RECEIVED HERE OF THE REPORTED ARRIVAL OF THE SPANISH CAPE VERDE FLEET AT SANTIAGO DE CUBA.

A JUVENILE SPY

Arrested at Tampa by Government Officials.

SAID TO HAVE CARRIED IMPORTANT PAPERS.

An Investigation Will be Made Immediately.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Tampa, Fla., May 20.—Under orders of General Shafter, officers of the Ninth Cavalry, stationed at Fort Tampa, have placed under arrest a boy who is suspected of being a spy in the service of the Spanish government.

The alleged spy, whose name is Garcia, is said to have had with him when arrested documents of a decidedly incriminating nature. He is but 15 years old and has lived in Tampa most of his life and avers his innocence.

In this claim he is supported by prominent railroad and state officials who are acquainted with the boy. General Shafter, it is said, is inclined to the belief that Garcia is guiltless but a rigid investigation will be held.

A STRICT INQUIRY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Tampa, Fla., May 20.—An investigation of the charges against young Garcia, suspected of being a spy, was conducted today by Lieut. M. J. of General Shafter's staff. Hernandez Garcia, who is the son of a prominent cigar manufacturer of Tampa, was arrested while taking photographs of the transport at Fort Tampa.

STEAMER MERRIMAC.

Will leave Hayterhill for Camp Plummer, Black Rocks, Newburyport, and Salisbury Beach Sundays at 9:30 a. m. until further notice. Electric cars will leave Lowell at 7:20 a. m. to connect with Steamer. This season the Steamer will leave on her return trip at 4:30

Henry Lavigne of Goshen, brother of Phil Lavigne and a former resident of this city, is visiting his brother who is dangerously ill.

CASITORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

First class job printing done at this office.

Signature of Charles H. Fletcher

Signature of Charles H. Fletcher

Signature of Charles H. Fletcher

THE HAWAIIANS THE ASSIGNMENTS

Sympathize With the U. S. Of Brigadier Generals of U. S. Volunteers.

AUSTRALIANS DESIROUS OF JOINING OUR FORCES. WERE GIVEN OUT BY WAR DEPARTMENT TODAY

Trained Hospital Nurses Offer Services. Under the Direction of the President.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Vancouver, B. C., May 20.—Advices brought by the steamer Abnaki, which arrived yesterday from Sydney, show that in both Australia and Hawaii an intense feeling in favor of the United States against Spain prevails.

Australians are very anxious to join the United States army. Col. Bell, the American consul at Sydney, has had offers from hundreds of men wanting to go to the front. Two trained hospital nurses also offered to go to Cuba.

When the Admiral left Honolulu on May 11 the Hawaiian government had not received any official information of the declaration of war with Spain. President Dole has confirmed the statement that he had carried back from Washington a bill drawn up at Washington, placing the Hawaiian Islands under the sovereignty of the United States in the event of war. President Dole refused to say whether the government would take action.

MURDERER NUTTY WANGED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Jaffet, Que., May 20.—Thomas Nutty, who in November last killed his three sisters and young brother at Raydon to make room in his father's house for the girl he intended to marry, was hanged here at 9:30 this morning. Nutty's neck was broken. Fifteen hundred jeering men witnessed the hanging.

The girl for whose sake Nutty committed the crime was Miss Marceline L'Heure of Charlestown, Mass.

FIRE AT SALISBURY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Amesbury, May 20.—A fire at Salisbury Beach in which four buildings were burned and many other buildings threatened, occurred this morning.

The fire originated from the explosion of a lamp in a cottage which was entirely destroyed, causing a loss of \$2500.

GONE TO CAMP.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Mayor Bennett and members of the city council, with a number of residents of this city left on the 1:40 train for Boston this afternoon and will leave at 3:30 for South Framingham to say farewell to the members of Companies C and G.

BAD RUNAWAY.

A pair of coach horses belonging to Julian Talbot became frightened and ran away this afternoon about 3 o'clock. They were hitched to a post in front of the Talbot's building, and breaking away, ran down E. Merrimack street, colliding with several teams without doing any damage and were finally caught near the corner of Davidson street. Both the horses and the team were badly injured. Fortunately there was no one in the team at the time of the accident.

MERRITT IN WASHINGTON.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, May 20.—Major-General Wesley Merritt, who is to command the expedition to the Philippines, accompanied by several members of his staff, reported at the war department today and was in consultation with Secretary Alger and the regular army officials concerning his future work. Later in the day he will have a talk with the president and will receive instructions for his guidance in the delicate and important duties assigned to him. General Merritt will leave here probably tomorrow for San Francisco, stopping enroute a day or more at Chicago.

General Merritt expects that he will have an ample force of men, between 12,000 and 15,000, to establish the mission on which he is sent. Of this number he hopes there may be approximately 5000 soldiers of the army who because of their thoroughly disciplined and actual military life, are regarded as absolutely essential to the successful completion of the work in hand. The authorities are disposed to meet General Merritt's views.

William Howell of New York was private secretary to former Assistant Secretary of the Navy Roosevelt, and former assistant secretary Meadows, has been appointed private secretary to General Merritt.

THIS MORNING'S FIRE.

A small fire in a house occupied by a family named Capron on Lincoln street killed the firemen out this morning. Damages slight.

STRICT CENSORSHIPS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Tampa, Fla., May 20.—All the newspaper correspondents at Tampa have been notified that in future all dispatches must be placed in the hands of General Shafter's staff for approval. The censorship in future will be rigid and it is stated that it will be kept in force until after the invasion of Cuba takes place. It is the intention to keep the Spanish government in complete ignorance of the movements of the army and every means will be exerted in order to do so.

LICENSED ALL RIGHT.

This morning Judge Hadley dismissed the petition of Samuel "Dolan" for the revocation of the license of Dolan and Connors.

TOWNSHIPPY HEARDS.

The Townshippy church held a well attended service this morning, and a collection was taken for the benefit of the poor.

President of the Young Men's Association, William Patton; Secretary and Treasurer, A. G. Marshall.

WASHINGTON, MAY 20.—By direction of the President the following assignments of Brigadier Generals of volunteers to duty with the several army corps, departments, divisions, etc., were made today: Brigadier-General Francis L. Tenenbaum, to the Second Corps, Falls Church, Va.; Brigadier-General Alexander C. M. Pennington to command of camp at Hempstead, N. Y.; Brigadier-General A. M. Arnold to the cavalry division, Tampa; Brigadier-General John Spauld to the first corps, Chickamauga Park; Brigadier-General Simon Snyder to the first corps, Chickamauga; Brigadier-General Jacob P. Kent to the fifth corps, Tampa; Brigadier-General Guy V. Henry, to the cavalry division, Tampa; Brigadier-General Thomas Anderson to the department of the Pacific; Brigadier-General Samuel B. Sumner to the cavalry division, Tampa; Brigadier-General Hamilton W. Hawkins, to the seventh corps, Tampa; Brigadier-General John C. Bates, to the fourth corps, Mobile, Ala.; Brigadier-General Andrews Burr, to the seventh corps, Tampa, Fla.; Brigadier-General Edward B. Williston, to the first corps and to the command of the light artillery brigade, Chickamauga; Brigadier-General Chas. E. Campbell to the third corps, Chickamauga Park; Brigadier-General Henry W. Lawton, to the fifth corps, Tampa; Brigadier-General George W. Davis, to the fourth corps, Mobile; Brigadier-General Adna H. Chaffee, to the fifth corps, Tampa.

The officers assigned to corps and divisions will report in person to their respective commanding generals thereof at the places named. General Pennington will proceed to Hempstead for the purpose herein indicated. General Snyder will proceed to San Francisco and report to the commanding officer of the department of the Pacific, for duty with the expedition to the Philippine Islands.

KILLED BY SNOWSLIDE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Seattle, Wash., May 20.—Passengers on the steamer Morgan City, which arrived here from Copper River, Alaska, reported two large snow slides occurred on the Valdes glacier April 30 and May 1, in which about 100 people were caught. Only three persons were killed. They were Joseph Furner, Chicago; B. Antwerp, Minneapolis; A. Johnson, Antwerp, Cal. A report was current that four more were missing but it could not be confirmed.

PASTOR WELCOMED.

DESCRIPTION AND PRESENTATION TO MR. AND MRS. E. R. CASWELL.

The parishioners of the Middlesex Village chapel tendered a reception to their new pastor, Rev. E. R. Caswell, and his wife last night. The estimable couple were married May 5, and returned to their home in the village Wednesday.

The church was patriotically resplendent in the national colors, while the delicate blossoms of the springtime lent charm to the scene. The receiving party consisted of Mr. Frank E. Fox and Mrs. and Mrs. Caswell.

A CIVIL CASE.

The suit of Lawrence and Ellen O'Loughlin against William H. Anderson, secured a good decision in the afternoon in the second court room. The case was completed but on agreement the arguments will not be made until next week.

NASHUA GETS RIFLES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Nashua, N. H., May 20.—Governor Nelson this afternoon made a requisition on the war department at Washington for 500 rifles to arm the recruits for the state national guard.

AT PORTSMOUTH NAVY YARD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Portsmouth, N. H., May 20.—Fifteen thousand tons of coal are being stored in sheds at the navy yard here for the use of the navy. The auxiliary cruiser Portsmouth is ready for service and her officers are being selected. She has received a cargo of war paint and will put to sea in a day or two.

GERMANY NOT HOSTILE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, May 20.—Mr. Emil L. Ross, the New York agent of the Hamburg-American line, said today that the German steamer Pader of his line was not going to Havana. He said that though the United States government had granted the permission to the vessel to call at the blockade, the decision had been reached to abandon that part of the steamer's voyage, because of the feeling that there would be a certain amount of embarrassment created to the government. In consequence of this the company considered it wiser to let the steamer return to its port of origin.

WASHINGTON, MAY 20.—An official dispatch received here from Havana says that some American ships fired 50 shots during the reported recent bombardment of Santiago de Cuba, but that no damage was inflicted. The dispatch adds that the batteries replied to the fire of the ships, and that one of the latter was damaged.

In spite of the veto placed upon the publication of Spanish naval movements the newspapers have been allowed to announce that Admiral Canara's squadron, consisting of the Deloya, the Carlos V., the Pachuca and Rapido, formerly the Harbinger-American line steamers Columbia and Normandia; the Alfonso XIII, the Antonio Lopez, three torpedo boat destroyers and the Gralida, will shortly sail from Cadiz, while the reserve squadron will be organized immediately.

WASHINGTON PICKINGS.

Washington, May 20.—It is beginning to be realized that the shortcomings of our military service are so many that the days are inevitable and that much work will be necessary to put the nation in fighting shape. Every day brings forth a weak spot that has to be strengthened, or a hidden defect, such as the discovery at this late moment that every army officer who accepted a volunteer appointment would forfeit his commission in the regular army and so become liable to be left out of the service at the end of the war. Few officers care to risk their future in that way, so a rush was made towards congress to secure corrective legislation. Again it has been found that the equipment of the army, small as it is in comparison with the great army of the rebellion, is sadly lacking. Nearly a month after the formal declaration of war, the war department has purchased a number of shelter tents, and it has just secured the hummocks that experts say are essential to existence in Cuba.

These preparations involve delay, so that it is not remarkable that in spite of the strenuous efforts of the officers no positive start has yet been made towards its goal by the army of occupation. Probably it is this fact, rather than any inordinance on the part of the navy, that causes the campaign, to drag in its inception, for the army department has announced that it stood ready at any moment to furnish convoys for the troop transports, provided they were started from one point.

The bulletin board at the navy department failed utterly to produce an item of interest regarding the movements or whereabouts of the three great naval squadrons now believed to be in the gulf of Mexico and the waters of the West Indies. An near as could be gathered there was sound reason for this in the fact that the department itself had received no cablegrams of importance, and the alert corps of dispatchers scattered through the West Indies Islands had nothing to report. This absence of positive incidents gave opportunity to the secretary of the navy for the transaction of a considerable quantity of business, and also enabled him to leave the department in the afternoon.

The capital to give the naval committee of the house an exposition of views on the naval personnel bill. The secretary, in the opinion of the secretary, gave a most conclusive evidence of the necessity for the passage of some such measure as the personnel bill, and he is using every effort to secure congressional action upon it.

More than 50 regiments of the volunteer army either have started for or they were directed to proceed by the railway of war. Fifteen or 20 other regiments have reported their readiness to start for such points. In order to prevent confusion at the camps and any congestion in the railroad traffic, the war department officials are deferring giving orders for a number of the volunteer regiments to start. The volunteer regiments which were directed to go to San Francisco, except those from North and South Dakota, have left their rendezvousing points for the golden gate. The greater portion of the men composing these organizations are destined for the Philippines.

The prison-exchange efforts have succeeded, and Colonel Cortijo and Surgeon Julian, now at Fort McPherson, Ga., are to be exchanged for the newspaperman, Thrall and Jones, now in Morocco castle, as is indicated by the following telegram to the state department from Alex. Gullian, British consul general at Havana: "All arranged. You can send prisoners at once. Please wire me day and hour departure from Key West and day of arrival off Havana. I am, very truly, your obedient servant, Alex. Gullian."

CIENTFUEGOS ENGAGEMENT.

Key West, May 20.—During the recent engagement at Cienfuegos 300 Spanish were killed and several hundred wounded. Great damage was done along the coast.

Soon after the engagement the Marblehead picked up several Cubans in an open boat some miles down the coast. They reported that the Spanish losses were the damage wrought by the shells from the Marblehead, very heavy. The hospital at Cienfuegos, they said, were full of wounded; and fear prevailed everywhere that the American warships would return to complete the work of destruction.

CRUISER NASHVILLE.

During the engagement the Marblehead threw 450 five-inch shells into the Spanish forces and 700 shots from her secondary battery; the Nashville sent many more shells and 1500 shots from her secondary battery. Fifteen hundred standards were stationed in an improvised fortress on a neck of land, and upon this the ships concentrated their fire, and it was here that the most terrible destruction was wrought. During the heavy fire of shells and just after the light-house was blown up, five Spanish who were running together in an attempt to escape were picked off by a shell from the Marblehead, the runner being ordered to fire upon them by Ensign Pratt. They were torn to pieces.

MAY COAL IN NORTH ATLANTIC.

Montreal, May 20.—A new feature of the Spanish-American war, one in which it is asserted only Havana and his associates are keenly interested, in the probable advance of the Cadiz squadron into the North Atlantic. One barrier alone has been standing between the New England coast and the Cadiz fleet. It is the lack of coal for the warships when they get in this side of the ocean. It has been planned to secure a coal supply. Spanish ships now carrying it may be well on this side of the Atlantic, indeed, according to information received from a correspondent at North Sydney, C. B., it is possible that even at the present time Spanish coal ships are in the waters about New Foundland.

The advice from Cape Breton point out that Dole has been in communication with an agent or correspondent on the island of St. Pierre, the coaling station of France in the North Atlantic. There is a constant exchange of trade between Cape Breton and St. Pierre, and the dispatch of one port is more or less current in the other. For the past weekbook-out operators on the New Foundland coast have reported the appearance of strange vessels in those waters.

PROBABLY A HOBO.

South Framingham, Mass., May 20.—The intense excitement which to all appearances pervaded the entire camp yesterday has subsided owing to the fact that the sensation was built on very questionable ground. The startling report that a Spanish spy had tried to reach the powder house, in the rear of the camp, during the night and had been overhauled by a sentry and driven out through the camp like a dog, to a civilian, and the story was retailed to civilian visitors as a choice experience.

The tale was that Private Tracy of company H, Ninth regiment, who was on guard, had tried to hold up a man who was prowling around in the dark. The stranger grappled with the sentinel, and as he had closed in the latter could not use his bayonet. A noise ensued, and the sentinel was getting the worst of the fight he called for help, and a sergeant of the guard responded. The stranger then disappeared in the darkness, and, although search was made, no trace of the individual was found.

The incident became talked about, and in a couple of hours it was positively and definitely known that a Spanish spy had tried to run the lines in order to set the magazine afire and destroy the railroad roads of life ammunition. Descriptions of the spy were numerous, all agreeing that he was of dark complexion and medium height. All descriptions accurately admitted that darkness prevented the guard noting further details. In official quarters the midnight intruder is believed to have been a "hobo" who was headed for the mess house to try and get a lunch, and who had run into the guard, to both the latter and his own surprise. The latter, however, served to keep the soldiers busy answering questions.

SEWELL'S SENSE OF DUTY.

Washington, May 20.—Senator Sewell has formally resigned his appointment as a member general in the army. He gave as his reason for the action the fact that legal authorities, including the attorney general of the United States, had expressed the opinion that to hold the office would be incompatible with his duties as a United States senator, and he said that he conceived it to be his duty to serve the state which had sent him to the senate rather than consult his own wishes, which would be to go to the war.

WAR NEWS IN BRIEF.

Washington, May 20.—Hempstead, L. I., has been definitely selected as a rendezvousing point for troops from the New England and middle states section and it is expected that 15 regiments eventually will be quartered there.

Two torpedo boat destroyers are provided for in the appropriation bill are to be of larger type than any vessel of that kind we now have in the service, about 300 tons, but the torpedo boats will be about

the size of the average boat now in use, namely, about 150 tons.

Work on the three monitors, Albatross, Canonicus and Albatross, at League Island has advanced so far that the latter two expect to have them in service within a week or two. They have been supplied with tubular boilers in place of the rusted out boilers they have carried since the war.

Naval authorities are relieved of a good deal of embarrassment by the consent of the French authorities at Marignolles to allow the Harvard to remain in St. Pierre until her repairs are completed. It was at first supposed that she would be allowed only seven days' stay and at the end of that time would be forced out to risk attack at the hands of an amphibious Spanish cruiser or torpedo boat.

The regular troops which are to accompany the expedition to the Philippines have been determined upon, and orders for them to proceed promptly to the coast will be issued. These, with the volunteers from California, Colorado, Kansas, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, Oregon, Utah, Wyoming, Nevada and South Dakota and Idaho, will make up the sum total from which are to be taken the troops who are to be sent to reinforce Admiral Dewey and enable him to take Manila.

CENSORSHIP IN TAMPA.

Tampa, May 20.—The strictest kind of censorship has been established here, and absolutely nothing pertaining to military or naval movements from this port will be permitted to be sent out from this time on. An official bulletin of such news as the army officials consider advisable will be provided for at once. It is intimated that this censorship will continue until after the final movement of troops to Cuba has been made, it being the purpose of the government, to keep the Spanish government in ignorance so far as possible of our plans for the invasion of Cuba.

CITIZENS ADVISE A GOVERNOR.

Manchester, N. H., May 20.—By invitation, a number of Manchester's prominent citizens met Governor Russell in the mayor's office yesterday and discussed the war situation as far as New Hampshire is concerned. While no decision was arrived at, the advice given the governor was that he should adopt a well-defined policy and stick to it; that the annual muster at Concord should be deferred until fall, instead of held in June; that the militia reserves not be taken in regard to the conscription at Portsmouth, and that the regulations left in this state should be left intact and not consolidated.

NAVAL PERSONNEL BILL.

Washington, May 20.—The house committee on naval affairs has reported to the house the substitute for the naval personnel bill. In reporting the measure, the result of a long agitation and a prolonged struggle between the line and staff, the committee points out that the substitute is identical with a former bill except that it abolishes relative rank in the staff, extends the provision as to retirement of line officers, who served in the war, and provides that the construction corps and the marine corps, and establishing a commissioned grade for deserving warrant officers.

The report says: "While this is not a war measure and was not devised to meet the present emergency, yet it is believed its immediate passage will do much to stimulate to heroic endeavor and to secure achievement the brave officers and brave men of the American navy, all of whom will have the passage as not only a remedy for existing troubles and defects in the organization of our naval personnel, but also as a true and substantial appreciation of the deeds of the defenders of our national honor upon the sea." The bill will cause an increase of \$500,000 of expense under the head of pay of the navy.

FOR MANILA.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, May 20.—Nebraska's contribution of men to the army which is to be sent to Manila, arrived here last night. They number 60 men and officers. Another train load comprising 300 more soldiers from the same state is destined at Reno, Nev., owing to the wrecking of another train. None of the soldiers were hurt but three tramps were killed.

In a few days, if everything goes well, the first regiment of California volunteer infantry will be on its way to Manila.

Orders from Washington are to the effect that the men must start by Saturday. "The work of loading the City of Peking which is to transport the troops, is being rushed, but she cannot possibly sail before Saturday.

COL. WELCH'S APPLICATION.

Col. Welch yesterday made formal application through Mayor Bennett to Adjutant General Dalton for the use of the armory in which to drill his 450 volunteers. The permission will not be given until after the troops leave Camp Dewey.

CASITORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Signature of Charles H. Fletcher

Signature of Charles H. Fletcher

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FRIENDSHIP OF FRANCE

Assurances of Consideration Received From French Authorities.

The Dominant Sentiment Favors us — Sensational Editors and Small Investors for Spain—Matters in the Senate Yesterday.

Washington, May 20.—As a result of recent exchanges between the officials of the state department and those of the French embassy, an agreeable understanding has been reached which gives assurance of a continuance of the traditional friendship between the United States and France. It has served to make clear that each government has the fullest confidence in the friendly attitude of the other, and that any criticisms or animosity aroused by recent incidents in the war have not been shared by the government officials of either country.

In the recent exchanges the attitude of some of the Parisian newspapers in criticism of the United States, as well as those of this country in criticism of France, has been gone over. It was pointed out by the state department officials that they had expressly disclaimed any sympathy or endorsement of these criticisms, and that at most they were private expressions in no way reflecting the feeling of the United States government toward France. The French authorities have given assurance that the press criticisms came from an unrepresentative class of radical Parisian newspapers and in no way represented the cordial sentiment entertained by the French government and French people toward the United States. It was shown also that the more influential and representative journals in touch with the government maintained the most friendly tone toward this country.

Mr. Daniel, who is prominently identified with Parisian journalism, has arrived here. While representing two papers which are identified with the French government, he also has a semi-official mission to perform. "It is a matter of the greatest surprise to French people," said he, "that this incredible feeling of animosity should have arisen between people who have been bound together by the closest ties of friendship from the days of our revolutionary war. We ask ourselves: 'What does it mean?' I come directly from Paris and am able to say that neither the French government nor the French people have any sympathy or friendship for Spain, while they have the greatest possible friendship for the United States. You hear of certain ill-feelings in Paris, but the cause of it is plain. The French people invested about \$50,000,000 in the Panama canal, and lost almost every penny of it. It came out of the pockets of the poor people. It was a fearful loss to that class of people. Now this same class has made another investment in Spanish securities. While a small part of those securities is held by French capitalists, the great bulk of it, about 400,000,000 francs, is held by the poor throughout France. Naturally, with all their savings invested in Spanish bonds, they look upon war with Spain as threatening another loss of the pockets of the poor. That is the heart of the matter. It is only the minor French papers, the recognized as sensational and incendiary, that express sympathy for Spain. The solid press of Paris, the semi-official press, expresses the view of the French people at large, which is always cordial to the United States and never friendly to Spain."

WASHINGTON LAWMAKERS.
Washington, May 20.—While several important paragraphs in the war revenue measure were passed over yesterday for future consideration, excellent progress was made by the senate in the consideration of the bill. Two-thirds of the measure have been read, the committee amendments generally having been agreed to. Mr. McLaughlin opened the discussion of the bill with a carefully prepared speech touching all of its features. He expressed the hope that the bill would pass as reported by the majority of the committee on finance, with the exception of the stamp tax, which he thought quite unnecessary. He was ready to vote for any measure that would tend to bring the war to a successful conclusion. People in Cuba were dying every hour. Their condition was beyond the power of description. Every day now meant the loss of hundreds, perhaps thousands of lives in Cuba. Mr. McLaughlin declared that liberty on the island was at stake, and the war had placed our own national prestige at stake.

Mr. Daniel objected seriously to the retroactive feature of the house bill as applied to the tobacco schedule. It had aroused a storm of protest in every commercial center of the country. He declared the adoption of the retroactive

feature would result in the ruin of all small dealers and leave the tobacco trade in the hands of monopolies. Mr. Bacon thought the retroactive feature in every part of the bill unjust and ought to be eliminated.

Mr. Teller said the difficulty was that the committee was divided as to the sum that should be raised as revenue under the bill. He did not believe the bill would produce as much as Mr. Allison had estimated; but as for himself he thought the country should not only provide revenue for the present war, but also for the next. Mr. Teller said the indications were that the war with Spain would not long continue, but to him the signs were equally strong that within a few years we would be involved in another war.

Which might and probably would be of far more harm to the country than the contest with "the seven to nine country" with which we are now contending.

The adjournment of the house until Monday postpones until next week any possible consideration of the Hawaiian resolutions. The impression that the committee on rules will provide for bringing up the resolutions next week is strong. It is said that Speaker Reed is ready to yield to the demands for consideration, and it is believed that the revenue bill by the middle of the coming week will be so well on its way toward passage in the senate that action upon the Hawaiian matter in the house will cause no delay in disposing of the other bill. This will remove the ground for what has been chiefly objection to acting upon the resolutions upon the part of Mr. Dingley and a considerable element in the house, and with that out of the way it is believed consideration of the Hawaiian question will follow speedily. After passing the labor arbitration bill as amended by the senate and expediting a political bill precipitated by a personal explanation from Mr. Tongue (Iowa, Ore.) the house adjourned.

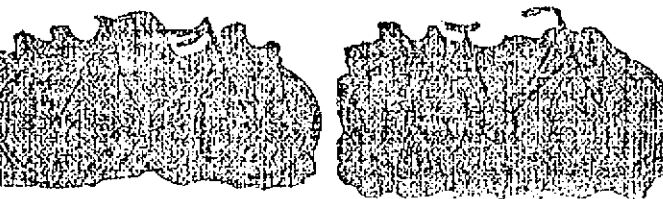
TRIBUTES TO GLADSTONE.
London, May 20.—All the continental papers publish tributes to Mr. Gladstone. The French papers are especially sympathetic, and the Greek newspapers are deeply grateful for what Mr. Gladstone did for Greece. Almost every court in Europe has sent an expression of condolence to the bereaved family, and the columns of all of the papers are given up to memoirs of the statesman.

The body was removed to the large bedroom today and placed in an oak coffin surrounded by an oak cross, extending nearly the whole length of the bed. At its foot was the inscription: "Three panels are on each side, the center of each being of raised dark metal. The date of the funeral has not been fixed, but probably Tuesday will be chosen. The preparations continue for a burial at Hawarden. Up to last evening the family has received no notice of the national funeral which will be voted in parliament today. The general opinion favoring an interment in Westminster abbey, the family will probably give way to the national request. Mr. Gladstone did not leave any wishes on the subject. Dean Bradley of the abbey has selected as the most suitable spot the nave."

In consequence of the death of Mr. Gladstone, the state hall at Buckingham palace, which had been fixed for Monday next, will be postponed.

TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP.
Boston, May 20.—Tom Pettitt of the E. A. A. and Peter W. Latham of Manchester, Mass., have been matched to play for the tennis championship of the world, and a stake of \$500 a side. The match will be played at Brighton, Mass., on Oct. 17, 19 and 21, a day of rest intervening between each day's play. The match is to be the best of 13 sets, with no "advantage" set, the player first winning seven sets to be the victor.

The Triumph Bicycles



AT \$30 Can't be beat. They give satisfaction. Come and see them.

T. P. Boulger, 115 Central Street.

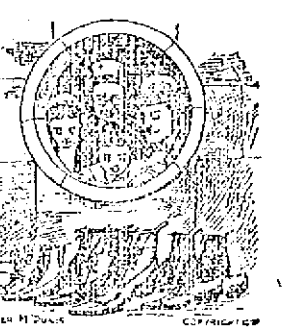
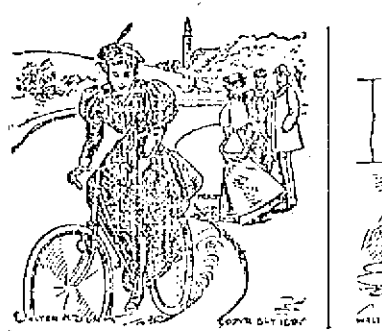
Friday and Saturday

We Shall Offer Some Exceptional Good Values in

TRIMMED HATS, WALKING HATS AND SAILORS.

HEAD & SHAW, THE MILLINERS, 169 Merrimack Street

An Up-to-Date Century Rider | A GLANCE AT OUR SHOES



Should have a pair of Bicycle Shoes. Ladies' 10-inch Bicycle Shoes, \$3.00. Ladies' 15-inch Bicycle Shoes, high cut, best quality, \$2.50. Men's Bicycle Shoes, black or russet, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.00.

and prices will convince you that we are in it for bargains. Ladies' Kid Oxford, 50c. Ladies' Serge Slippers, 25c. Children's Kid Boots, 8 to 12, 25c. Children's Kid Boots, 12 to 14, 35c. Children's Kid Boots, 14 to 16, 45c. Boys' Shoes, sizes 3 to 6 1-2, 50c.

Boys' Spring Heel Shoes, russet and black, sizes 5 to 12, only 75 cents. Ladies' Russet Boots, cloth top, \$1.00.

THOMAS P. BOULGER

115 Central Street

GRANDEST DISPLAY OF FINE MILLINERY

Ever Seen in Lowell.

Pine Imported Millinery in Trimmed Hats and Shapes, Flowers, Ribbons and Feathers, as our customers say, at about half what other dealers ask. See them and you will save money.

This week we have added to our stock the grandest line of Ladies' Skirts ever shown this side of Boston. Our Skirts are made from the very latest imported novelties and by one of the best manufacturers in this country. To see these Skirts would delight any lady whether she buys or not.

Also the grandest line of Dress Trimmings in gimps, braids, ribbons, veils and everything at about half what others ask.

If you want a spring Hat don't throw your money away paying fancy prices. We can save you dollars on fine Hats, also on shapes and flowers. Untrimmed shapes from 15c. to any price you want to pay.

Come and see us, you won't be sorry. We are known to give the best value in Lowell, that's what every lady says.

Our Motto—Honest dealings, low prices, good goods, one price to everybody.

JOHN DRAIN

111 Corham Street.

Never Before Have we been able to sell Bicycles at such low prices. \$25.00

will buy a better wheel than you could get at \$75 last year. We sell cash or credit and take old wheels in exchange.

RING'S BIG STORE, 221-229 Dutton Street.

TEETH No Charge For Extracting

Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask \$10.00 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Filling and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by J. K. Rickell, D.D.S. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our new method. Three years' experience. Artificial teeth without pain, also dentures. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day, no swelling, no odor of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. 240 Commercial St. J. K. RICKELL & SON, Patent Dentists, Rooms 21, 22, 23, Jones' Building, cor. Merz & Bridge.

HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.



Dr. J. C. Palmer's *Golden Tablets* stop fever, all wasting drains, feed the brain, replace wasted energy, and send rich, nourishing blood, giving through every part of the system, clearing every organ, and causing you to glow and tingle with new-found strength. You're a new man and can do it! The tablets are sold everywhere. Ask for them at your drug store, or write to Dr. J. C. Palmer, 112 N. 1st St., St. Paul, Minn. (Cleveland, O., 112 N. 1st St.)

Find at Corham's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 211 CENTRAL STREET.

WANT COLUMN.

TWO PIPES WANTED between 16 and 18 years of age. Applicants will call at 253 Moore street, Saturday, between 9 a. m. and 1 p. m.

LOST—A pocketbook containing a \$5 bill and two cash receipts totaling about \$10, lost at the corner of Commercial street, at the Quire's store. The finder please return to 115 Salem street at once for reward.

HABERGE WANTED—For Saturday at 10 a. m. at 115 Salem street.

RELIABLE HELP furnished at No. 6 H. W. Building, over Street Railway Waiting Station, F. H. A. Moody. Office open at all hours.

J. A. MITCHELL'S Reliable Employment Office, 108 Merrimack street, room 4. Open day and evening. No lack of good help. Prompt service.

LOST—A card case containing about \$15, between Church street and Broadway. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at this office.

WANTED—Children to board. Good home and the best of care. Address C. H. H. Sun of file.

LOANS placed on pianos, furniture, etc., at reasonable rates. Can be paid back in monthly installments. Cash advanced, cash payment. Confidential. P. O. Box 1017, city.

TO LET—Tenement of nine rooms, bathroom and pantry, and all modern improvements. Rent \$12. Inquire at 30 Centre street.

SITUATION WANTED—By young woman as housekeeper. Apply 9 Ames place.

WILL ON PRICES—A cottage house for sale, 1200 yards from the Lawrenceville Hotel, 34 Central street. \$1500. Terms easy. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

PASTURAGE FOR HORSES and colts at Winding Farm. Plenty pure water and good feed. Address J. M. Bailey, Haverhill, Mass.

STORE TO LET—On Fayette street. Rent reasonable. Inquire 311 High street.

WANT NOONANS—Yes, you want Noonans. It's sure to kill all kinds of insects. Noonan's Sure Death kills all drug stores. A. L. Scott, L. I. Walker, A. W. Dows, D. O'Brien and Storey & Co.

STORE TO LET—31 Middle street.

FOR SALE—Nearly new upright piano, cost \$775. Will sell at a sacrifice as party is leaving town. 35 Chase avenue, Pinebrookville, city.

FOR SALE—In Centralville, good 6-room cottage, level acre lot of land. Price \$1000. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, on large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 32 Fayette street.

WAGONS—Butcher cart in fine order, new high grade mechanical, new motor, wagon, attractive steel and brass, handsome light order wagon, second hand filling wagon, etc. to be sold low, second hand demountable. J. F. Libbey, 22 Middle street.

FOR SALE—Barren miles from Lowell, farm of 25 acres, in business already established in Lowell, paying a net profit of \$500 annually. Address P. O. Box 458 Worcester, Mass.

WANTED—By a man, 31, single place as coachman or general work. Sweet & Co., 101 Central street.

WANTED—A young man with \$500 capital, desirous of business already established in Fitchburg, Lowell and Lowell, paying a net profit of \$300 annually. Terms need not apply. Address P. O. Box 124 Worcester, Mass.

FOR SALE—The best liquor business (licensed) in a city of 15,000. The business has been established for 15 years, and is the best paying in the city. The owner is leaving the city and is offering it for sale at a sacrifice. The plant is furnished throughout with the latest modern improvements and conveniences. The building is located admirably in the center of the most thickly populated district and has a large established trade. The only reason for selling is that the present owner is compelled by illness to give up. Bids and income will verify about statement. Address H. E. W. 195 1/2 Traction, Mass.

FOR SALE—Three miles from Lowell Post of fine land, 60 acres, 5000 ft. of water, and barn, laundry and home fruit, \$1500. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

WANTED—Experienced steamfitter will fill, copper and knitters on seamless ribbed stockings. Address at once. Lucas & King Co., Danielson, Conn.

TO LET—Cottage of ten rooms, steam heat, bath, hot and cold water, excellent cellar, and lawn if desired. W. H. Bagshaw, 11 Wilson street.

YOUNG MAN desired board and room in first-class boarding house. Address, stating terms, 110, care Evening Sun.

TO LET—Stable, two stalls, harness closet, and carriage room, connected, part of 24 Tyler street, entrance from George's Church street. Apply to Charles H. Walker.

WANTED—Lady renders to tell us what is the longest time in the Bible. If you can tell us in what chapter it is, we will give you a prize of \$100. If more than one person answers correctly we will give each equally. With your answer send 10 cents for our new library of 12 complete books, a grand prize in themselves. Address Keystone Book Co., 111 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—On Gates' Land near Westford street, two tenement houses with all modern improvements; good corner lot; price \$2500. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

FOR SALE—On Corham street, 5-room cottage, built and sold by a 4000 grocery business; small barn, large corner lot, of land. Price \$2500. G. L. Hubbard, 41 Central street.

RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices. 1-12 inclusive line rubber stamps, 10c. 2-line, 15c. 3-line, 20c. 4-line, 25c. 5-line, 30c. 6-line, 35c. 7-line, 40c. 8-line, 45c. 9-line, 50c. 10-line, 55c. 11-line, 60c. 12-line, 65c. J. M. Fellows, 128 Merrimack street.

WANTED—Ladies to know they can get their arroy, garters or handkerchiefs cleaned or dyed and made in the latest styles at the Hat and Bonnet Bazaar, 111 Merrimack street.

WANTED—Men and women to work at home. 1 day \$4 to 10 per week for making crayon portraits. No capital needed, anyone who can read or write can do the work at home in spare time or evening. Send for particulars and list of work. Address H. A. Grupp, German artist, Tyngsboro, Pa.

FOR SALE—Ten B.L.P.A.s for 5 cents at drugists. One gives relief.

WALL PAPERS at factory prices. \$3 will paper your room with the latest design of wall paper with border to match. First-class work guaranteed. We also do painting, whitewashing, kalsomining at low prices. New York Wall Paper Co., 328 Middlesex street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire the Sun office.

LADIES—Chesterfield English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take one either. Send for sample for particulars. "Relief for Ladies" in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chesterfield Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—600 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Paul P. Low's Dry Goods and Clothing Cleaning and Dyeing establishment, 115 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

MENTHOL CREAM Eucalyptus is used in all leading hairdressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a clear, cool, and refreshing feeling to the hair and scalp. Menthol Cream Shampoo is sold in 1-2 oz. and 4-oz. bottles. 50c per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

WANTED—Housewife at the Lowell Employment Office, 52 Merrimack street, opposite City Hall.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of ladies who were in despair. I have never had a single failure. No other regulator can say this. Largest sales relief in from 2 to 3 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price 25c per month, no office. Consultation free. All letters, truly and honestly answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 150 Tremont street, Boston.

WANT COLUMN.

Every garment we sell has the same good points. They differ in the price, because they differ in the cloth. There is no difference in the carefulness of their make.

MEN'S SUITS.

The backwardness of the season compelled us to mark all our \$12.75, \$14.75 and \$16.75 Suits down to \$8.75, \$10.75 and \$12.75.

LADIES' TAILOR-MADE SUITS

Now \$9.98, \$10.98, \$14.75.

LADIES' JACKETS, Now \$5.98, \$7.98, \$9.98.

LADIES' TRIMMED HATS.

Now \$4.98, \$5.98, \$6.98.

Our Ladies' and Men's Bicycle Suits are made of new, nobby patterns and will stand any strain they may be subjected to.

Caesar Misch

ODD - FELLOWS - BLOCK
78 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL.

THE SPANISH FLEET

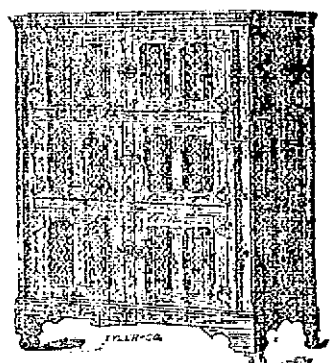
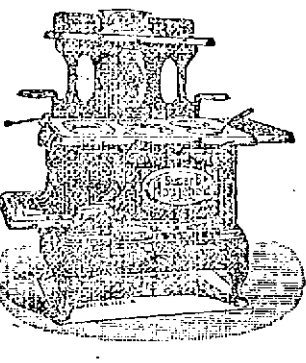
Disturbs the water of the great deep and enables our fleet to make

The Greatest Catch of the Season

Extra Large Mackerel,	25c.
Extra Large Shad,	13c., 2 for 25c.
Extra Large Halibut,	10c. to 15c.
Cod and Haddock,	3c.
Strawberries,	10c., 3 boxes for 25c.

Banner Market

PRESCOTT STREET.



RANGES

The Ranney is the Best.

Agents for the Household Range, Easy on fuel, easy bakers, easy to operate, fully warranted.

Ice Boxes, \$4.50 to \$10

Refrigerators, \$7.50 to \$30

Robertson & Co.,

82 Prescott Street

Creamery Butter

SEE THIS STAMP ON EVERY PACKAGE.



Ask Your Grocer For It.

No other Butter on the market today can equal the Fine Flavor of the "SHADY GROVE."

For Sale by all the Leading Grocers in the Merrimack River Valley from Franklin, N. H., to Newburyport, Mass.

The Easy Food

Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.

Quaker Oats

At all grocers in 2-lb. pkgs. only.

A MULTI-MILLIONAIRE IN CUPID'S CLUTCHES.

George Vanderbilt to be
Wedded in Paris.

AMERICAN GIRL'S CATCH.

New York.—The marriage of a Vanderbilt—and there have been many of them, some under peculiarly romantic circumstances—is always the event of a social season. There are those who have insisted time and again that George Vanderbilt, the youngest of the sons of William H. Vanderbilt, though the richest bachelor in America, was simply an impossible catch. For years he has been put down by society as the book worm of the family, as the literary genius, whose only love was his library, flitted only now and then for the fine outdoor sport which made his monster preserves at Biltmore famous.

It was a beautiful American girl, who finally overthrew all the promise of a rare millionaire bachelor career, and on June 1st in Paris, Miss Edith Stuyvesant Dresser, will become the mistress not alone of Biltmore House, the richest country place in America, but in time also of the fine Vanderbilt mansion on Fifth avenue, now occupied by the aged mother of the Vanderbilts, and with it of the great collection of paintings on which William H. Vanderbilt spent millions.

Miss Dresser, as the Stuyvesant in her name presupposes, comes of an old Dutch family, the one title to name and fame in New York society. In fact she traces her ancestry back to the very Peter Stuyvesant, once a governor of New York, and known in history as the most bigoted and obstinate of the Dutch executives sent over from Holland. There is nothing of his nature left in the Dresser girls. Time has mellowed all that, and Miss Edith, who has traveled extensively in the past few years, is not alone literary in her tastes, but a rare art and musical critic as well. She is a granddaughter of the late Daniel Le Roy, of New York, being also closely related to the King, Le Roy, Fish and Stuyvesant families, who for generations have been identified with the history of New York.

Miss Dresser's sisters are Mrs. John Nicholas Brown, formerly Miss Natalie Dresser; Mrs. George Granville Mifflin, formerly Miss Pauline Dresser, whose husband is rector of the little Episcopal church at Tuxedo Park, and Miss Susan Le Roy Dresser. She is also a sister of Mr. D. Le Roy Dresser, who married Miss Emma Burnham, a granddaughter of the late Gordon Burnham.

In her tastes she has a close affinity to her affianced who has from his youngest years been almost the exact opposite of at least one of his brothers, William K., and of his nephew Cornelius, Jr., both of whom have given the social world of two continents much to gossip about. He has always been a close student, natural history being one of his special fads. On one of his hunting trips in South Carolina he became interested in what is now the Biltmore property, and decided to build upon it the costliest and finest country house in America. In this he has succeeded, and the surroundings alone are the marvel of the south. All about the house, in the grounds there is ample proof of costly and tasteful work. The flower gardens are especially fine. Many of these are sunk below the general level, and when the sun is out bright and strong, the blaze of color is like reflections from many-hued mirrors. The total area covered by the gardens, greenhouses, and nurseries cannot be far from seventy-five acres. The conservatories are filled with rare and beautiful plants, including especially rare roses and orchids.

The nursery contains more kinds of trees and shrubs than there are in the botanical gardens at Kew, near London. North Carolina is rich in the number of native trees, and the climate is as well suited to the growth of a

large variety of trees and shrubs as of that in any State in the Union.

In order to have the best grounds it was necessary to have the strongest and best soil. Immense quantities of rich soil were brought

from the valleys and river bottoms miles away. Carload after carload was dumped on the grounds and made into garden spots. The amount of dirt brought over the railroad would make another mountain.

The stables are as fine as any in the country. Mr. Vanderbilt is fond of blooded stock, and no doubt the stables and barns delight the lover of long-jacked

horsemanship after the Battle of Waterloo the allied sovereigns had reserved to themselves the disposal of all vacant territory to some of the princes then out of a job. The Ministers of Austria, England, Prussia and Russia determined to decide upon all territorial questions among themselves and only after so deciding submit them to France and the other Powers. This nearly caused a rupture. Talleyrand on hearing of the arrangement, demanded that the whole European concert should meet in open Congress. But the "Big Four" continued their sittings as already arranged. Still it was found impossible to continue. While Napoleon reigned these powers were united against him, but now that the common danger was disposed of they were no less against each other.

The Congress assembled in September, 1814, and on January 3, 1815, Talleyrand's purpose of breaking Europe into two halves was only averted by a secret treaty pledging these powers to act once more in league against Russia and Prussia in defense of the Peace of Paris. France was immediately admitted into "the Big Four" and Europe assumed those divisions in which it remained until a United Italy and the German Empire arose.

Passing over the treaty which ended the Crimean War, those which ended the Holstein and the Austro-Prussian wars and that of 1871 which gave Alsace and Lorraine to Germany, we come to the next great international conference, that of Berlin.

The treaty of Berlin in 1878 stopped the victorious march of the Russian Army upon Constantinople. It thus preserved a plague spot in Southeastern Europe, Spain being the blotch in the corresponding corner of Southwestern Europe. These precious blossoms, the word "Jingo," and "the Princess League" are said to be the net results of that treaty in which Lord Beaconsfield figured. Russia had perfected a treaty with "the Sick Man," the famous treaty of San Stefano, by which was secured complete independence for the Christian populations of Montenegro and which created the new state of Bulgaria with a seaport on the Egean Sea. Bulgaria was to be a mere blind for Russia. The British Government took alarm, contending that any such step reopened those questions already settled on the abdication of Napoleon. A Congress of "the Big Five" was accordingly called in Berlin. This time Prince Bismarck presided. Prince Gorchakoff represented the Czar, Count Andrássy, Austria and Lord Beaconsfield and Salisbury the interests of Great Britain. Under the conditions of this treaty Turkey was short of some of her territory, which was added to Austria; the principality of Bulgaria was recognized as an autonomous Power with a Christian Government and a national militia. Signed reforms were to be introduced into Crete, Epirus, Thessaly, Armenia, and other parts of the Ottoman Empire.

Lord Beaconsfield went back from Berlin with the cry of "Peace with honor," the undercurrents of the situation being that there was neither peace nor honor. Two years ago the most frightful massacres took place in Armenia and when Lord Salisbury who was a member of the conference was appealed to by the Christian sentiment of England to enforce the treaty, Lord Salisbury faintly declared that the redress of Armenian injustice was not a function of the Conservative party. The great leader of the Liberals who had formerly stirred England over the Bulgarian atrocities was not in Parliament, and Sir Vernon Harcourt was as silent as a heap of baggage on the opposition bench.

The next arrangement which mightily affected the world's destinies was that at the Town Hall of Shimoda in April, 1859. Count Ho was at home on this occasion and Li Hung Chang with Mr. Foster of America and Count Cassini in the background were gazing those of China. As most of the Chinese fleet was either in the hands of the Japanese or at the bottom of the Yalu river or in the harbor of Wei-Hel-Wei, and the victorious armies of the Mikado were in sight of Peking, the Chinese had no alternative but to concede whatever was demanded, knowing that Russia, Germany and France, which constitute the "Triple Alliance" for the control of the Orient would not permit an immediate Russian demand the cession of the Liao Tung peninsula, the warships already in Japanese hands, control of Port Arthur and \$200,000,000.

The plenipotentiaries held five sessions, the result of which was that the mailed hand of Russia was seen behind the Chinese-Japanese war. Japan had to be satisfied with the money indemnity and Formosa, Russia more recently taking the Liao Peninsula and valuable railroad rights in that territory which is now virtually a Russian province. Great Britain apparently did not know that anything was happening until the Russian bear had completely fortified himself in the Gulf of Korea and an outlet in the Pacific Ocean which it destined are long to be a Russo-American Lake. But England finally assured the continuance of peace by taking Wei-Hel-Wei.

While these events were taking place in the far East, this country was creating a diversion of momentous importance in Venezuela and the message of President Cleveland in December, 1895, was admirably timed whether Cleveland so intended it or not, to create such a disturbance in London as would not only vindicate the Monroe doctrine in Venezuela but also repay Russia for the famous "midnight treaty" of 1865, under which Alaska was ceded to the United States. To Russian assistance and Russian friendship for the United States were indebted for the present encouraging foreign policy under which, particularly with the possession of the Philippine Islands, we are sure to have an "open door" in the Orient independent of any power on earth. In fact it is no longer either the "Big Four" or the "Big Five." It is now the "Big Six" as any further treaty making in consequence of the present war with Spain, will abundantly reveal to anyone who does not already see the United States looming ominously upon the destinies of the century that is now at our doors. America is henceforth going to have foreign markets for her manufactures and a foreign policy of her own and Europe will have to reckon with our Talleyrands in the great events of the future.

CHANLER, MILLIONAIRE-HERO.

Joins Gomez To Aid In The Battles For Cuba's
Freedom.

HIS REMARKABLE CAREER ON TWO CONTINENTS.

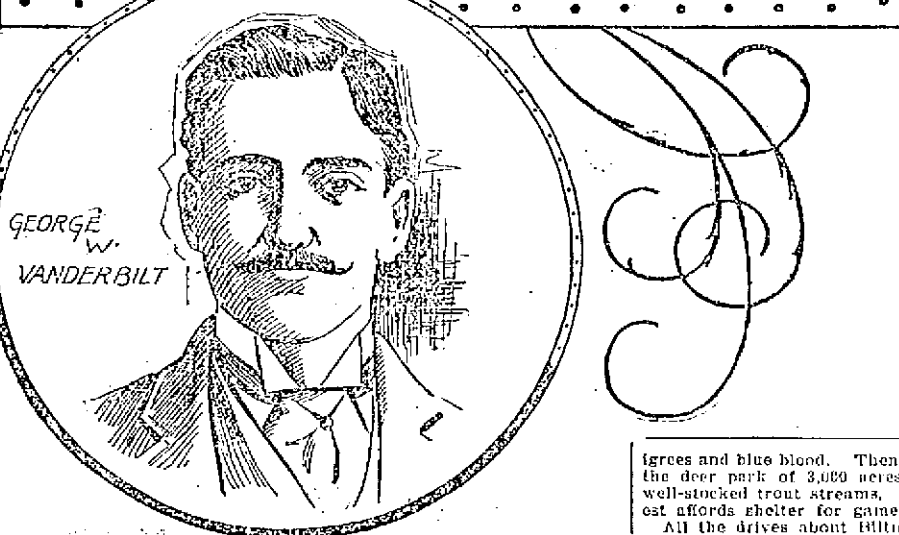
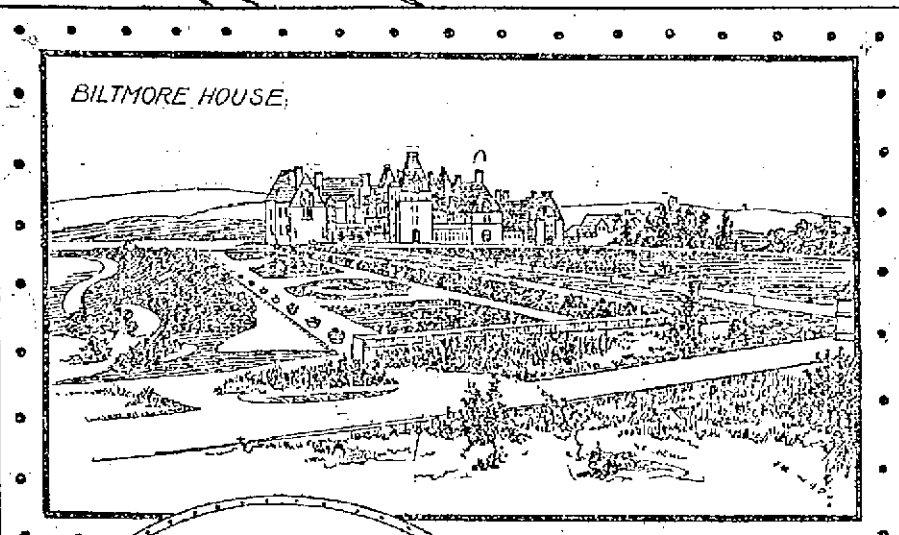
William Astor Chanler is a young man of fortune and of leisure. Fortune and leisure are the twin children of man. William Astor Chanler is also an American whose education has been unimpaired by foreign travel. The latter qualification is essential for to say nowadays that a man had seen Europe or had taken a degree at Harvard would be to imply that he was a somewhat raw and athletic youth, crammed with bookish learning and out of touch with these Democratic times. As Edmund Burke used to say that an acquittal at Old Bailey was no recommendation to office, so the fact of a man having dined with dukes or having studied under an Eliot or a Woolsey or a Norton, or to say that he was turned out by one of our great universities is too apt to convey the impression with the mass of people that he is one of those overeducated Americans who love other countries better than their own.

William Astor Chanler is not a man of that stamp. He is an American from the crown of his head to the sole of his foot. He has a noble ambition, and a special column around which to build a great American. He will become one some day, and is starting in the right direction. Mr. Astor Chanler has already attempted the raising of a regiment and has offered it to the

Chanler are rare in New York. He is worthy of a noble success because like Spontrous he has done something to deserve it.

Nor is this the first that he has taken which singles him out for public notice. On coming of age he put down from the crowd of glided youths of the Vanderbilt family, and who after their morning "bawls" devote the balance of the day idling in the douds, or in selecting the best matinee, or studying the records of the most attractive prima donnas. Mr. Astor then organized a hunting trip in Africa in 1892. He is the author of a highly interesting work "Through the Jungle and Desert," which sheds light on the dark continent, and which caused him to be elected a member of the Royal Geographical Society. He knows how to use a rifle effectively, and is an expert sharpshooter. He knows also how to move a caravan or to pick a tiger or to spy a Don at three thousand yards and send either to sleep with enough of lead in his brain to steady a punter over the river Styx.

Mr. Chanler has roughed life enough in Africa to become an invaluable aid in Cuba, with his superior intelligence and his undoubted courage will make the young millionaire a favorite of General Gomez and of the army. He



green and blue blood. Then there are the deer park of 3,000 acres and the well-stocked trout streams. The forest affords shelter for game. All the drives about Biltmore Park are varied and picturesque.

FAMOUS TREATIES OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY.

(By Thomas Burke Grant.)

At a time when the world is likely to see another treaty that will alter the boundaries of nations, it is well to look over the great treaties of the century. What did they effect?

The first of these began almost with the century itself and arose from events connected with Napoleon's seizure of power and his aggressive policy in Europe. It is known as the "Peace

of Amiens" between Great Britain, Holland, France, and Spain. It was feebly called "the Peace of Amiens" because it really provoked war. Its most notable achievement was to enable Napoleon's friends to invite the French senate to give Napoleon, who the national gratitude of France, the Senate voted to prolong the First Consul's tenure of office. The proposition

had but one opponent, a Girondist, who loudly asserted that the first steps towards a despotism had been thus taken, and that a flagrant usurpation threatened the Republic. Lafayette registered a noble "No," sent the First Consul a spirited letter, and ceased his relations he had hitherto maintained with Napoleon who had already stirred up a rebellion in Holland, was the mediator of Italy, and was now about to be-

come the master of France. The treaty was signed March 27, 1802, by the Marquis of Cornwallis on the part of England, and by Joseph Bonaparte on that of France, and after a long session of the Senate in consequence Napoleon was on August 3 proclaimed in these terms "The French people name and the Senate proclaim Napoleon Bonaparte First Consul for life."

The London "Times" and the whole British press roused its disapproval. Napoleon thundered back that if the English press interfered in the domestic affairs of the French people, that the nation knew how to respond to such flagrant impudence, and would not be slow to preserve the dignity of the French name. Accordingly as Addison used to say in after years, the ink on the treaty of Amiens was scarcely dry when national pride was aroused which impelled the new peace. The promptness with which France challenged the British nation upon that occasion is the secret of why England, whoever else they may despise, have still a profound respect for Frenchmen, and have been very shy of touching upon their domestic discords since. The blue envy of the press had nearly ruined the Empire.

The next in importance was the Treaty of Vienna in 1815. This was the great council of the powers which readjusted the disturbance caused by Napoleon in the affairs of Europe. The Czar of Russia, the Kings of Prussia, Denmark, Bavaria and Wurtemberg, and nearly all the statesmen of empires gathered around the Emperor Francis of Austria and his more famous minister, Metternich. Metternich by common consent presided. Lord Castlereagh represented England and Talleyrand France. The subordinate envoys and attaches of other Courts added to a host of petty princelings whose nominal titles remain, but whose power have disappeared from the map of Europe, crowded every hall or available private residence in Vienna. They all gathered like vultures to feed upon the caged lion whom the brutal Sir Hudson Lowe was at that time insulting on board of the Hellenophon en route to St. Helena. This assemblage was also likely to end in renewed war. By the secret un-

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President to fight in Cuba. Owing to the belief in Washington that this nation is sufficiently indebted to its rich men there seems no necessity for individuals to raise levies of armed troops. Besides in Spain's case it is quite one too much of calling out the artillery to shoot a fly.

But nothing daunted this plucky young man has gone the next best thing—he has gone himself to the front and has offered himself to General Gomez. This shows better than the offer to raise a regiment that Mr. Astor Chanler is an exceptionally practical young man.

For after all it is not difficult for any young man of means to collect a regiment to fight any where just now. "To go where glory waits thee" is not so much of a patriotic as an opportunistic inspiration, particularly when one feels that the glory will be all his own, and that if he is not placed at the head of the regiment he himself raises and at his own expense the Administration will be at fault. This is the way people think whatever they say. There was too much of this tactical system of trade and barter in the Civil War and the United States has grown too big and dignified a nation to receive aid from private individuals against Spain except in the way of ordinary enlistment.

Mr. Astor Chanler undeterred by any considerations nobly suspended regiment raising and resolved to do or die in propria persona. The country will therefore watch this young gentleman's progress with renewed interest on the staff of Gomez and with the army of liberation in Cuba.

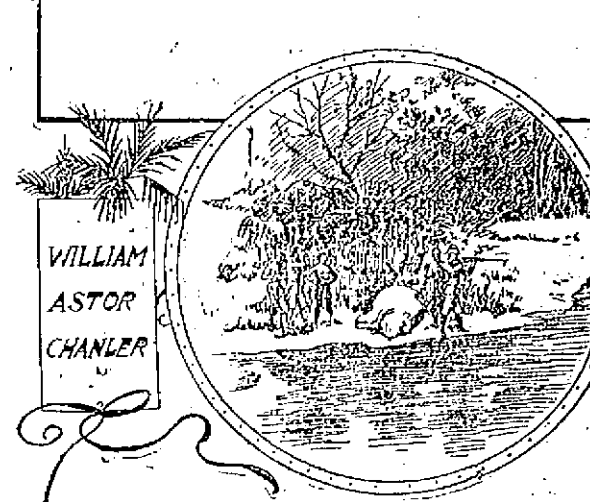
Men of the stamp of William Astor

has suffered the pangs of hunger on the Tang river. He has had yellow fever in Datcho Africa. He has been presented at Queen Victoria's Court and has danced cotillions with dusky maidens on the Jomhine Range. He has dabbled with politics as a Parnellite sympathizer in Dublin, and in a word he has seen life in many lands and under such varied vicissitudes as to make him a general favorite and an all-round interesting type of American youth. Illustrating Pope's line: "Worth makes the man and wad of it the fellow."

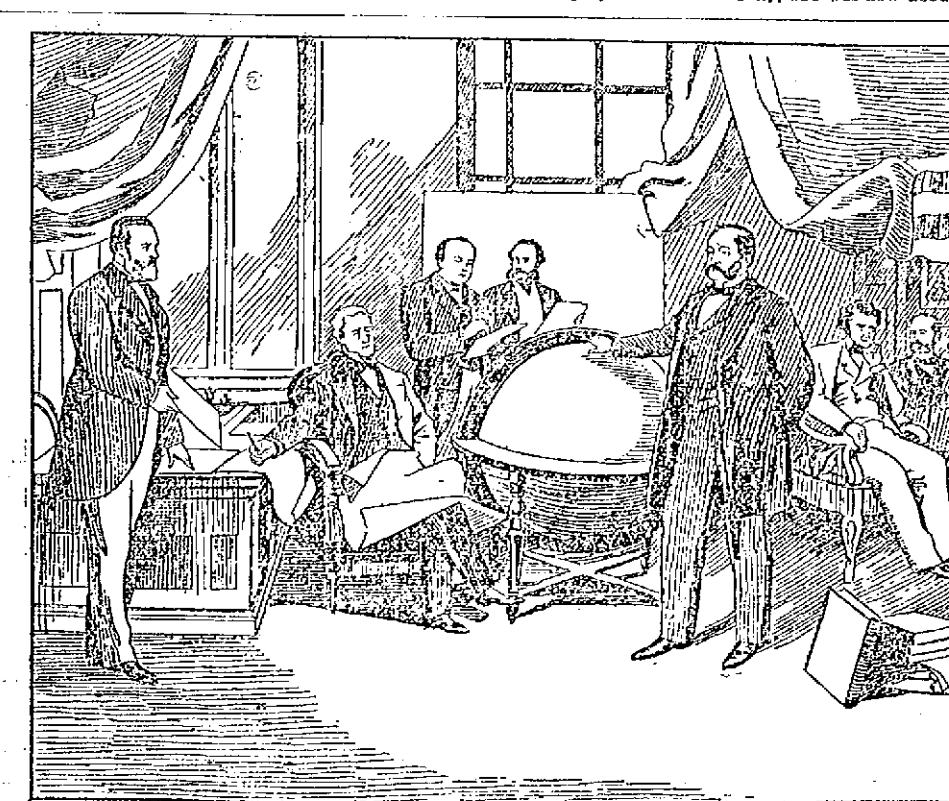
Mr. Chanler is the grandson of both the late William B. Astor and of the famous Saml. B. Astor. His father served as a member of three Congresses from New York City and left the son enough of money to indulge in any reasonable fancy. But all the young man's investments were as prudent as his ambitions seem to be laudable and patriotic. He is a large-souled, virile, clean cut and full blooded American gentleman who is blazing the way for a type of serious young men who are the hope of the future, which this country is rapidly developing and which she sadly needs particularly in the large centres of the East, and of whom William C. Whitney is probably the best example in the matured life of today.

Through persistent experimenting, a process has been discovered by which glass can be hardened to the consistency of steel, and its first practical application is to be given to the manufacture of skates.

China has the richest deposits of quicksilver in the world.



WILLIAM
ASTOR
CHANLER



THE "MIDNIGHT" TREATY THAT GAVE US ALASKA.

SPANISH TREACHERY.

Mr. Stephen Bonsai, in his "The Real Condition of Cuba To-day," describes the execution of two little Cuban boys, whose only sin had been that they always shouted "Long Live Free Cuba." An old sergeant tells him the

story. They had been kept imprisoned but they were very much pleased when the lieutenant said they would die together; he would not separate them. Then the oldest lost his courage a little, whispered imploringly to the captain, and we thought he was going to give way, poor little worm, and I would not have blamed him. He

should have been at home with his mother, carried up in her lap. But then the captain answered, loud and sharp, and we knew he had not been wavering. The captain said: "What you ask is impossible. I cannot have your arms unbound. I must obey orders, and you must be shot just as you are, and like all other prisoners, sen-

tenced to death for rebellion." Then the little chap, who was not a year older than his brother, blew out his chest like the little game cock he was, and said: "I only asked because Carillo is so young; because I wanted to put my arms about him when you fired to save him all I could when the bullets came; but Carillo is a Cuban; he will

be brave." Then the sergeant made him kneel down, three feet apart, on the ground with their backs to the firing platoon. It was hard to kneel. The fire was drawn up, and the lieutenant cried, "Apuntar! (aim). But you know, these little fellows had edged toward each other, working on their knees hard, and were kneeling

shoulder touching shoulder, and with check to cheek. Then the volley came, and the bullets lifted the poor little feather-weights, that they were, off the ground and blew them against the wall. You know, paisano, I have not been at all easy in my mind about the rights of these things which I see, and sometimes I think that you and I, who

sit here and see these things done without trying to stop them, are sin vergonzas (without shame) like all the rest—no better and no worse."

Little folks are wearing organdies over undershirts of light colors. They are made with many rows of insertion and small tucks.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ROCKING CHAIRS WITH TEA.
We have received a big lot of Rocking Chairs, one with a painted set, ten with white sets, Hickory, Oak, the Big Tea Dealers, 68 Merrimack street.

GARDEN SETS WITH TEA.
A good time to get your Garden Set is now. A large set, three place set, with a pound of the tea, only at Dickson Bros. Tea Store, 68 Merrimack street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.
T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central street. For bargains in watches call on Harris, 10 Appleton street.

Elegant rubber tire hacks at O'Donnell's, Jefferson St. Telephone, 439-4.
Sheet music at Steiner's Mammoth Music Store, 130 Merrimack street.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.
This is a time of trial. Hearke & Sullivan's coal will stand the test. Telephone, 354 Gorham street.

A BAND OF MUSIC COULD PLAY IN THE ICE CHEST.

The largest ice chest in the city is now at the Crystal, 40 Worthen street, opp. City Hall. It will now hold 50 barrels of ice and 40 barrels of the best lager and 20 tons of beer. You will not have to go to the sea-shore to get cooled off this summer.

RUNAWAY BOYS.

Three runaway Cambridge boys were arrested near the Fair Grounds yesterday and locked up pending word from their relatives. They amused themselves while in the cell by singing, "The Star Spangled Banner."

JANITORS' ASSOCIATION.

At a meeting held last night in Wyman's Exchange building, the Janitors' association effected a permanent organization and elected the following officers: President, O. Brown; vice president, Peter Garrity; financial secretary, Samuel Fleming. The other officers will be elected at the next meeting, which will occur next Wednesday night.

A challenge has been issued to the Lawrence Janitors for a game of base ball.

LOWELL CORPORATION RETURNS.

Lowell Ice company, Lowell. D. Wyndley, treasurer; annual meeting, Feb. 7, 1898; real estate and buildings, \$14,000; machinery, \$10,000; cash and debts received, \$120; ice, \$300; profit, 1898, \$33,200; total, \$67,450. Certificate filed May 7, 1898. Capital stock, \$20,000; debts, \$45,450.

H. R. Barker Manufacturing company, Lowell. C. H. Hobson, treasurer; annual meeting April 12, 1898; machinery, \$384; cash and debts received, \$33,783; profits and merchandise, \$16,600; total, \$51,172. Certificate filed May 11, 1898. Capital stock, \$30,000; debts, \$7305; profit and loss, \$13,867; total, \$51,172.

Lowell Weaving company Lowell. C. F. Kummer, treasurer; annual meeting Feb. 28, 1898. Machinery, \$20,000; cash and debts received, \$5560; profits and merchandise, \$27,719; total, \$63,339. Certificate filed May 9, 1898. Capital stock, \$30,000; debts, \$22,918; profit and loss, \$480; total, \$51,392.

NEW LOWELL CORPORATION.

Woods-Sherwood Co., Lowell. Certificate filed May 7, 1898. Capital stock, \$20,000; number of shares, 200, value of each share, \$100. Directors: Wm. H. Anderson, president; Eliza J. Neale, treasurer; and Edward P. Woods. Purpose of organization: the manufacture and sale of wine goods.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

Mr. John Rogers is a very good president for the class of '99.

The battalion drilled on the common yesterday under command of Colonel Wilson.

Quartermaster Ralph Kennedy and Quartermaster Sergt. Coleman are both very busy in fact, more so than any other officer in the battalion, because the rifles are at present used very much, in order to prepare the boys for field day.

Among the visitors to the school yesterday were Supt. Whitcomb and Miss Chaffin.

Miss Hutchinson will be one of the singers at the graduation exercises.

The captain of the base ball team will begin now to secure good players since he read the communication in The Sun.

The class of '98 should have another sociable.

Miss McDaniels is not teaching this week.

The Debating club will be rich if many more members are lined.

Mr. William Rice made a great hit at the Savoy Wednesday evening.

Who will win the prize, field day?

Mr. Dana Whipple will be the next colonel of the battalion.

FORMER LOWELL MAN.

DIED IN PITTSBURG YESTERDAY.

Pittsburg, May 19.—Ex-Representative Clarence E. Person, one of the bravest soldiers that this city had in the late war, died at his home, 1 Brigham Park, today. He was a prominent member of Post 12, G.A.R., being an ex-commander.

Mr. Person was a son of Levi and Prudence C. Person and was born at Framingham, N. H. He died on the 63d anniversary of his birth. His parents moved to Lowell when he was two years old, and he remained in that city until he was 30 years of age, when he removed to Grandville, N. H., where he resided four years and came to Pittsburg in 1873, where he has since lived.

He first joined the Grand Army as a member of Benjamin F. Butler Post 42 of Lowell. Soon after his removal to Pittsburg, he was transferred to Post 19, G. A. R., in which he became officer of the guard, officer of the day, senior vice commander, and was commander of the post in 1891. In 1892 he was aide-de-camp on the staff of Commander-in-Chief John Palmer of the G. A. R. He was a member of the Masonic Fraternity, of Mechanics Lodge, I.O.O.F., of Lowell, and of Holstone Lodge, A.O.U.W.

He leaves a wife and one daughter, Miss Alice C. Person; also two brothers, Capt. Rodney C. Person of Boston and Levi O. Person of Desart, Ill., who has been with him the past few weeks; two sisters, Mrs. William F. Perkins of Lowell and Mrs. T. E. Root of Boston.

Funeral services will be held at 10 o'clock, Monday, at the residence.

Interment will be in the cemetery.

Lowell Sun.

Lowell Sun.

Lowell Sun.

Lowell Sun.

Lowell Sun.

Lowell Sun.

Lowell Sun.

Lowell Sun.

Lowell Sun.

Lowell Sun.

ALL ARE READY

Mathews and Emeralds Prepared for Tomorrow.

MATHEWS MAY HAVE HOLY CROSS PITCHER.

The Make up of the Teams.

Tomorrow the cranks can howl. The game on the Fair Grounds will give them every opportunity to let off their enthusiasm, for unless all signs fail, the game between the Mathews and Emeralds will be a "cracker." The Emeralds will play the team just as everybody knows them. Nine sturdy, local players will defend the claims of the North common. Everybody in that section is banking on the Emeralds to win and the latter never felt so sure of anything. "Hub" Gaudy will go in the box and "Andy" Roake will be on hand to relieve him, if need be.

"Jimmy" Blakes will catch. Bascom will be at first, Strick on second, McGuane, third. At short "Billy" Conners will cover lots of ground. Hixby, Kane, and Murphy will be in the outfield.

The Mathews have not yet announced the name of their pitcher. Clifford has asked for a chance to ride in himself and Cook of Amesbury is beginning for a trial. It was reported last night that either McKenna of South Boston or Linnahan or McKenna of Holy Cross college will do the twirling for the Mathews. Parley will catch and the infield will be picked from Williams, Castles, Lynch, Barrett and Nestor. Hoyle, Roche and Twooley will play in the outfield. Lynch will umpire the game. The grounds will be roped off just as at previous games. Play will be called at 3 o'clock.

The Andovers claim the championship of northern Massachusetts and will defend it against all comers. They desire games with the best teams in Lowell and vicinity.

Would like to play away from home May 30, for a reasonable guarantee. After June 15 will accommodate clubs at Andover, paying a good guarantee. Emeralds, Craig, South Boston, Y.M.C.I. Mathews and Vesper preferred. Address William H. Adams, North Andover, Mass., Manager Andover Base Ball Club.

Jordan is another of the young players who is well thought of by the league managers and may be given a trial by one of the league teams.

Dan Rooney, the former catcher of the Mathews, is now in business in New York state.

Kansas City is still pulling wires to get "Billy" Merritt out there.

THE JUVENILE DIAMOND.

The Collingville grounds are at the disposal of the Shamrocks and Atlantic. Play ball.

The Mystery club is looking for another game with the Shamrocks. The latter team will give the Centralville boys their first open date.

The undersigned do hereby challenge any team in Lowell to games for money or fun. (Signed) —Wampanoag.

—P. St. John, Manager.

The Shamrocks will give the Old Defenders a game when they have money to back up their assertions. May 28 is the Wampanoag's first open date.

The First street grounds are not in good enough condition to play juvenile ball on.

The Dodgers are not satisfied with last Saturday's defeat. They want to play the Fletchers again.

The Shamrocks are trying to secure a game with the Textile school nine.

The Liberty Blues will play the Young Cubans, Woodwards, or any other strong team in the city. Capt. Frank McAlister, 181 Tremont street, and Manager Joe Conway, receives challenges.

The Emmets are now organized and would like to hear from all of the strong teams in Lowell and vicinity. Manager, David Rowe, 165 Middle street.

GEN. LEE'S STAFF.

IS MADE UP OF YOUNG MEN WITH NAMES.

Washington, May 20.—Fitzhugh Lee's staff has been selected. The names were sent to the senate this afternoon, as follows: Algerson Sartoris, district of Columbia; Fitzhugh Lee, Jr., Virginia; Carlos Canabon, Gray, N. Y.; Thomas, J. Sullivan, Colorado; Earl Fisher Hanson, New York.

Sartoris is the grandson of Gen. Grant, and Lee is a grandnephew of Robert E. Lee. Carlos Canabon was formerly a rich Havana banker, a Spaniard by birth, but now an American citizen. He drove the cab in which she was carried from prison.

THE GRAY NUNS.

The victims of the convent fire at St. Hyacinthe, P. Q., Sunday night, were members of the same community of Gray Nuns as the Gray Nuns in this city and news of the disaster was received with deepest regret by the latter, many of whom had labored with those who perished in the flames.

Cook, Taylor & Co.,
CENTRAL STREET.

Ready-Made Garments
4—Great Bargains—From among the hundreds that we offer, to which we call attention.

Silk Waists.

Good quality, handsome colors to select from, well made, lined and boned, only \$3.49, worth \$5.00.

Separate Skirts.

New shaped Black Cheviot Skirts, plain and tucked, only \$3.50, worth \$6.50.

Silk Collarettes.

Stylish little garments in black and colors, handsomely trimmed, only \$3.98, worth \$6.50.

Broadcloth Suits.

Silk Lined Blouse, ribbon trimmed, new style skirts, only \$6.50, worth \$10.

Don't forget to examine our new styles of Shirt Waists. Prices from 39c. up to \$2.50.

S. T. FARRELL

110 and 112 Merrimack Street.

GREAT BARGAINS

FRIDAY and SATURDAY.

Ladies' 25c. Plaid Hose, seamless, only 12 1-2c.

Ladies' 25c. Vest, high and low neck, silk trimmed, only 15c. each.

Ladies' \$1.25 Black and Fanny Sateen Skirts, only 98c. each.

Ladies' \$2.50 Black and Colored Dress Skirts, only \$1.75 each.

Ladies' \$1.00 Wrappers, handsome colors, only 75c. each.

Ladies' 50c. Shirt Waists, only 25c. each.

Ladies' Lingerie Shirt Waists from 39c. to \$1.98 each.

110-112 Merrimack St.
(FORMERLY CENTRAL STREET.)

P. F. Devine's Branch, 83 Merrimack Street.

BAGS, TRUNKS, DRESS SUIT CASES

In fact everything the well equipped traveler requires, at special "OPENING" prices. Our 25c. line and street store is not to be missed. In both stores a full and complete line of latest style leather goods.

BARGAIN DAYS!

SOME EXTRAORDINARY VALUES FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

Five extraordinary things in flowers—Sale begins at 6 o'clock today.

No. 1—A big lot of Rose Sprays worth 19c. for 5c. spray.

No. 2—Rose sprays etc. well worth 25c. for 10c. spray.

No. 3—Extraordinary value Rose and foliage sprays worth 50c. for 19c.

No. 4—Beautiful Flowers, Rose buds etc. worth 65c. for 25c.

No. 5—Silk Rose bud flowers well worth \$1.25 for 40c.

See the window display in Large Show Window.

PARASOLS.

Special introductory sale of the new Parasols. An immense line.

One lot (last season's styles) just as good as '98 goods and for one quarter the price.

PARASOLS.

Parasols worth \$1.25 to \$2.50 for 49c. Other lines that are unusually cheap at \$1.49, \$1.98, \$2.49 and \$2.98.

GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

This department is now located in our New Shoe Annex. A complete line of all kinds of Neckwear, Underwear, Hose, Collars and Cuffs, laundered and unlaundered Shirts, Negligees and Fancy Dress Shirts.

Specials for Friday and Saturday, 25c for Men's Underwear and Neckwear, 25c, 25c.

SHIRT WAISTS

With the weather most favorable today. We have the goods at most favorable prices.

SHIRT WAISTS

Here are a few quiet hints: 25 doz. Shirt Waists, made of the most stylish Gingham, Percale and Lawn, in Plaids, Stripes and Checks in dainty bias and bayader effects, blouse fronts. Regular price \$2.00. Our price 98c.

15 doz. Imported Gingham and Lawn Waists, choicest styles and colors, fancy tucked and lace fronts, all bias and bayader effects. This is a special purchase of fine goods and cannot be duplicated again at any price. Worth \$5.00, \$4.00 \$3.00 and \$2.50. Our price \$1.49.

12 doz. Fine Lawn and Percale Shirt Waists in Stripes and Plaids, yoke back, full front, all sizes, worth \$1.50 and \$1.00. Our price 49c.

1 lot Fancy Figured China Silks, lined, guaranteed fast colors. Regular price \$4.98. Our price \$2.98.

WASH SUITS WASH SKIRTS.

To open the season of Ladies' Linen and Crash Suits and Separate Skirts we will offer two startling bargains which no lady can afford to pass.

1 lot of about 150 Linen and Crash Linen Suits, embroidered in the latest style. New Eton and Blazer Effects. Everyone of these Suits was made to retail at \$5.00. Our opening price \$2.98.

1 lot of about 250 Duck Skirts in Stripes and Checks, made in latest style, patent double stitched seams. Cheap at \$1.25. Our opening price 59 cents.

LADIES' SUITS

Special Leader. Fine Broadcloth Suit, embroidered with satin straps. Jacket, satin lined, now blouse effect, all colors, worth \$25.00. Our price \$10.00.

N. B.—"Remember the Main" Features in Our Mammoth Establishment for These Two Days

ARE RARE BARGAINS.
BON MARCHE DRY GOODS CO.

GEN. BUTLER VOTA

The Gen. Butler Vota, and their engine, the City of Lowell, are getting in shape for their contents in which they compete. On May 22, they go to Nashua; June 1, June 17, and the field day at Portland in August. With their 2-6 1/2 and 2-7 1/2 inch pumps, they expect to give a good account of themselves.

They hope to let Lowell have a record breaker the same as it had in 1875 and 1876.

Their friends who attend the contests with them will be well cared for.

The mayor is calling the attention of heads of departments to the fact that their balances are rapidly dwindling and that they must have an eye on every penny through the year.

Our Up-to-Date Business Methods and Our Prices Have "Caught the Town."
The Great Bankrupt Clothing Sale Continues, Its Victorious March Sweeping Everything Before It.

We Have Secured the
ENTIRE STOCK

of another "Busted" Manufacturer and will have it for sale on

Saturday Morning

This sale will be particularly interesting because the maker produced only the finest goods for first-class city trade. He never put scissors into a piece of poor cloth or used inferior linings in his life, and we bought the goods at 50 cents on the dollar because he made his goods too well and failed to pay his debts. The assignee is using our ready cash to settle with his creditors.



Overshadowing all the regular dealers, overpowering everything in sight—it's the most ponderous achievement in the commercial history of the state. Never before have so many goods been sold by one firm in so short a time.

Remember

we are still selling the bankrupt stock of the Manufacturers' Relief Co., formerly T. D. Hartford and shall continue to slaughter it until it is all gone. This week we have still further reduced the prices until we can confidently assert that we are showing the most stupendous bargains that can be conceived of in fine clothing for man or boy.

About 100 of these Wool Suits which have created such a sensation left, at \$2.98.

One lot of new styled spring Suits in up-to-date Plaids, only \$3.98.

10 styles of All-wool Suits in Plaids, Stripes, Checks, or Mixtures, Light or Medium Dark Color, light and medium weights, good value anywhere at \$8.00 and \$10.00. Price made specially for this week, \$4.98.

The largest assortment of styles and

the best quality of cloths, with great superiority of making and trimmings in the line of suits we are selling \$6.90.

100 Clay Worsted Black Dress Suits in frocks and sacks, regular \$12.00 quality, while they last \$7.69.

Youths' Long Pants Suits, made and trimmed in the most thorough manner with an eye to durability—dainty styles for the larger boys. Prices from 98c. to \$2.98.

A tremendous variety of Men's Pants and every pair sold under price.

200 pairs Working Pants, 98c.

1000 pairs Worsted Plaids and Stripes for dress wear, \$1.90, \$2.49, \$2.98.

All the new styles in Silk and Soft Hats. Every lot sold at a guaranteed price of 50 cents less than any other store will sell same quality.

20 new patterns in Fancy Shirts with collars and cuffs. We confidently pro-

nounce this the greatest bargain shown this season at 39c.

Halbriggan Underwear, 19c.

French Halbriggan Underwear, 29c.

Medium Weight Underwear, 39c.

Extra Bargains in Socks, 8c.

25c. Neckwear, 19c.

50c. Neckwear, 29c.

75c. Neckwear, 39c.

50c. Overalls, 39c.

To give all a fair chance we will keep open every evening till further notice until 9.30. Saturdays, 11 o'clock.

T. H. LANE & COMPANY,
Cash Buyers and Sellers of
Manufacturers' Stocks
Of Men's Clothing, Hats and Furnishing Goods.

We pay car fare to out-of-town customers who purchase a fair amount of goods and save them a day's wages on every suit.

OLD BOSTON & MAINE DEPOT, CENTRAL ST.,
LOWELL, MASS.

DENTIST
DR. COLEMAN
21 N. B. ST.